

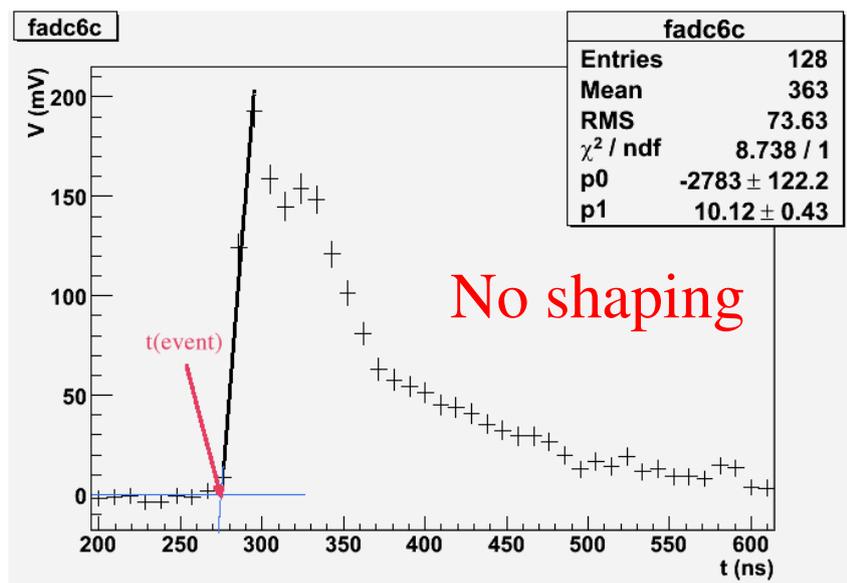
# Update on Shaping Studies

Simon Taylor

Ohio University

(in collaboration with Gerard Visser (IUCF))

- Motivation: determine optimum method for extracting time from FADC data
  - Determine slowest usable sampling rate to obtain  $\sim 1$  ns resolution
  - Previous studies hampered by mismatch between sampling rate and rise time
- Method: compare FADC time to TDC time (from leading edge discriminator)



Previous results:

linear extrapolation method

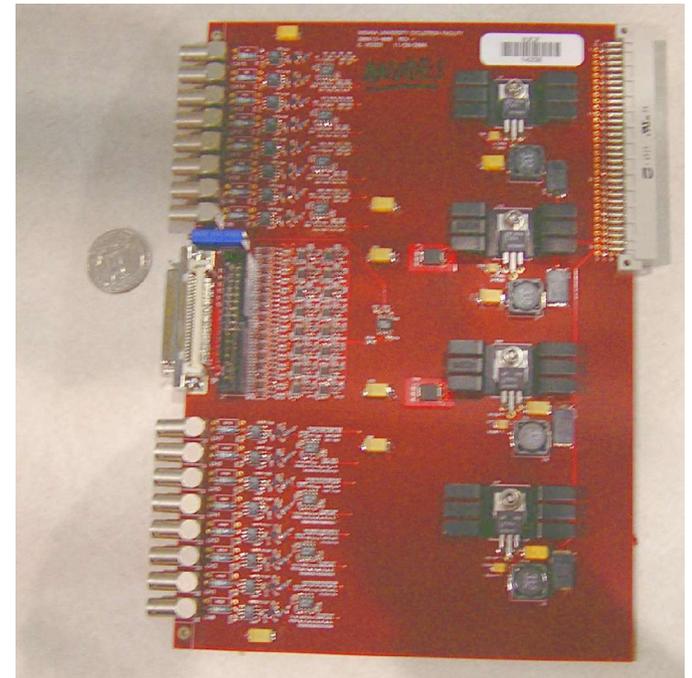
$$\sigma_t = 4.52 \text{ ns}$$

Pulse shape model

$$\sigma_t = 4.22 \text{ ns}$$

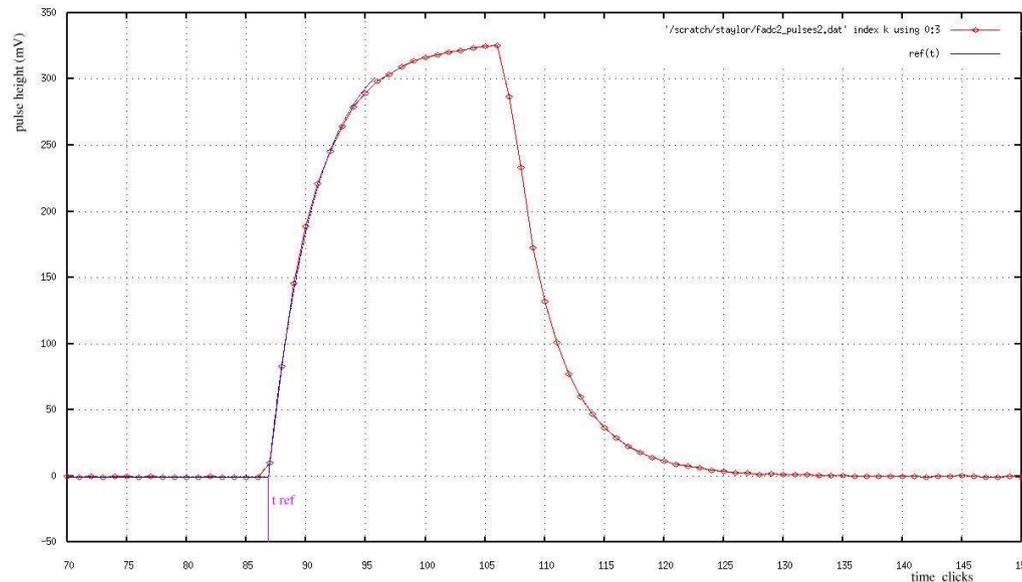
# Shaping signals and FADC readout

- Two 8-channel Struck Flash-ADC modules:
  - SIS3300 (100 MS/s internal clock): 7 adjacent strips
  - SIS3320 (200 MS/s internal clock): 7 adjacent wires
- External clock source (currently set to 100 MHz)
  
- Amplifier-shaper modules (Gerard Visser)
  - Shape pulse for more samples in leading edge
  - Two gain settings (cathode =  $5 \times$  anode)
  - $\sim 28$  ns peaking time
  - Tail cancellation



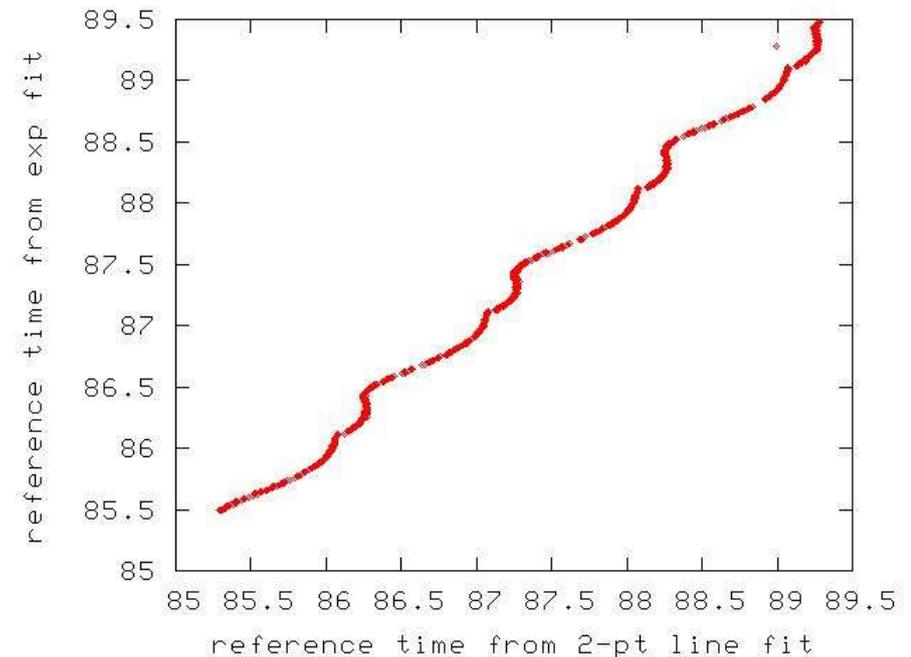
# Reference Pulse

- Trigger signal connected to first readout channel in each FADC
  - Purpose: determine phase with respect to the FADC clock
  - NIM pulse shaped by filter to slow down leading edge



Linear method leads to clock-rate artifacts...

- Reference time algorithm:
  - Simple: linear fit
  - Better: exponential fit

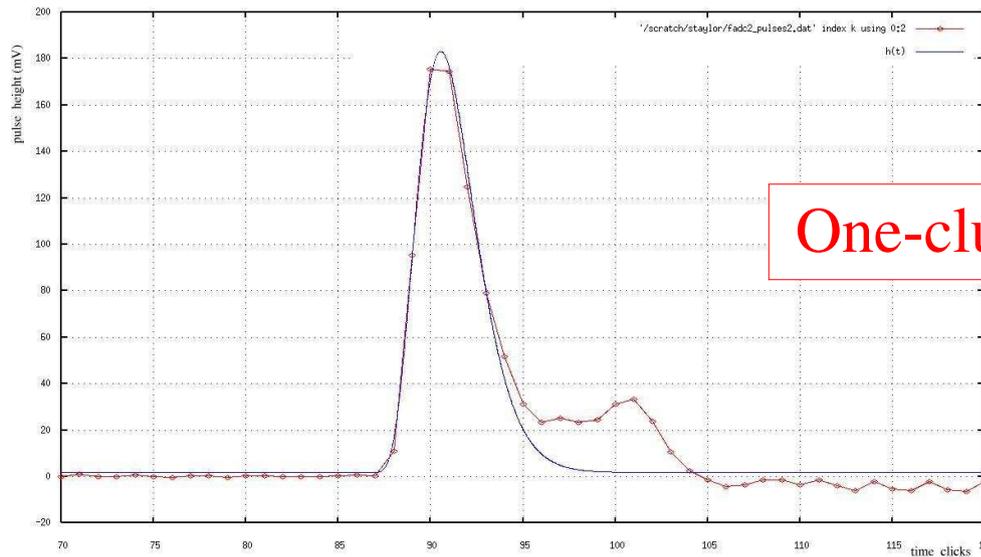


# Shaped Anode Signals

Pulse shape model:

(each cluster)

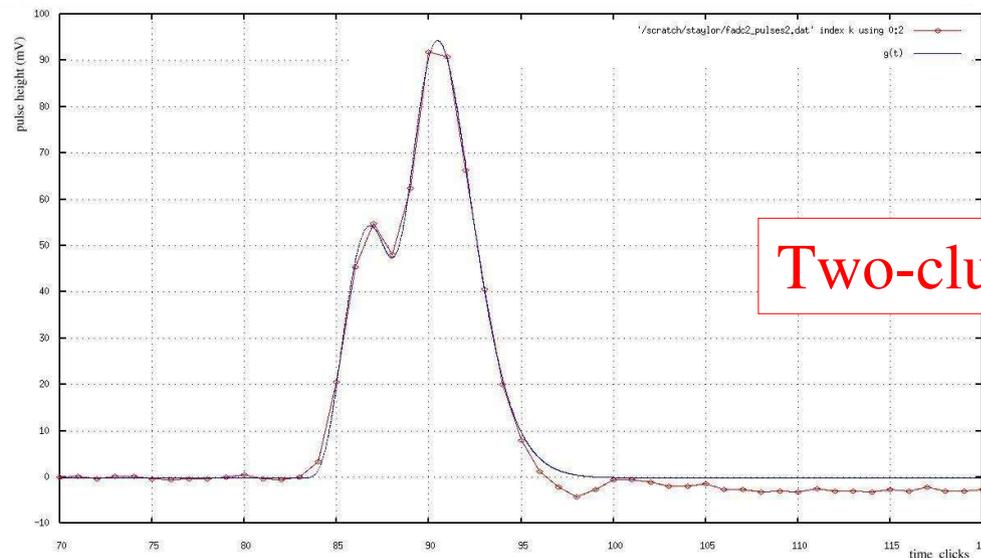
$$V(t) = V_b + (V_{max} - V_b)e^{p-(t-t_0)/\tau} \left( \frac{t - t_0}{p\tau} \right)^p$$



One-cluster fit

Gerard's studies:

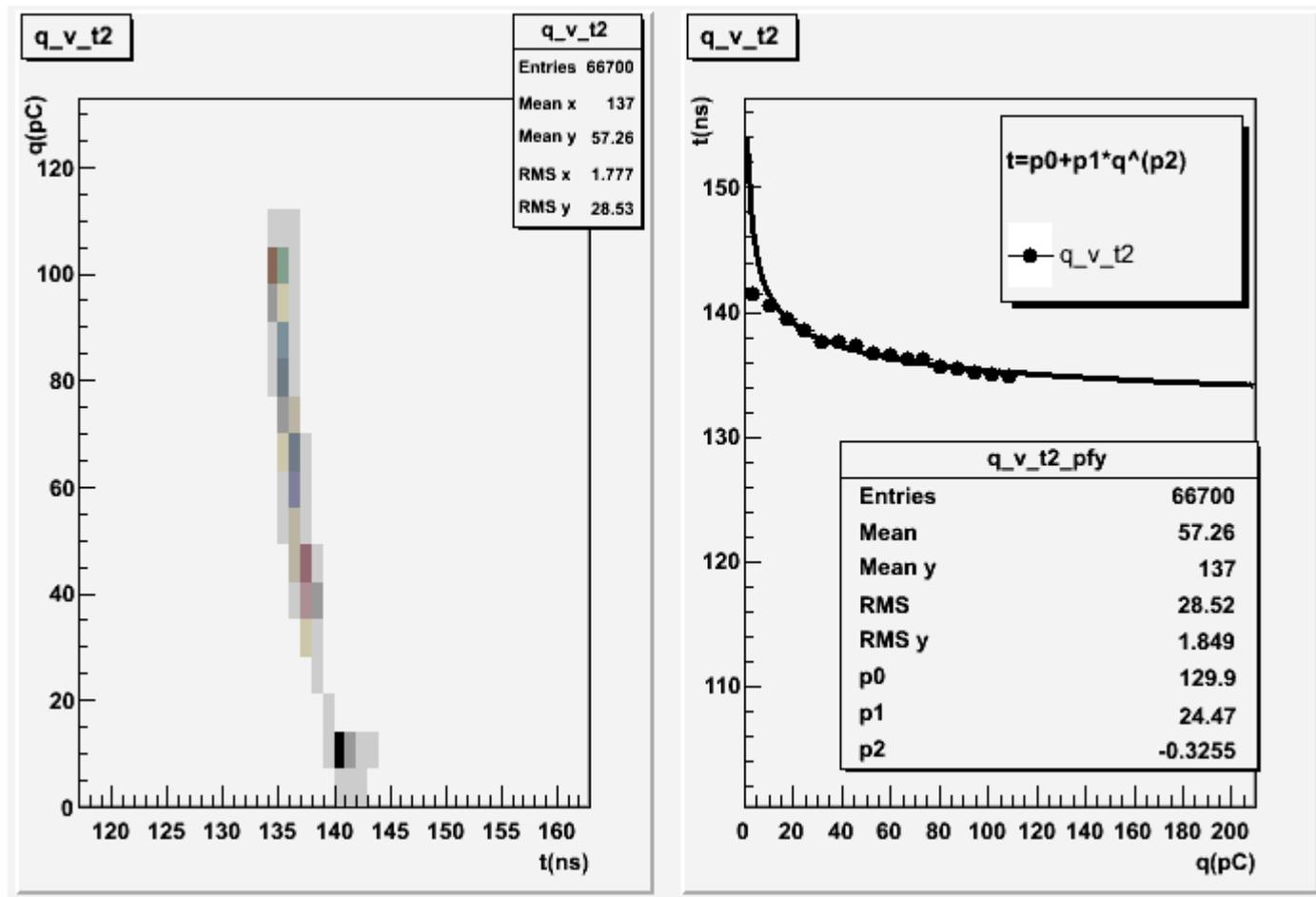
$$p=5.79, \tau=6.59 \text{ ns}$$



Two-cluster fit

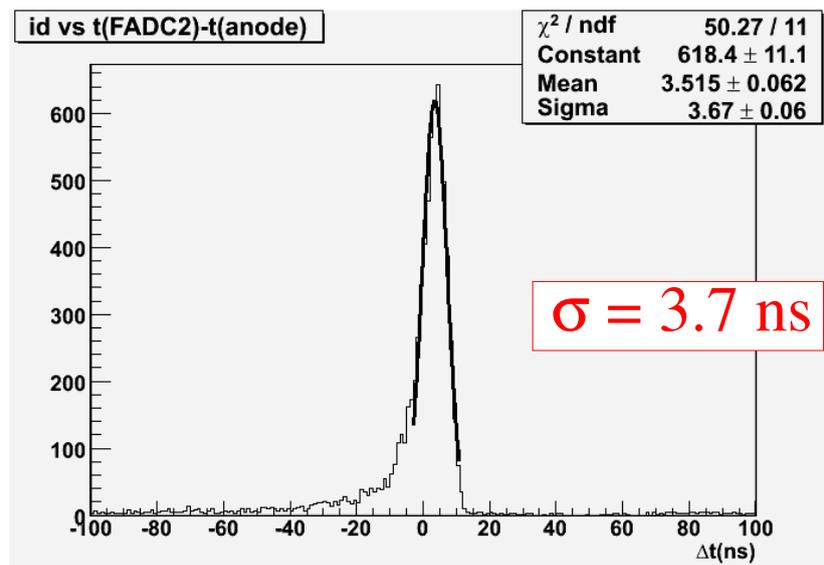
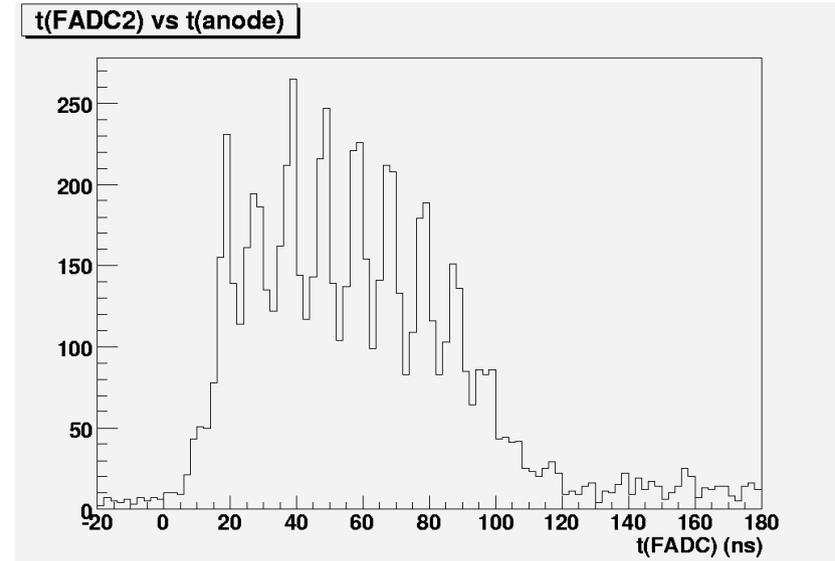
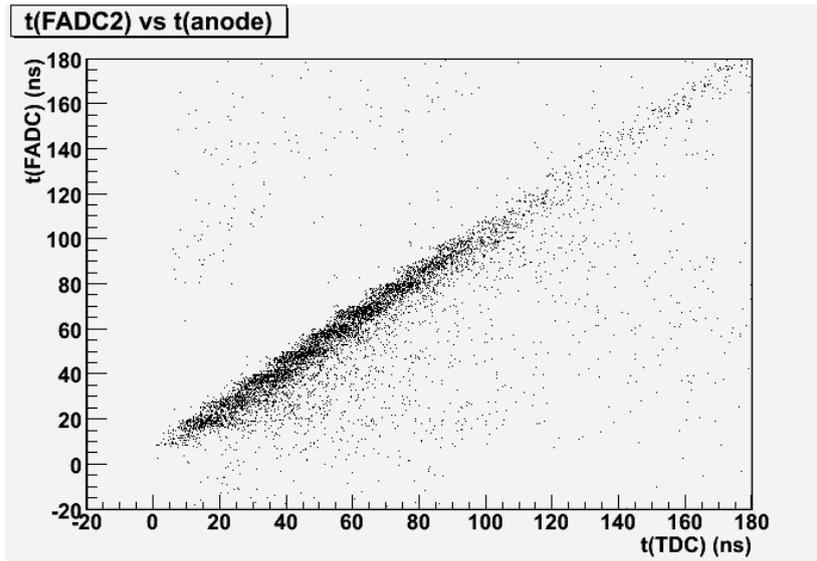
# Time walk

- Timing from leading edge discriminators depends on pulse height  
→ **time walk**
- FADC charge data can be used to correct the timing from the discriminator



# Timing results, linear method

- Simple algorithm for both reference pulses and anode signals
  - Use first 3 samples in leading edge, extrapolate to crossing of baseline



- Echoes of clock time structure remain
  - Linear extrapolation method not sufficient