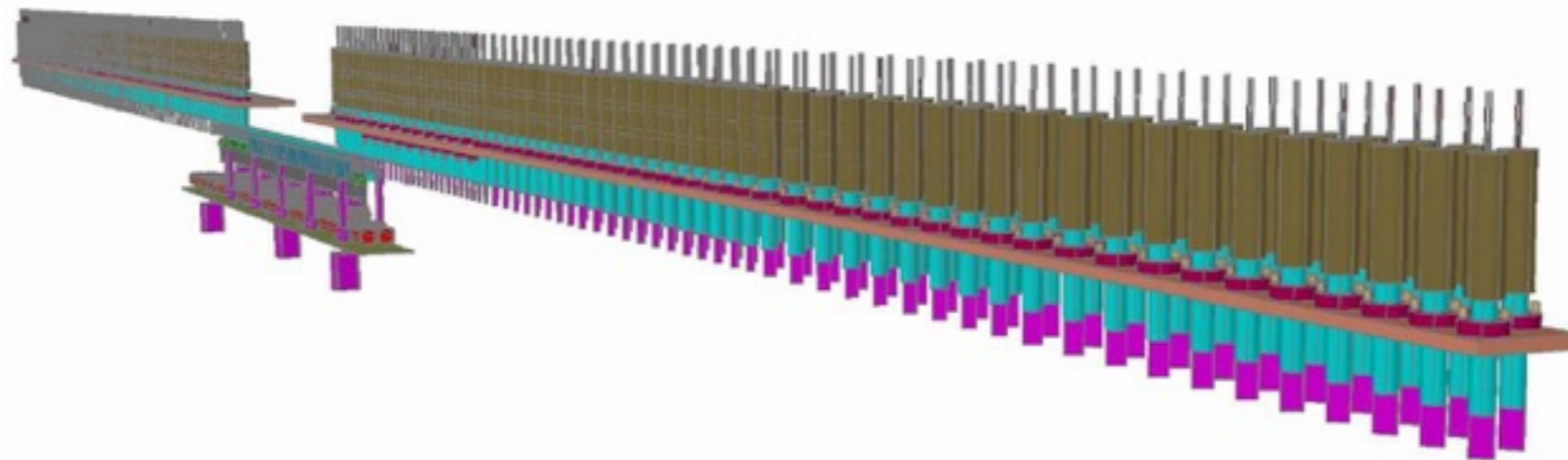


TAGH Update

Nathan Sparks
CUA
GlueX Collaboration Meeting
May 12, 2015



Outline

- High-rate commissioning with Spring data
- Timing calibrations
- Preliminary tagging efficiencies

High-rate commissioning

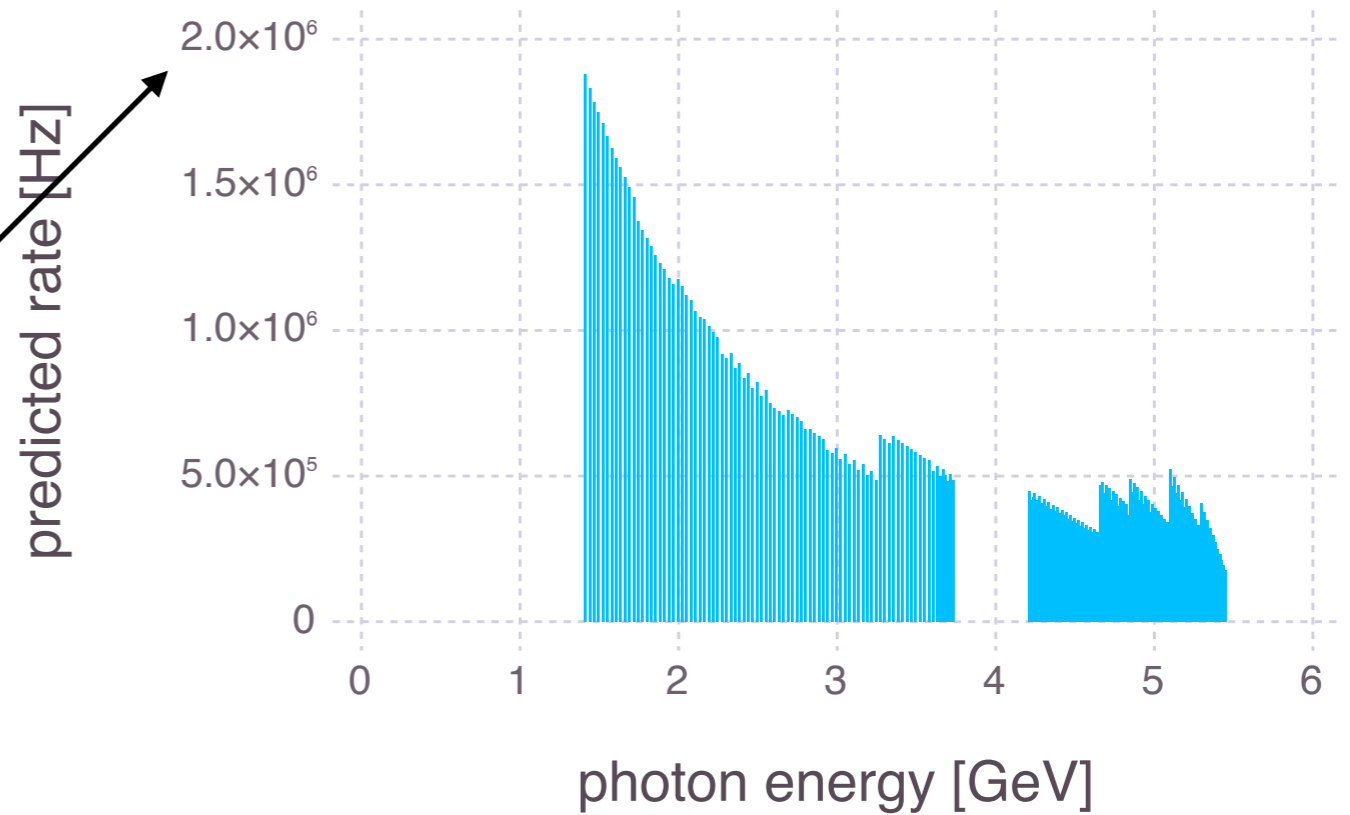
- Many Fall runs taken with $2e-5$ RL radiator, 50 nA
- First real taste of high rates with [diamonds](#) this Spring
- 50 micron : $3.3e-4$ RL, and I from 10-100 nA
- Roughly, expect photon multiplicities of 10 to 50 times larger than typical Fall runs

$$\text{Rate} \approx \frac{I}{e} \times \text{th} \left(\frac{4}{3} \log \left(\frac{x_2}{x_1} \right) - \frac{4}{3} (x_2 - x_1) + \frac{(x_2^2 - x_1^2)}{2} \right)$$

TAGH predicted rates

$$x = k / E0$$

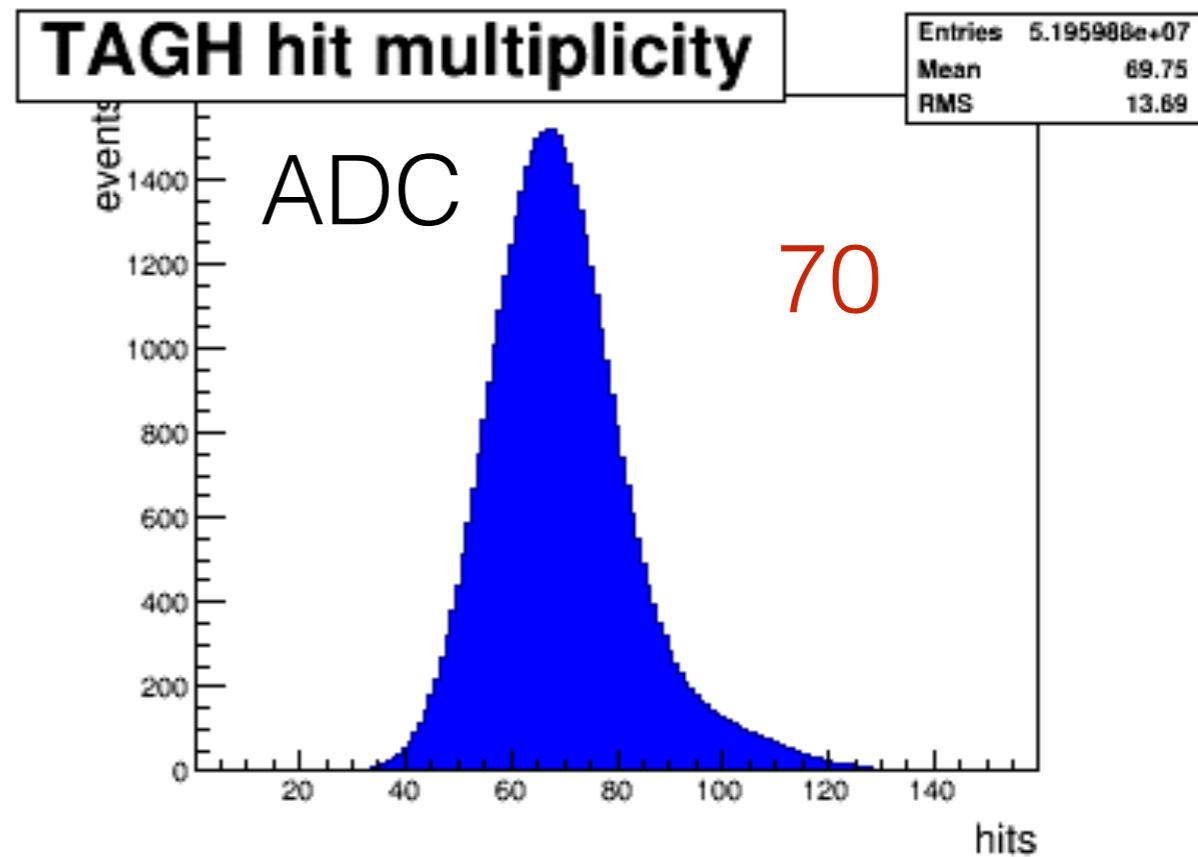
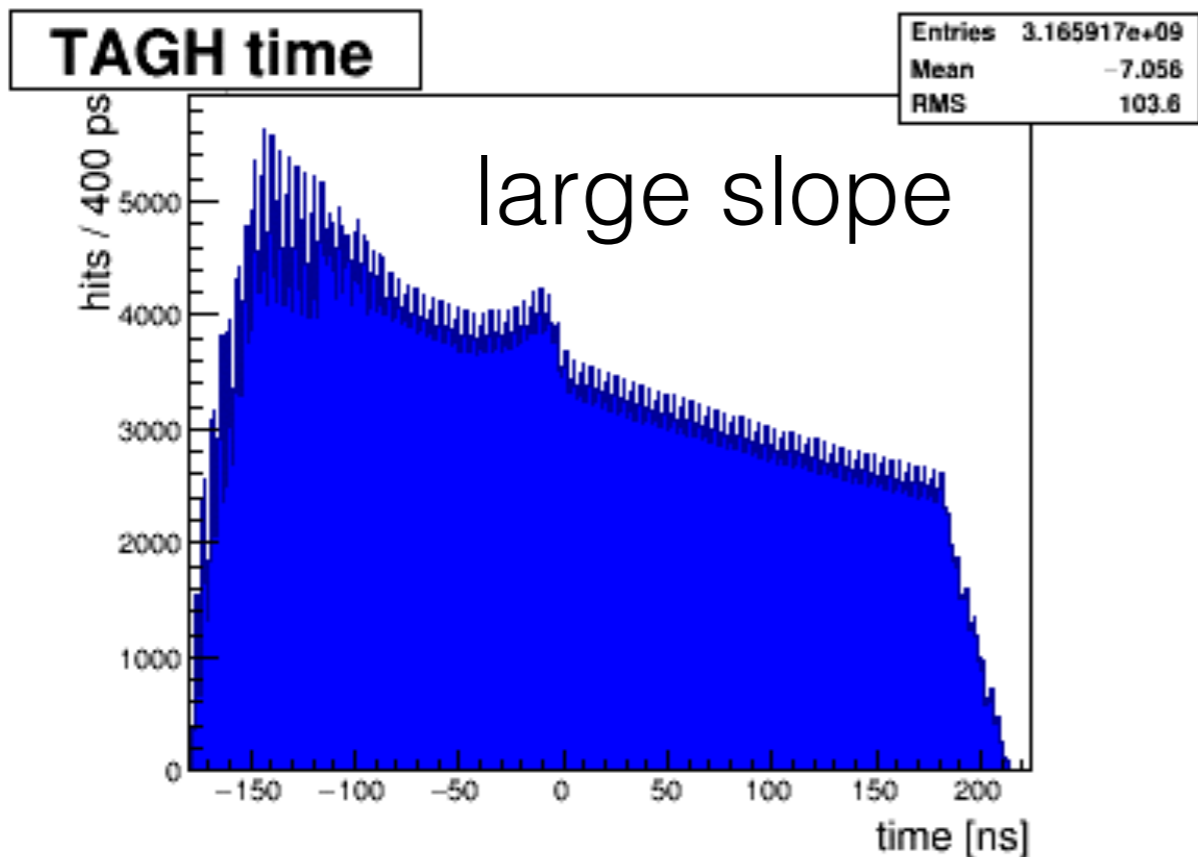
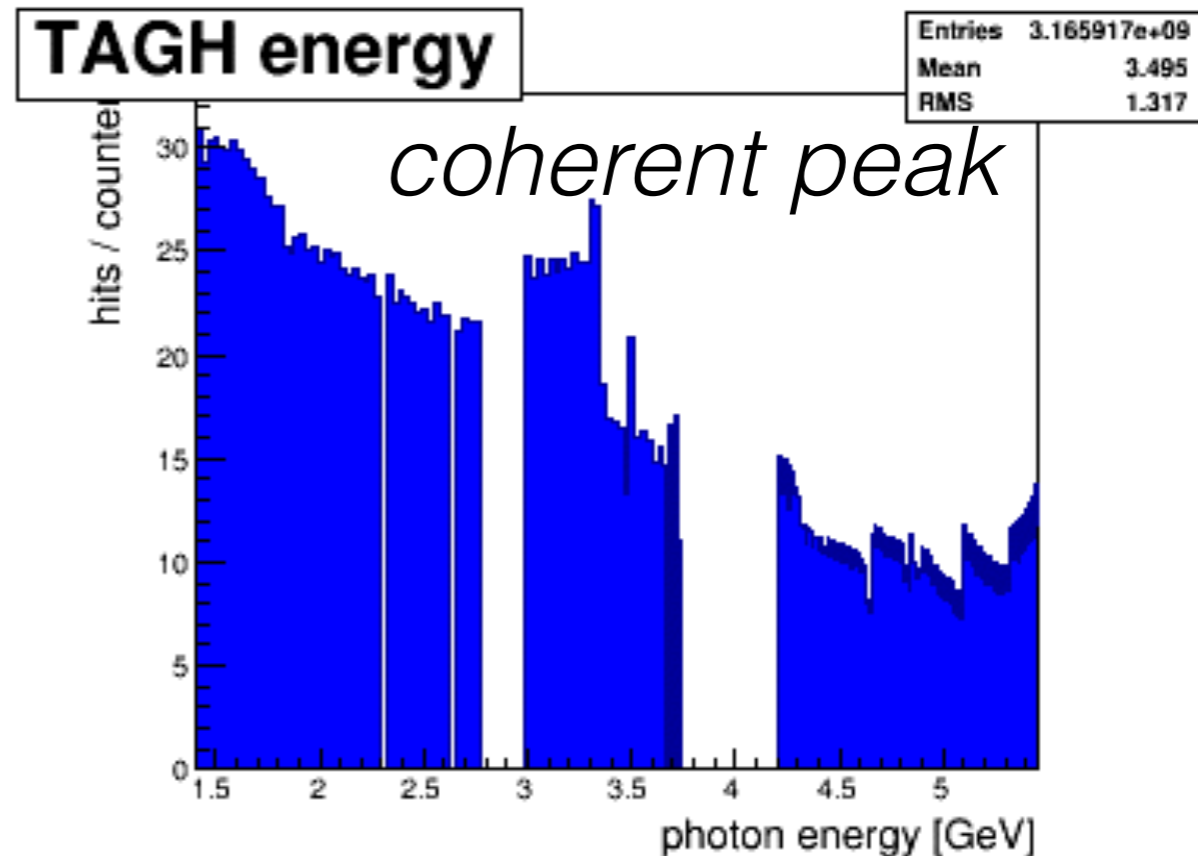
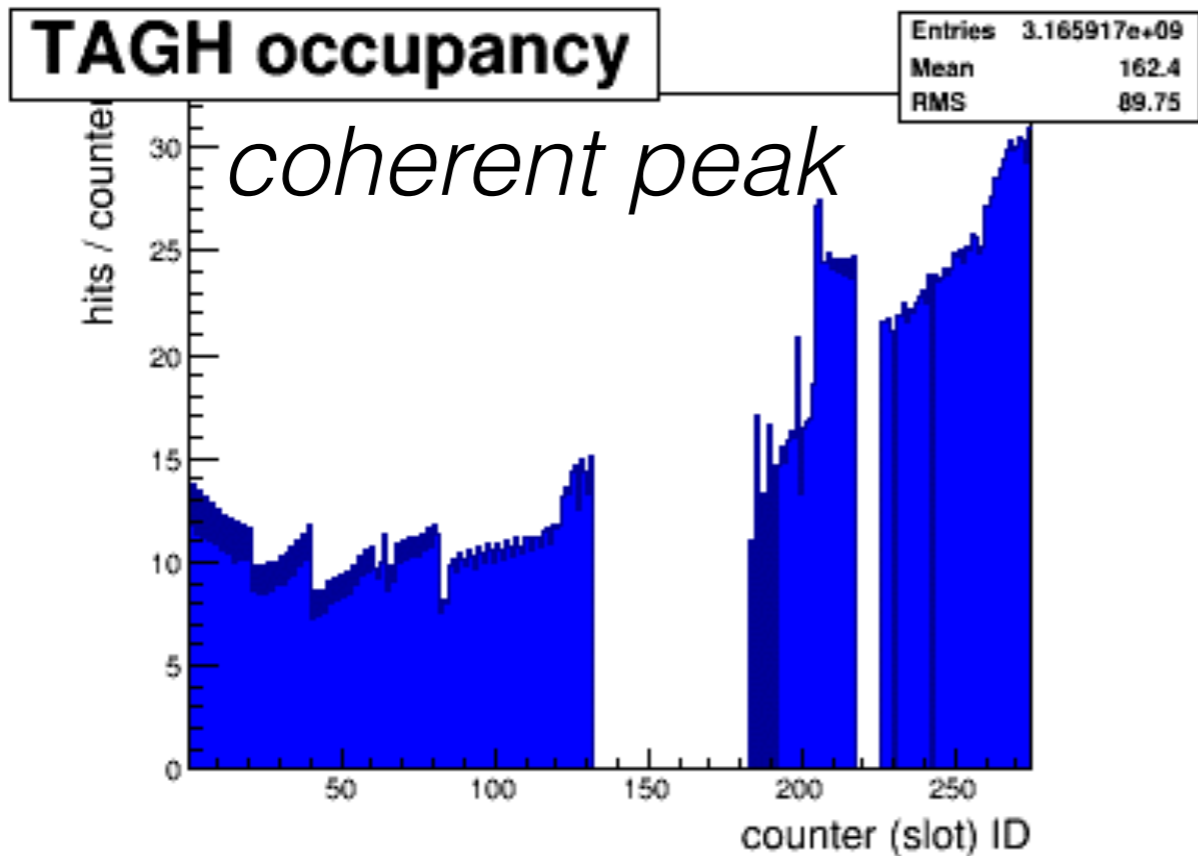
- predicted rates for
 $I = 100 \text{ nA}$,
 $\text{th} = 3.3\text{e-}4 \text{ RL}$



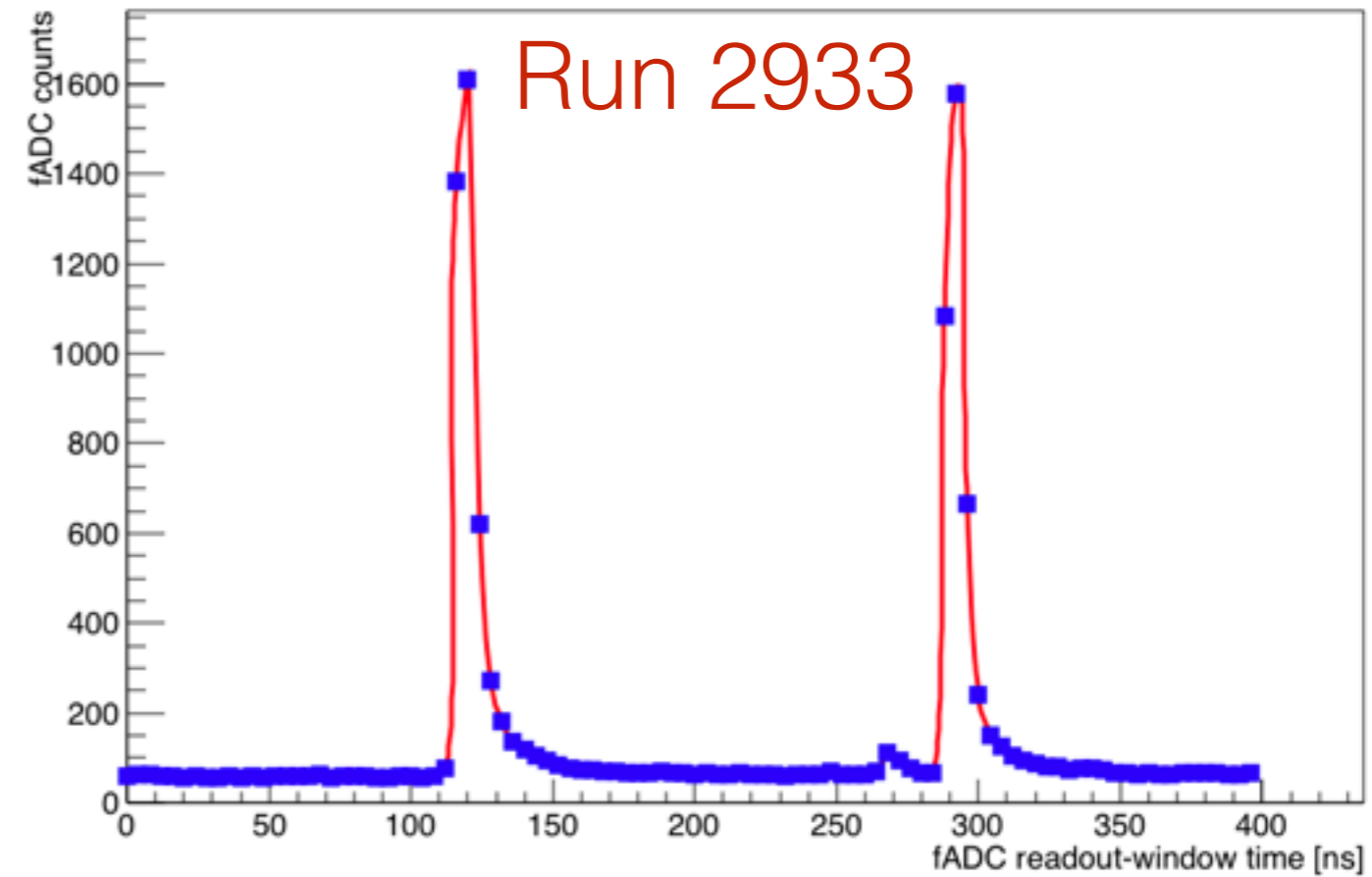
TAGH rate estimates

radiator (RL)	current (nA)	rate (MHz)	multiplicity
2E-05	50	3.8 (1.4)	1.5 (0.6)
3.3E-04	100	126 (48)	50 (19)
1E-04	1100	419 (159)	168 (64)

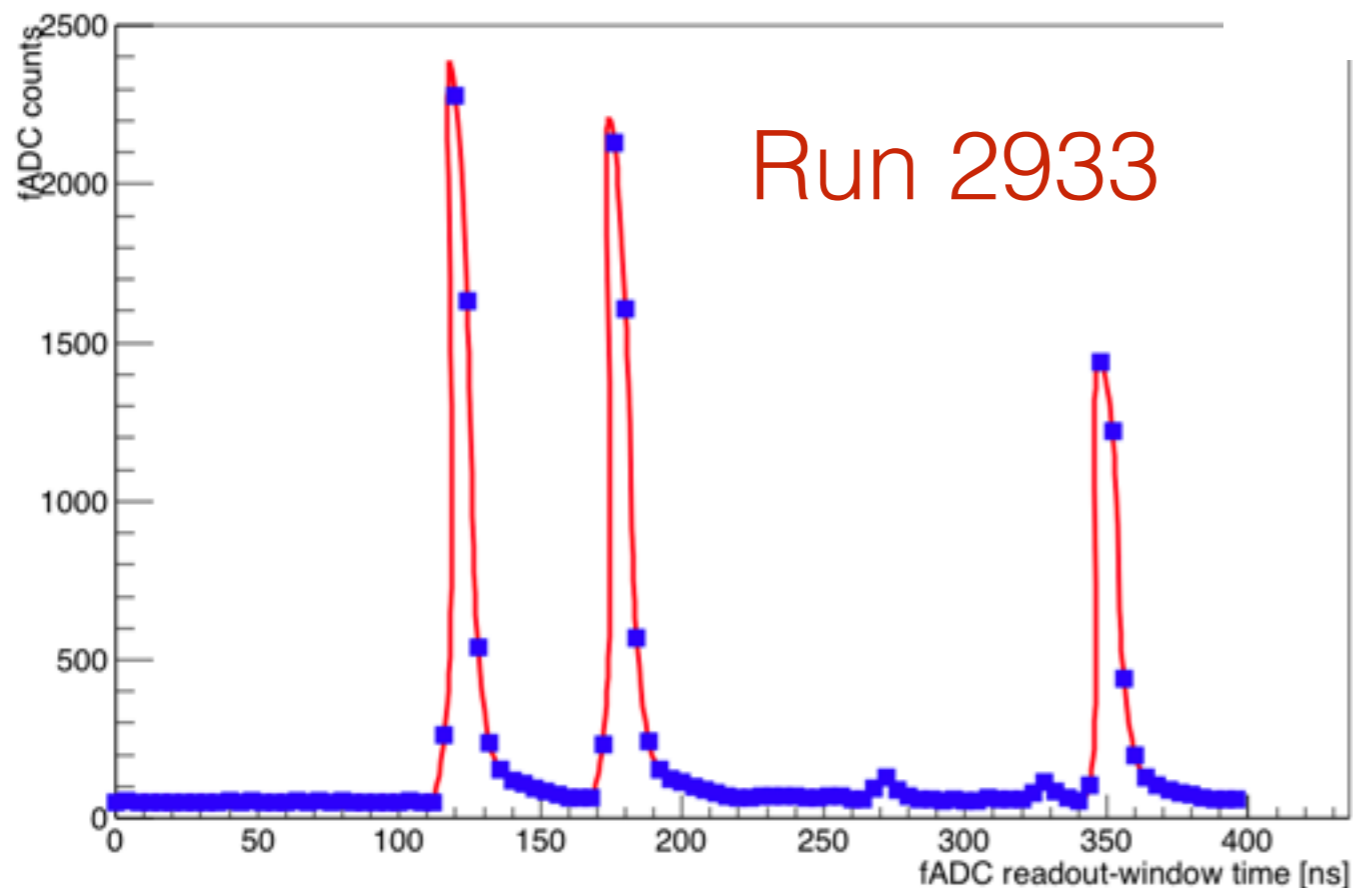
400 ns



- Default peak finding mode set to $N_{\text{peak}} = 1$ for most runs (as 2931)
- Explains slope in fADC timing (earlier peak)



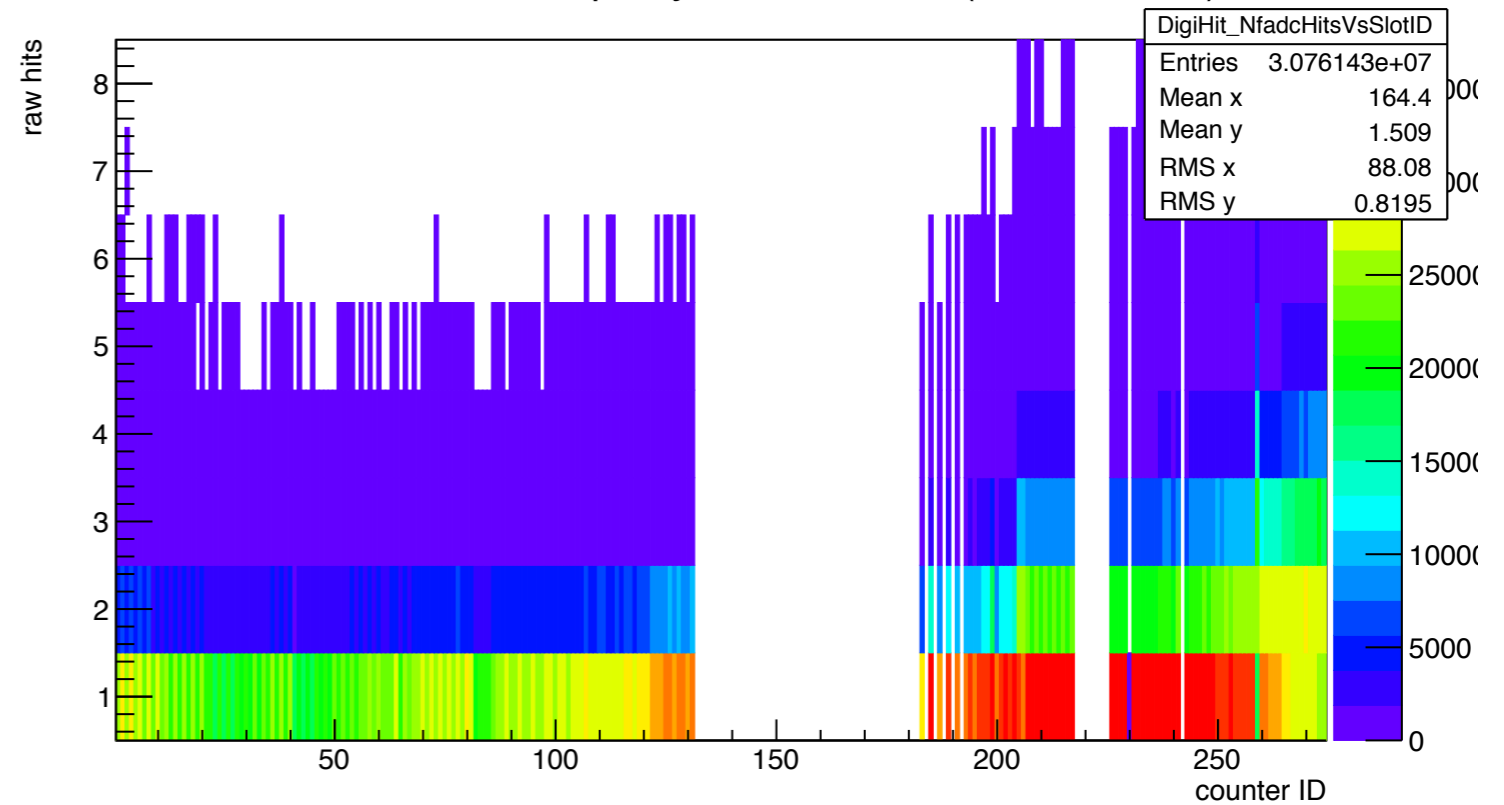
TAGH event 21, hit 5, counter 252: (slot,channel) = (18,2)



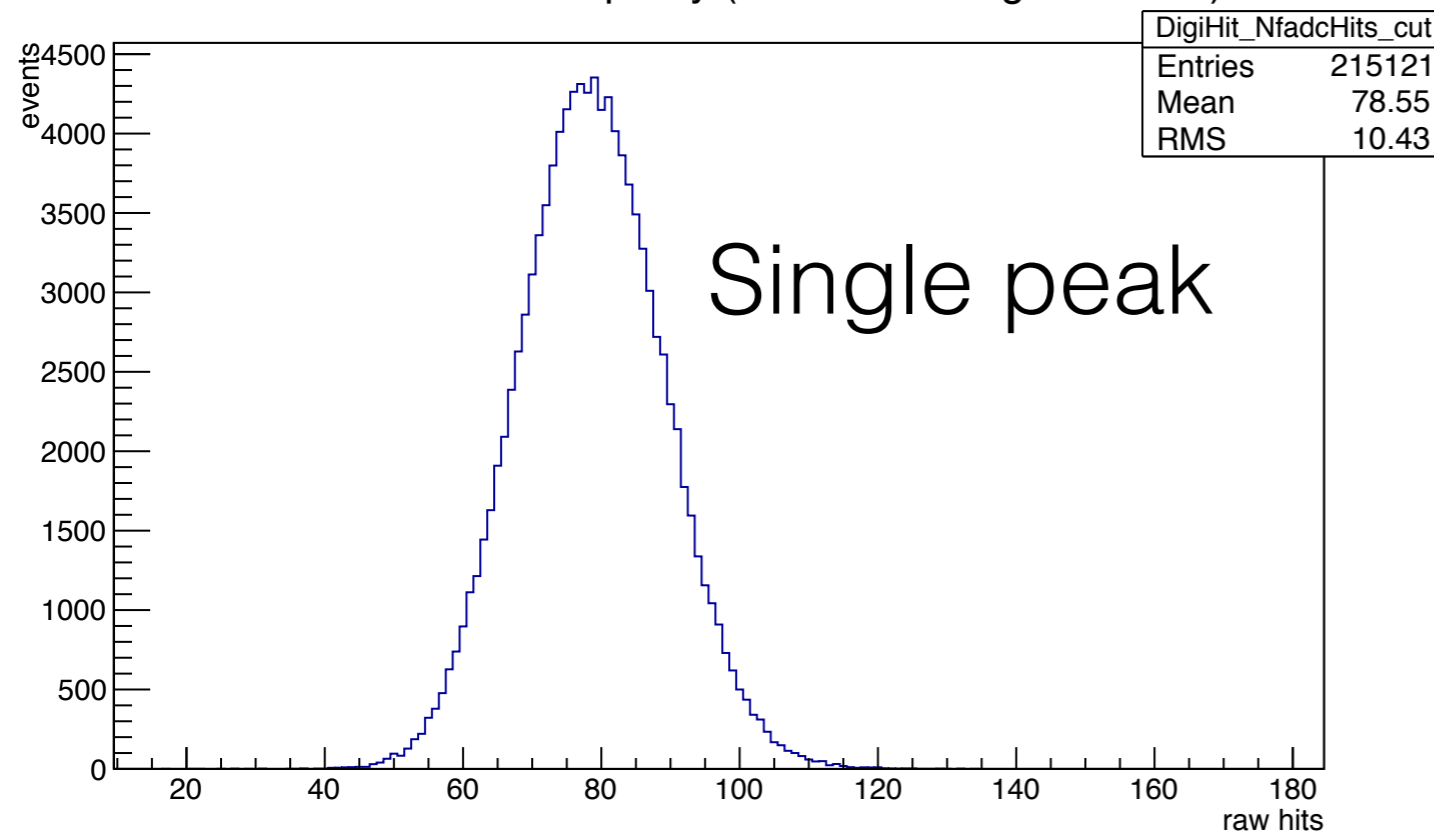
- Some later runs were taken with $N_{\text{peak}} = 3$
- Need to check that the firmware works correctly

- Run 2933 (m8)
- count multiple peaks in software

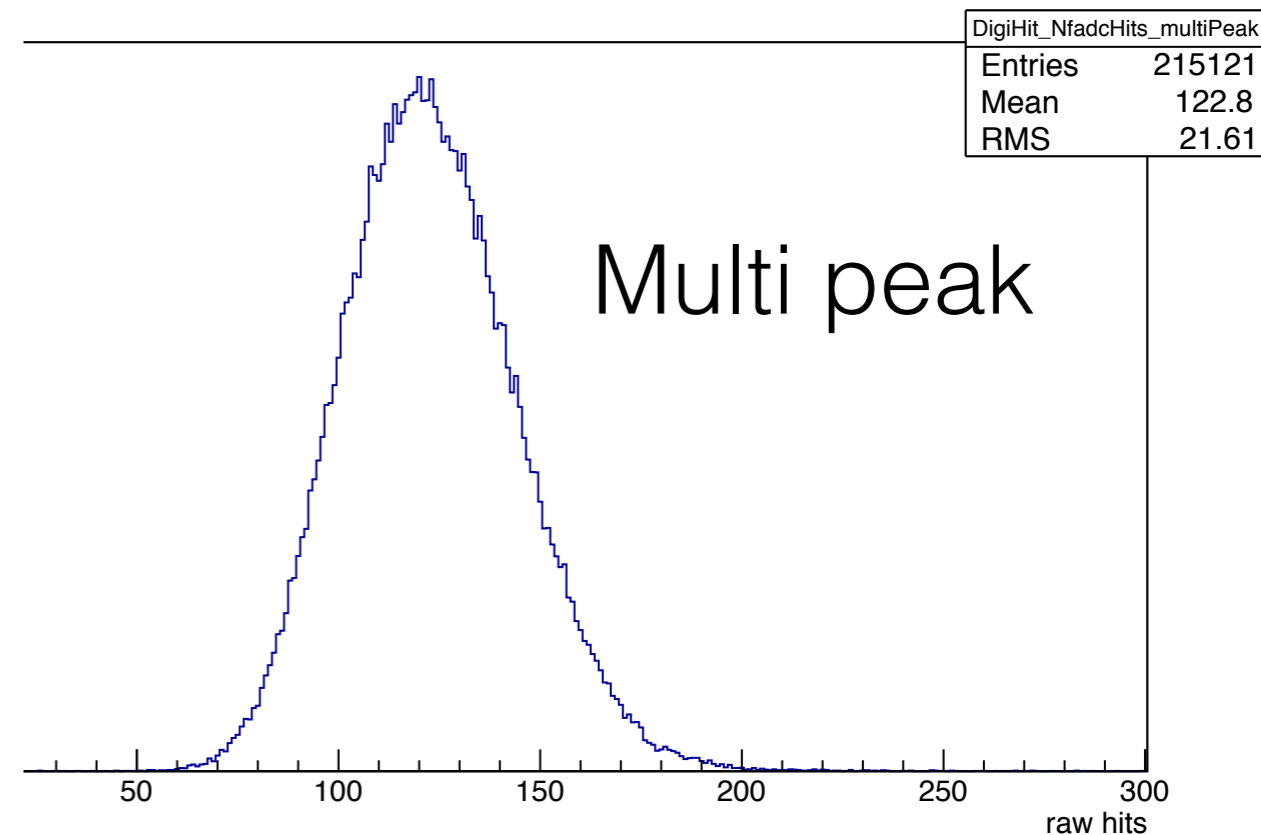
TAGH fADC hit multiplicity vs. counter ID (> 400 counts)



TAGH fADC hit multiplicity (> 1k ADC integral counts)



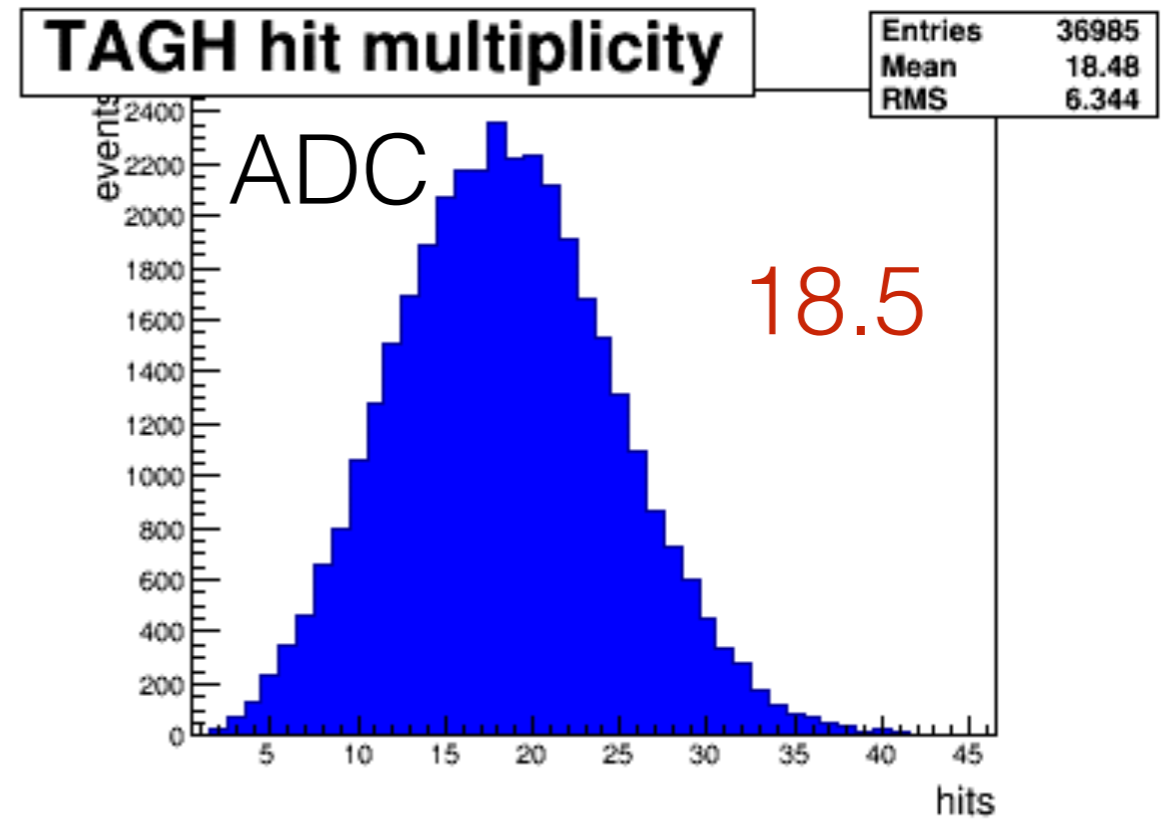
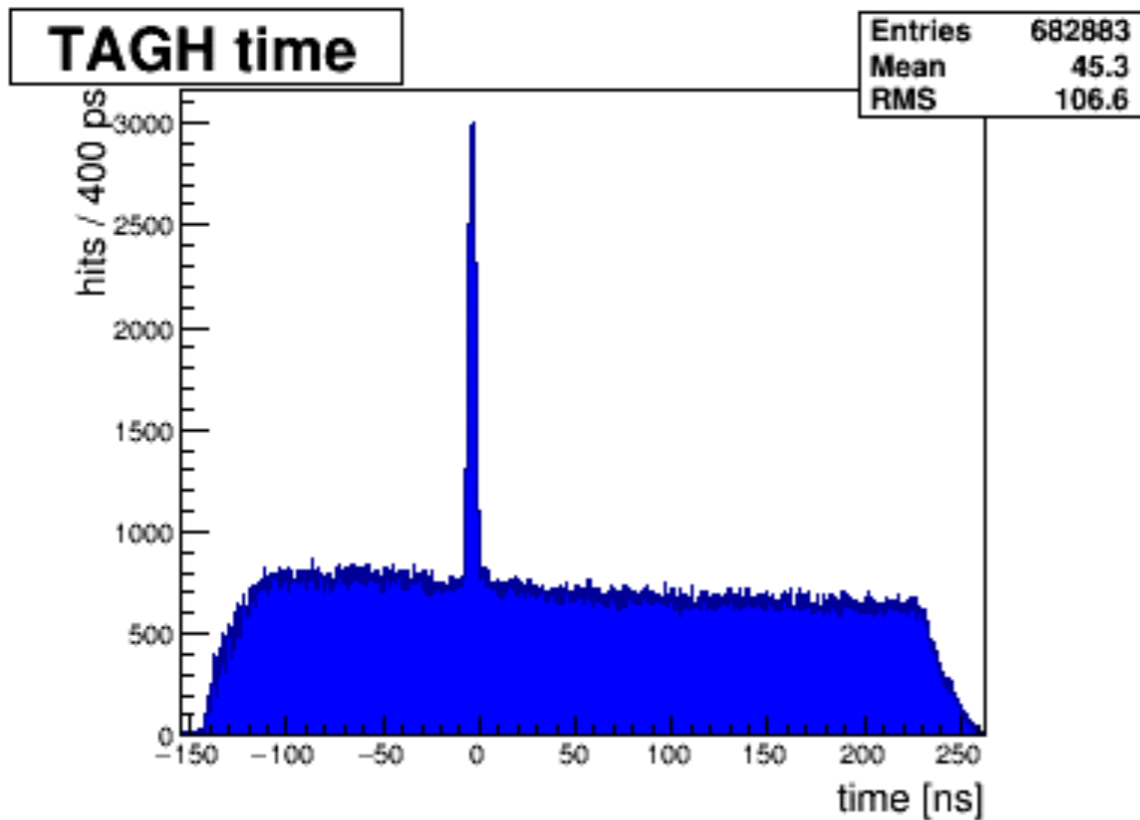
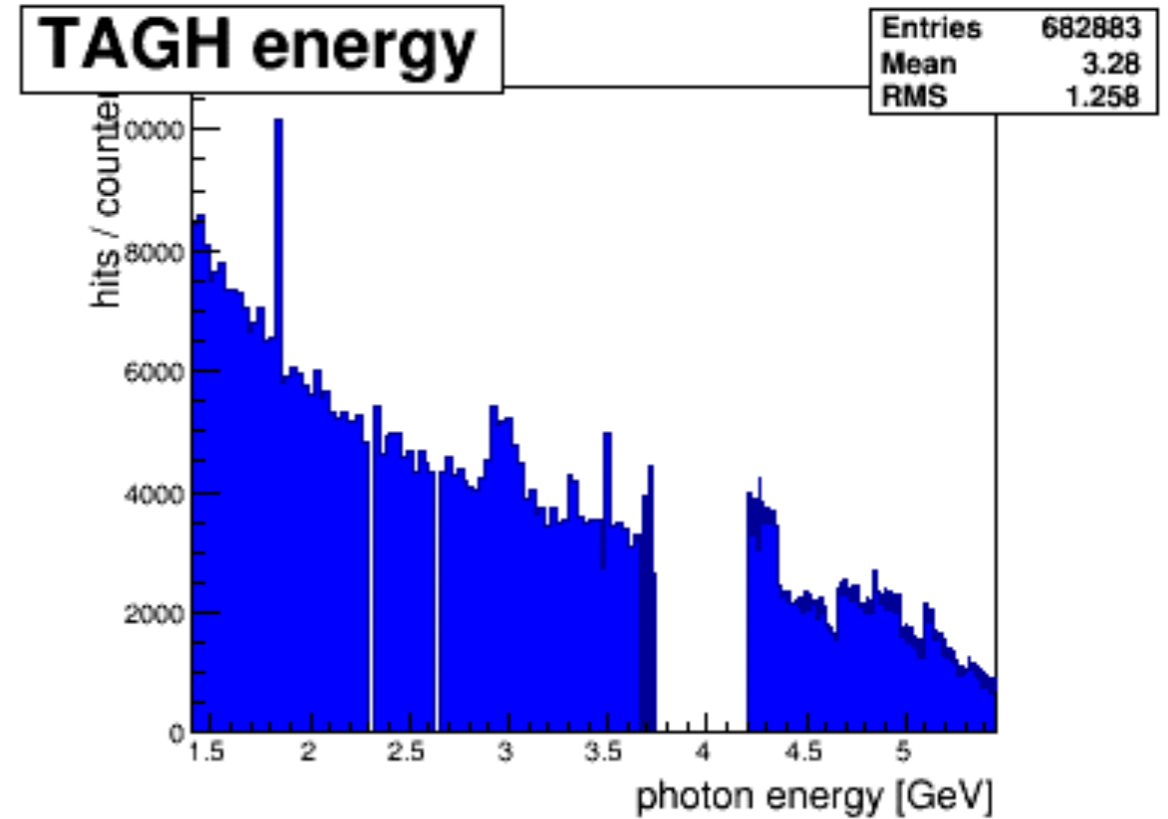
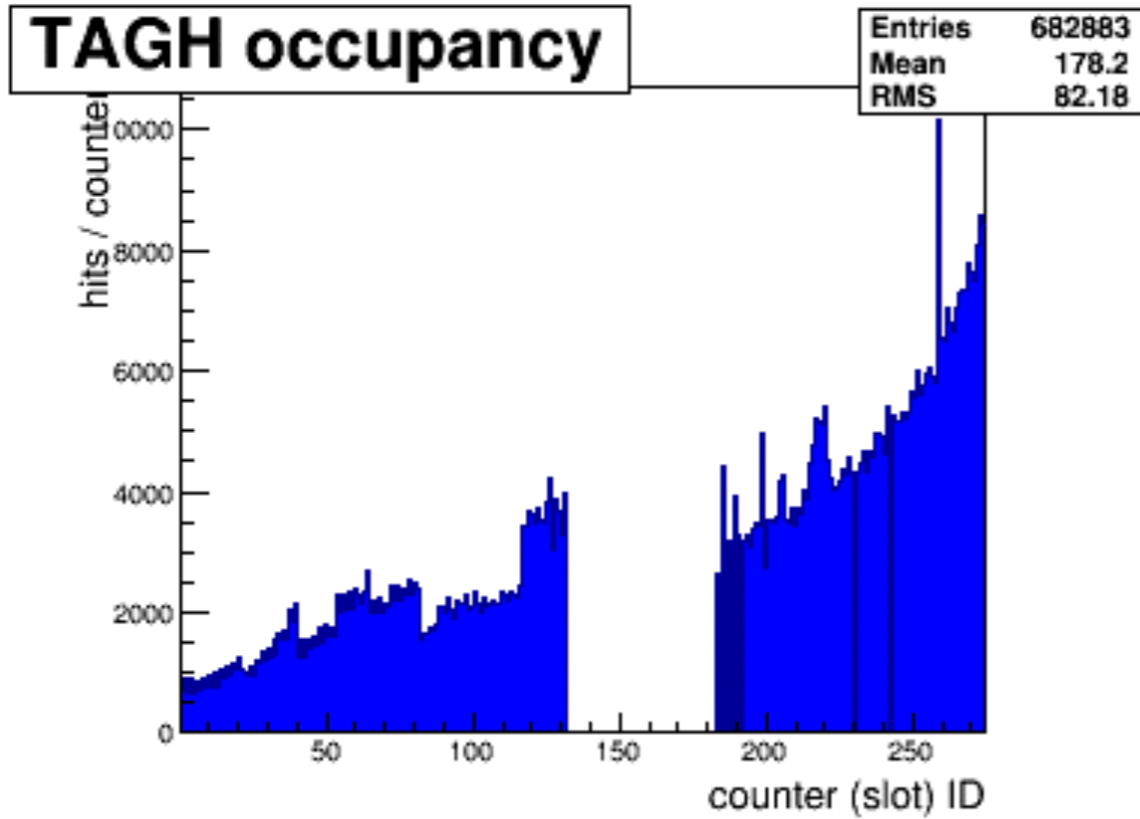
TAGH fADC hit multiplicity (> 400 counts, multiple peaks allowed)

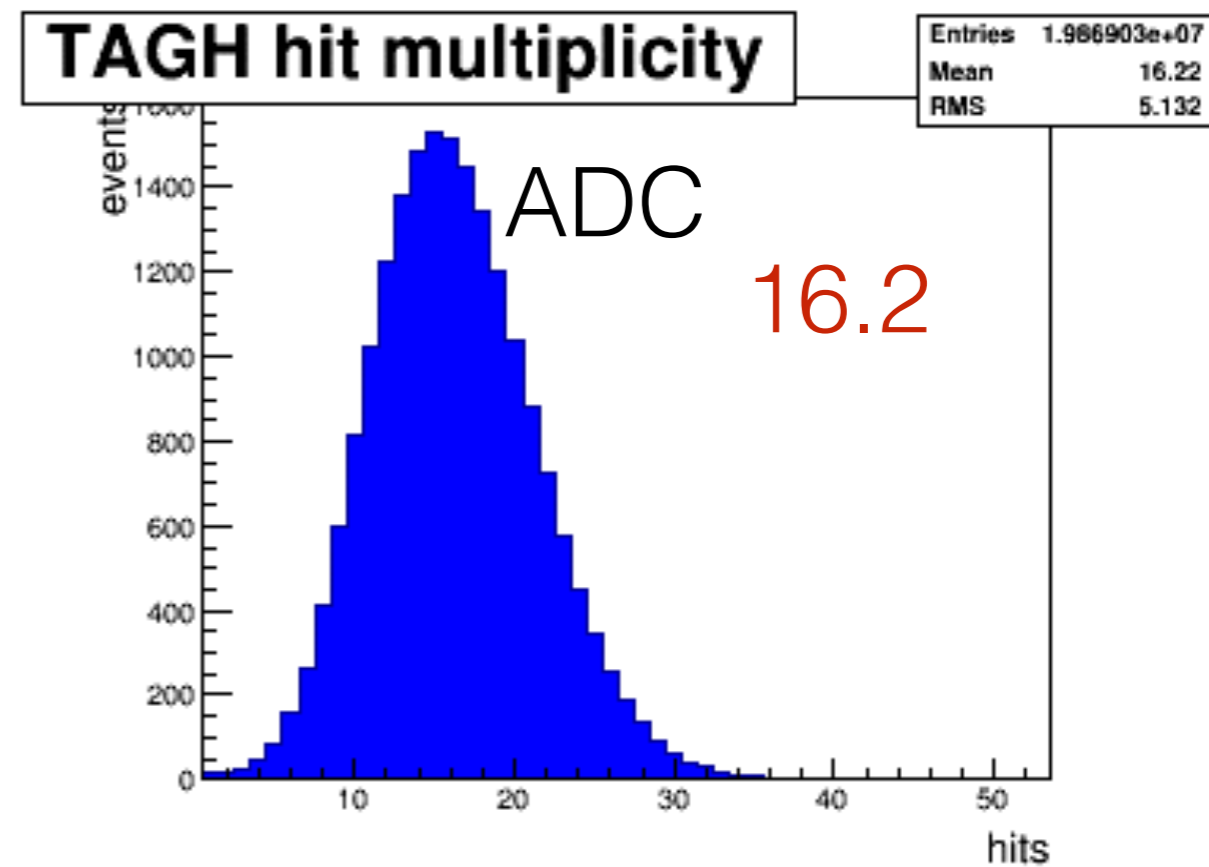
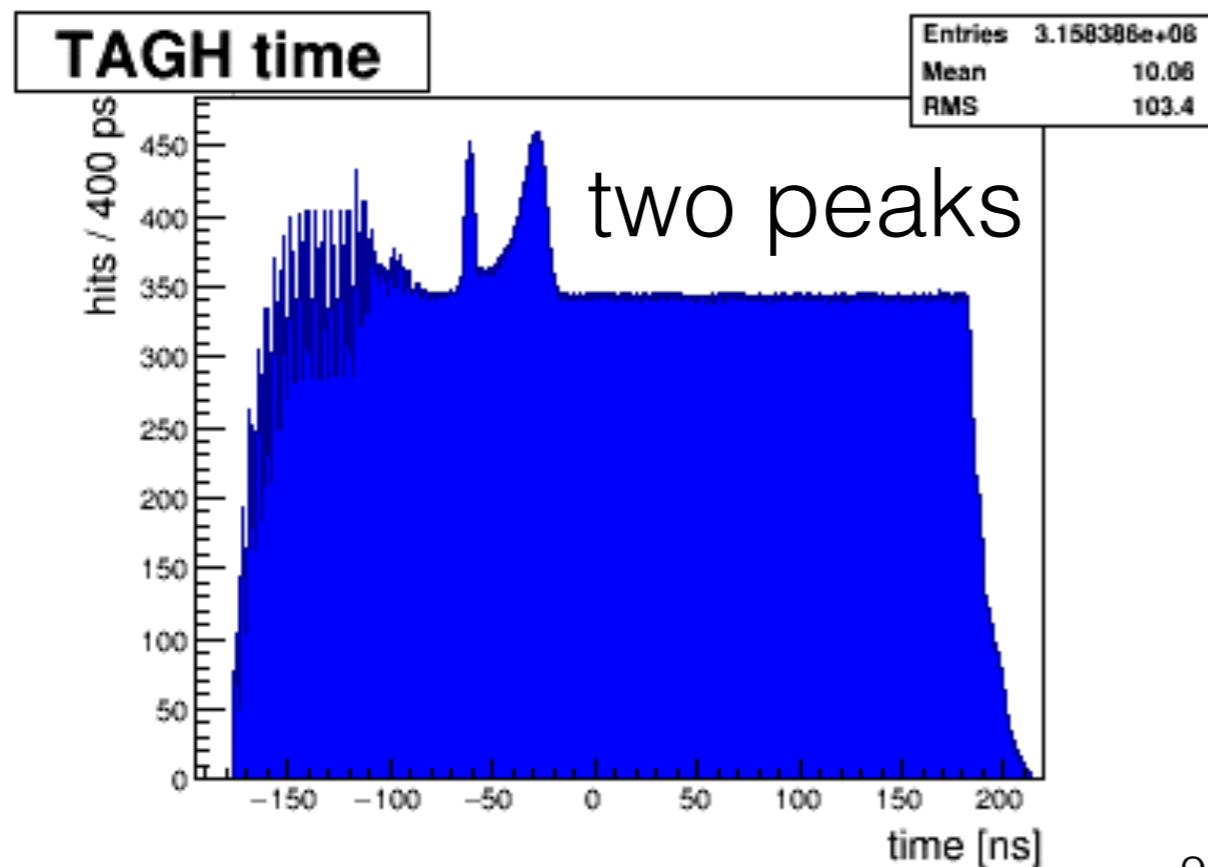
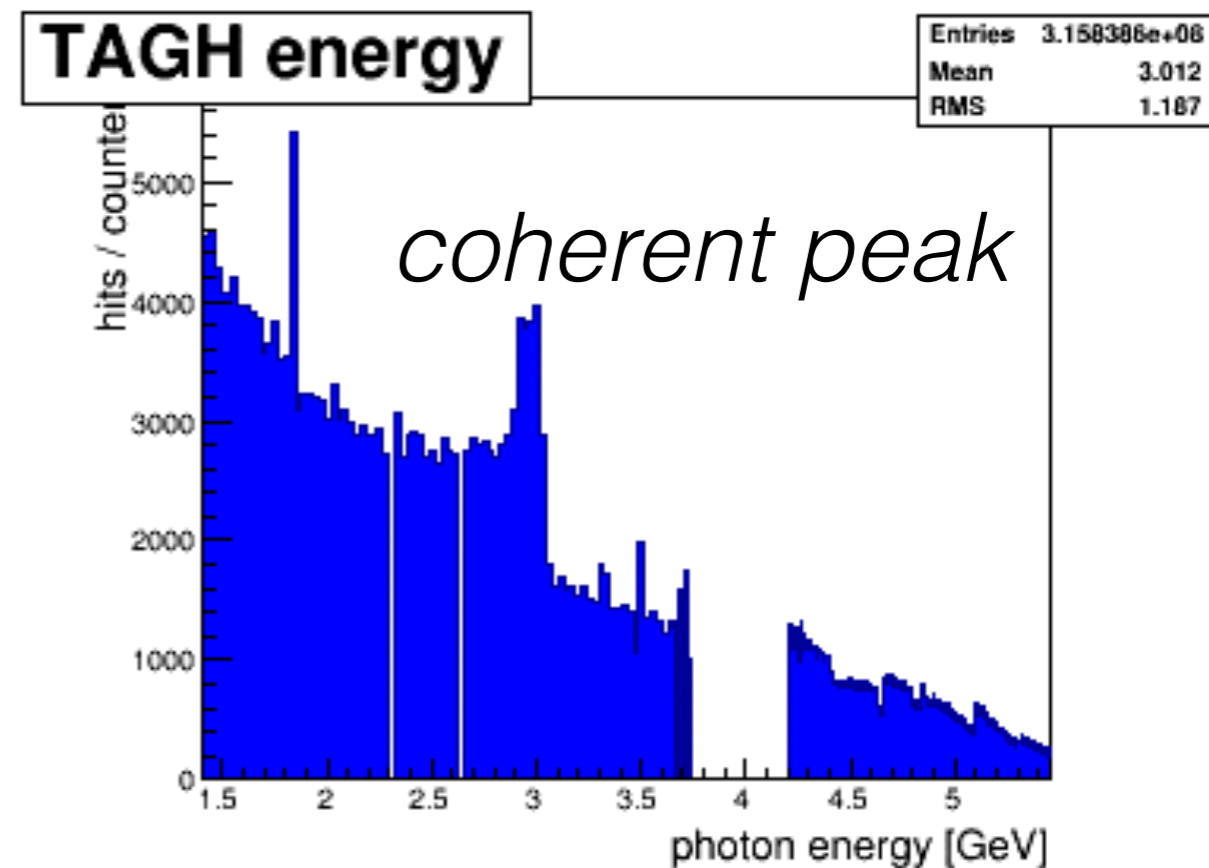
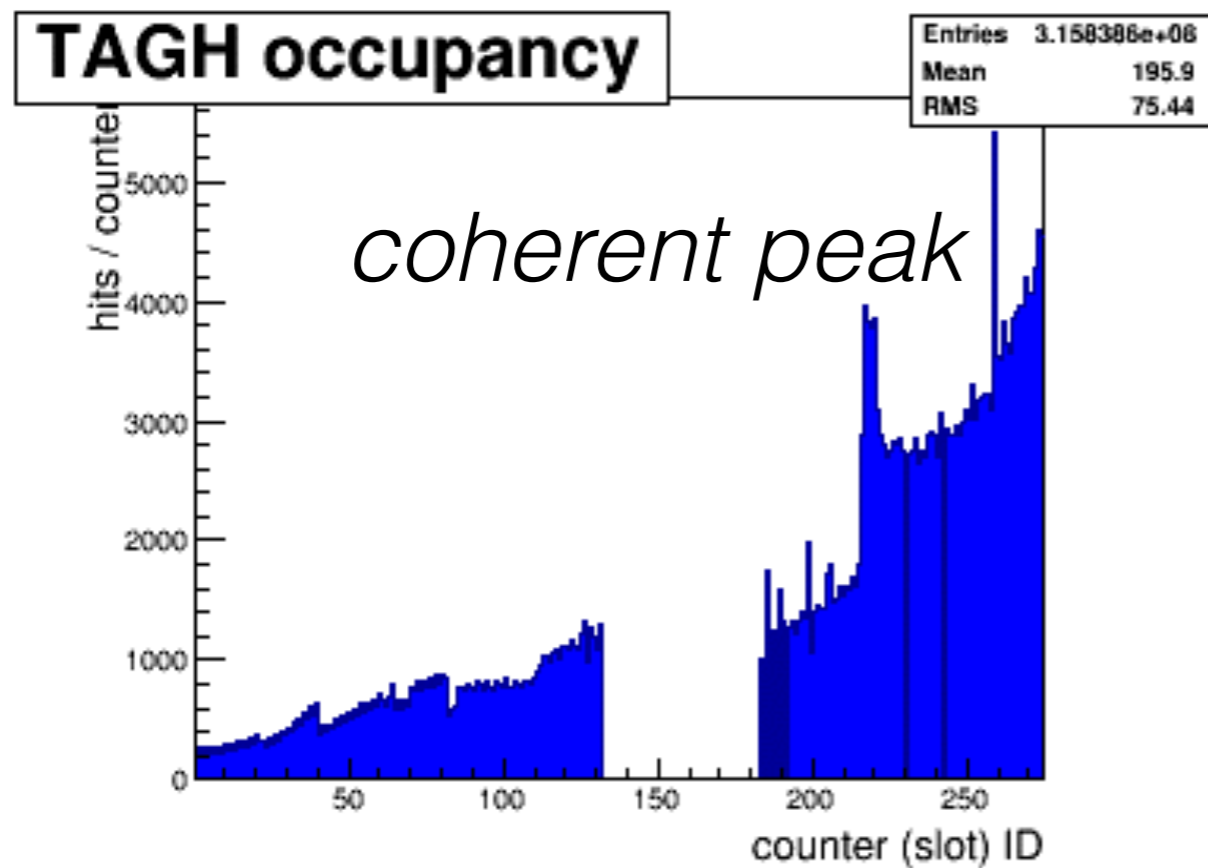


Run 3000

Pair Spectrometer

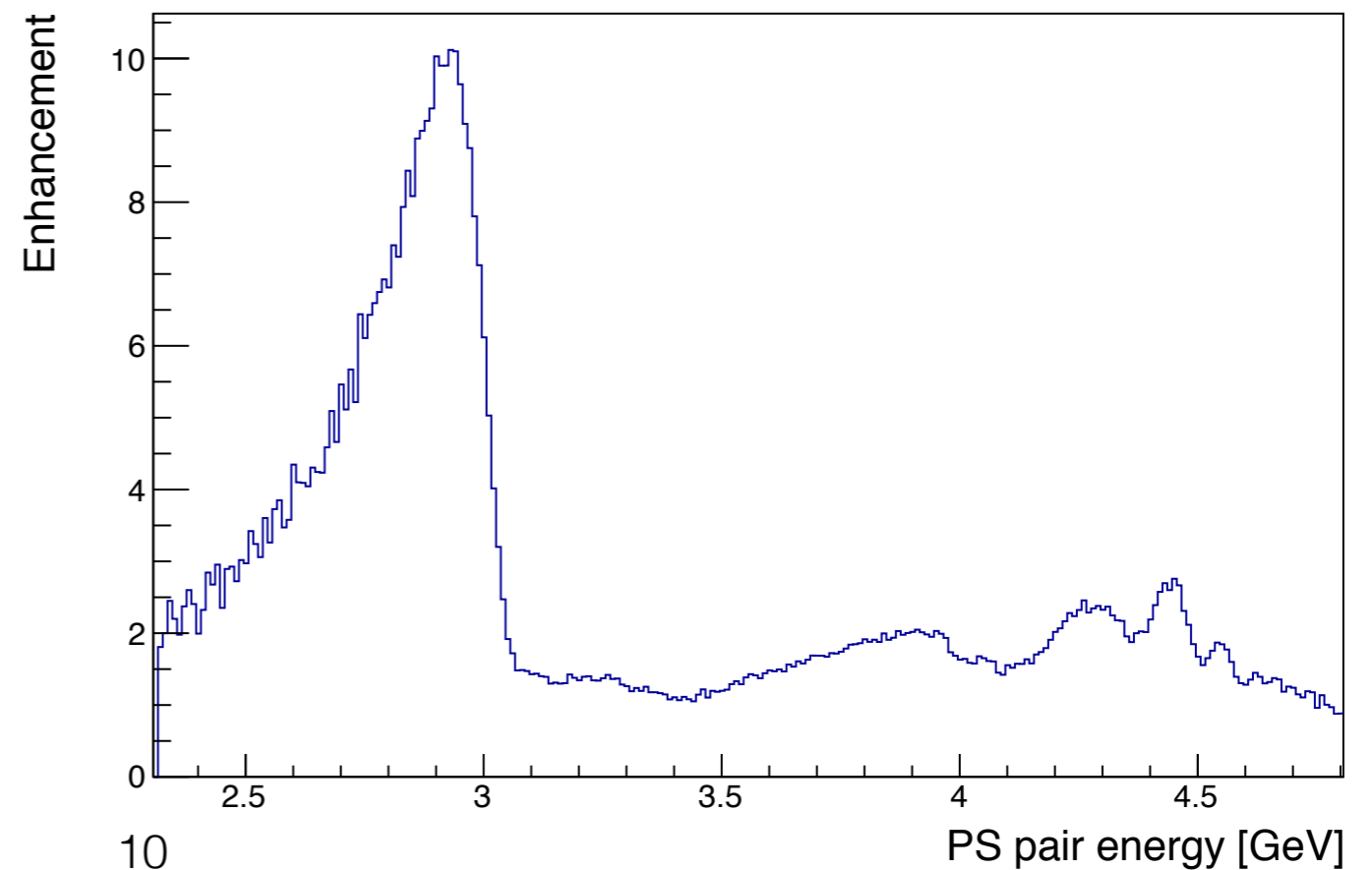
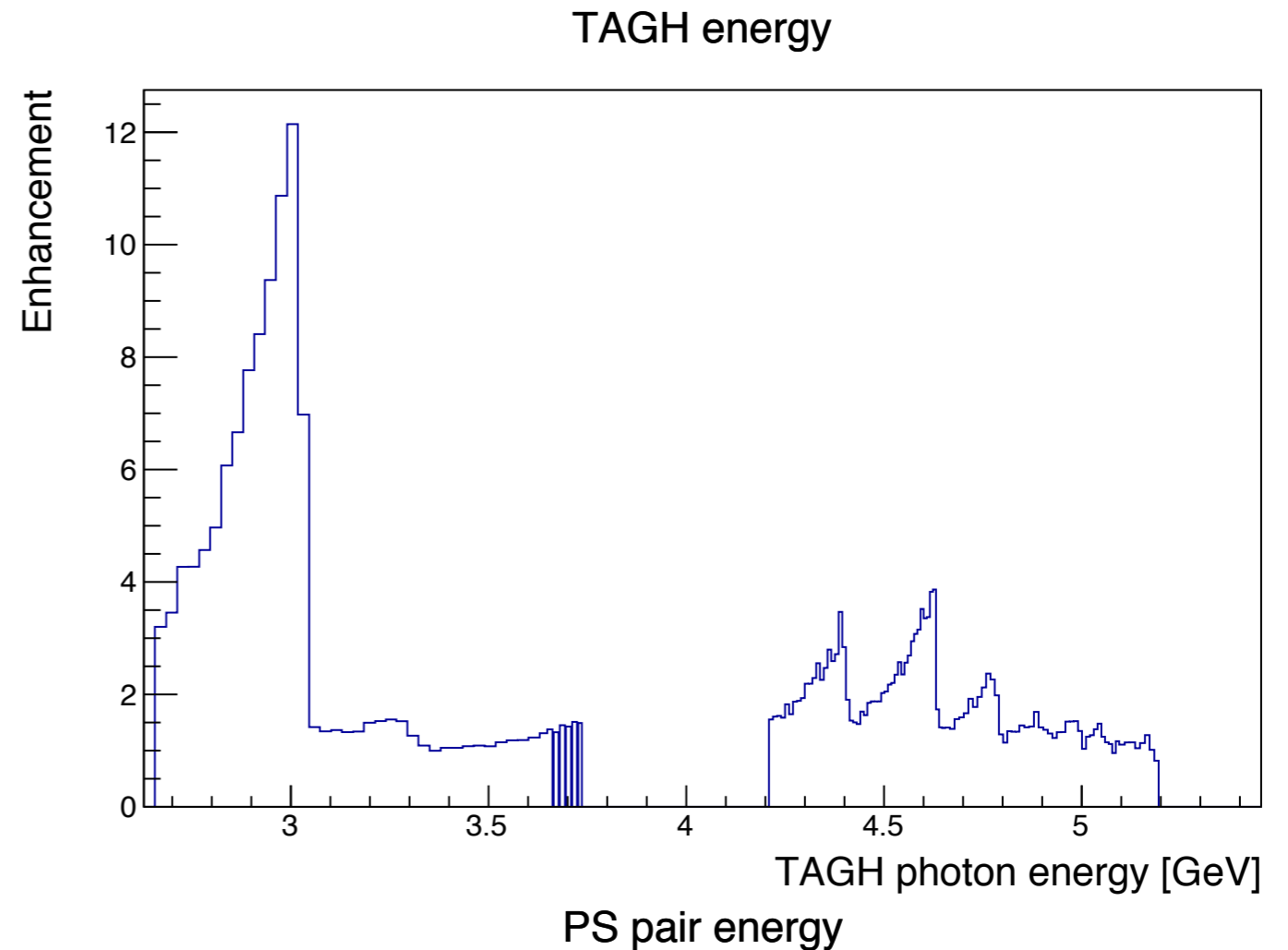
10 nA on diamond





Run 3185/3179

- Select PS events by requiring PS and PSC pairs
- Subtract accidentals from prompts and divide diamond run by amorphous
- See backups for intermediate plots



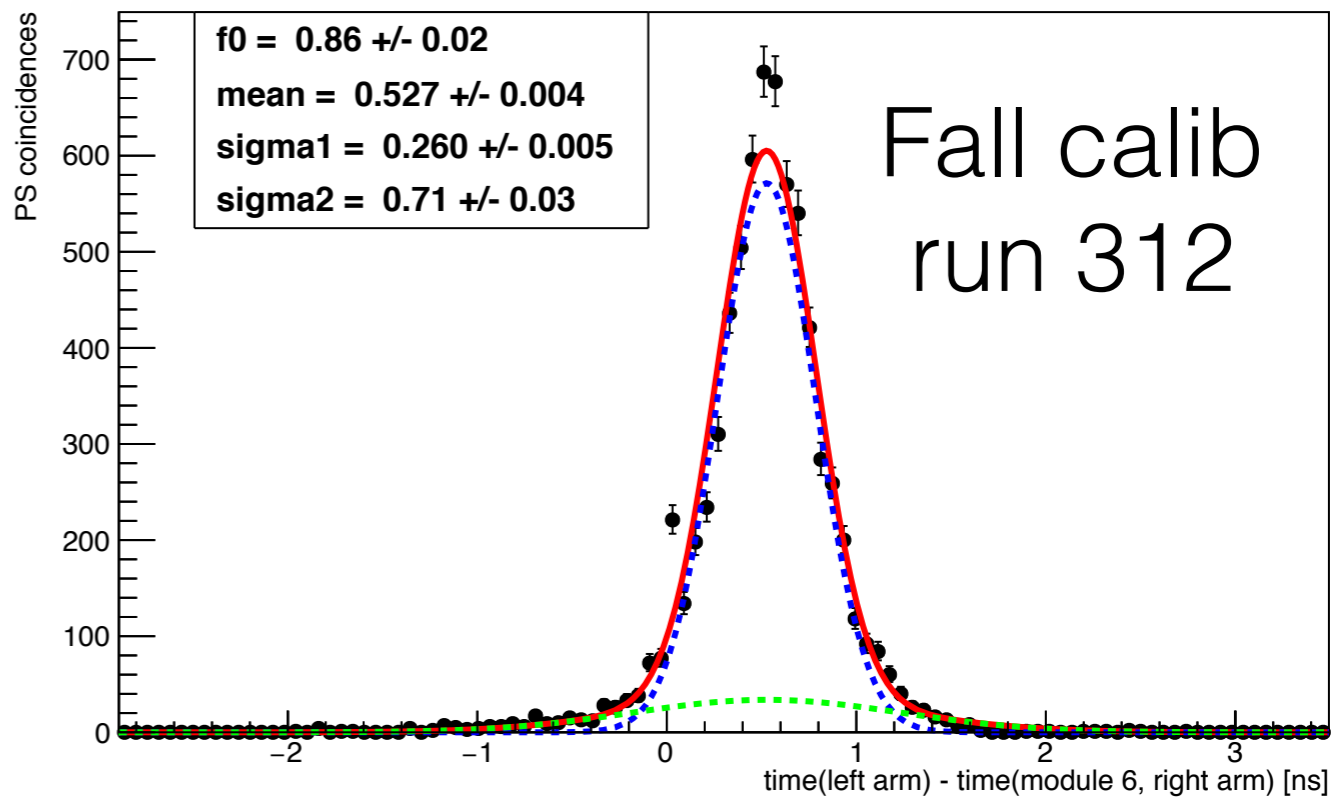
Timing calibrations

- PS-trigger data are preferred (clean sample)
- Strategy: first calibrate PS, then tagger-PS
- Use TDC times from coarse PS counters (8/arm)
- Select counter with most counts in left arm
- Determine offset with each counter in right arm
- Use the same procedure to find the left-arm offsets

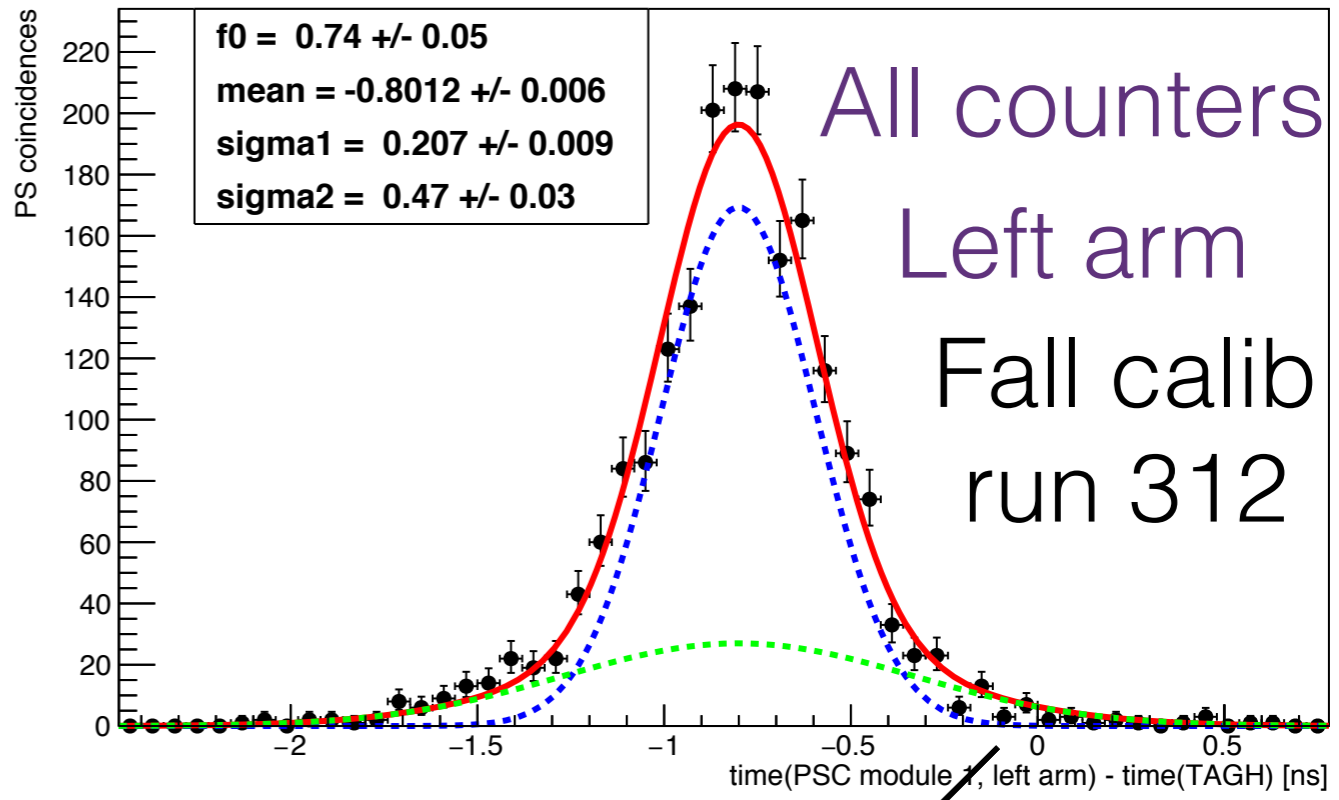
Status

- v1 PSC base and counter-counter offsets are in
- need to correct an overall offset between left and right arms which remains
- at the moment one can use the sum of counters in a single arm to calibrate the taggers

PSC pair: TDC time difference vs. left arm module, fixed right arm module 6, 3



PS-TAGH TDC time difference vs. TAGH counter ID, fixed left arm PSC module 1, 72

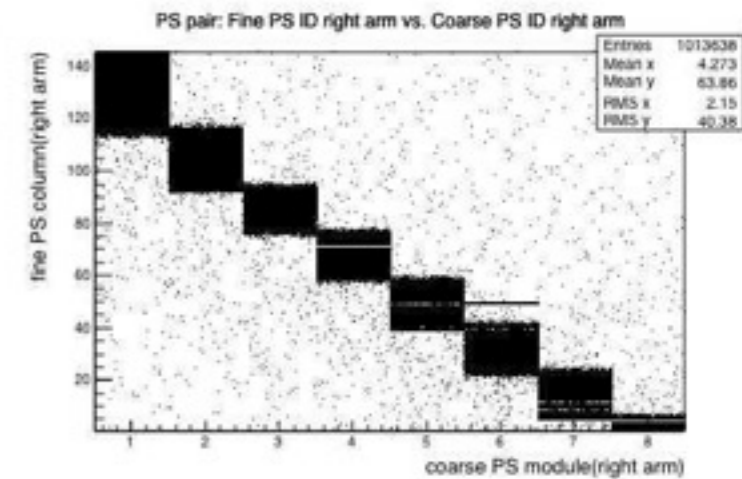
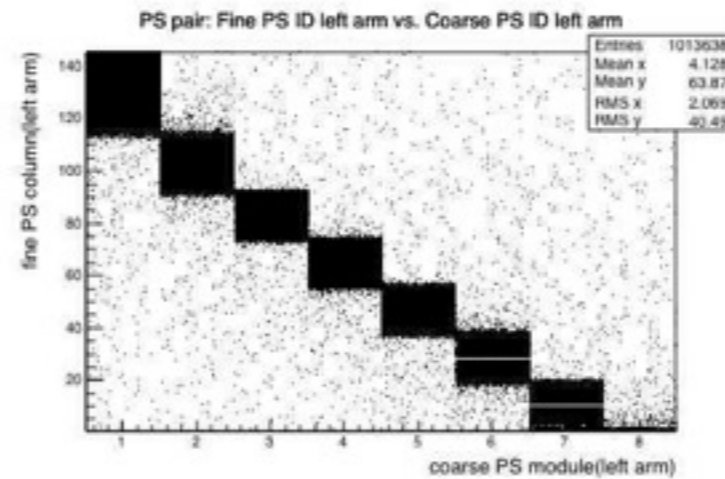
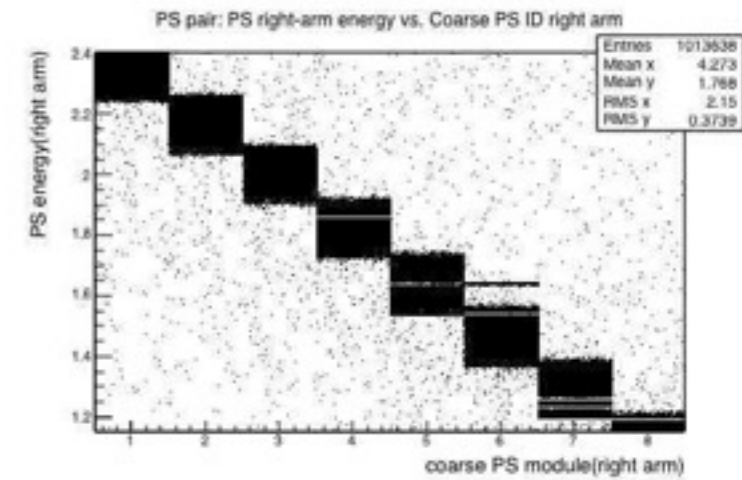
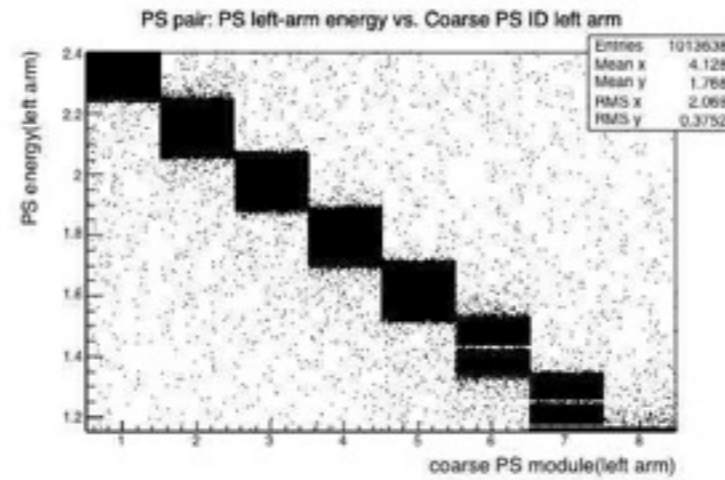


Tagging efficiency

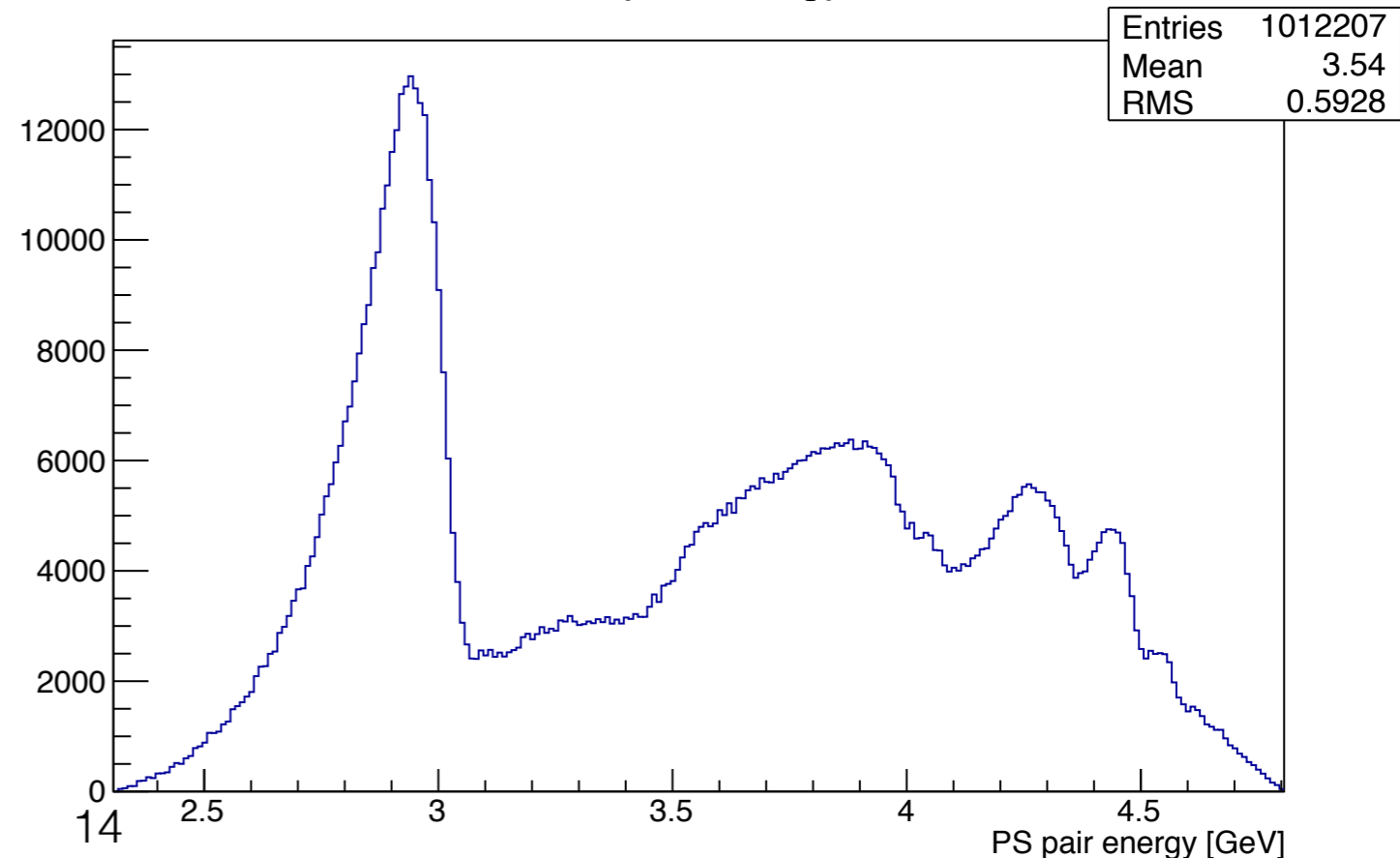
- What fraction of photons interacting in the target are tagged by the tagger detectors?
- PS-trigger runs can be used to estimate this value
- Select PS/PSC pairs and determine the fraction of these that are in coincidence with a tagger hit for each PS pair energy bin
- Will show run 3185 (~ 20M triggers)

Candidate selection

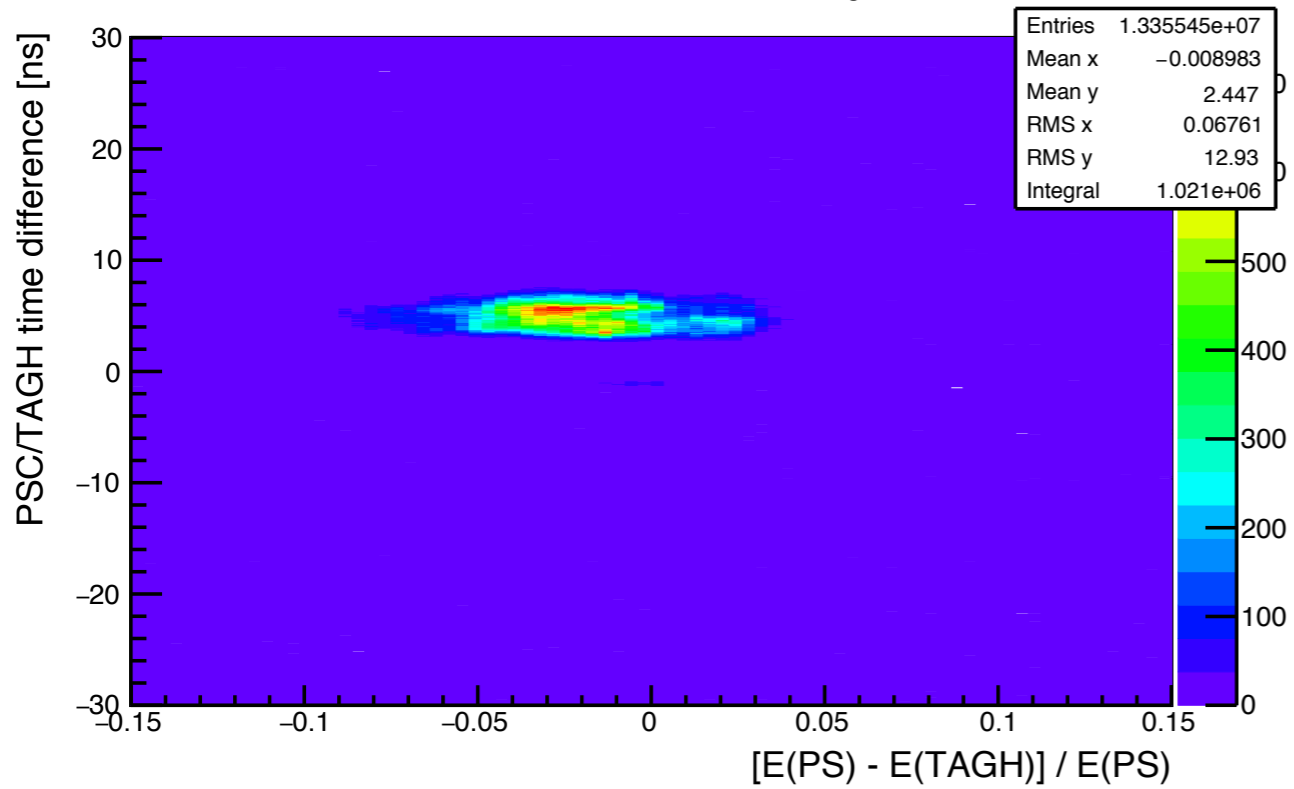
- PS and PSC left-right pairs within 10 ns
- If more than 1 hit pair, select closest in time
- Tagger energy within 15% of PS pair energy
- Select prompt peak in PSC/ tagger time difference and subtract accidentals (using side-band)



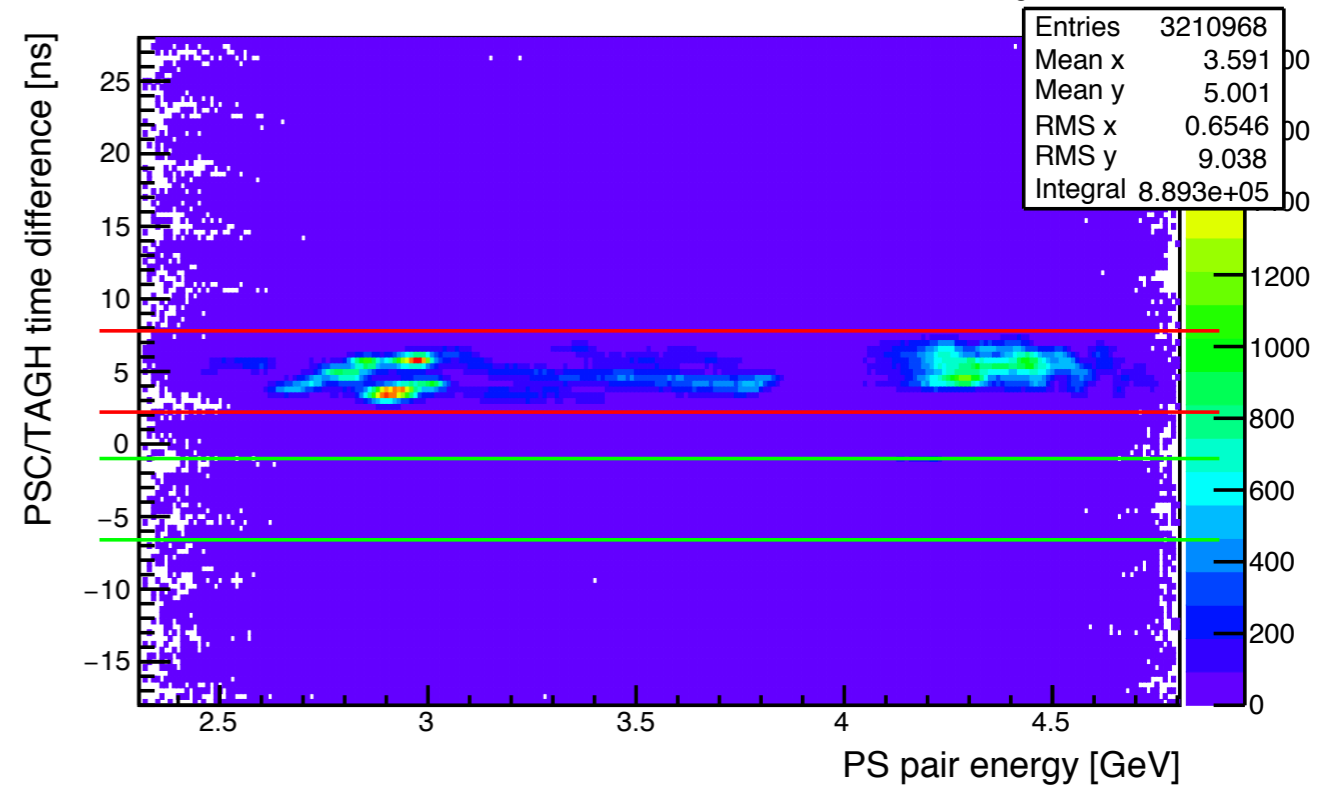
PS pair energy



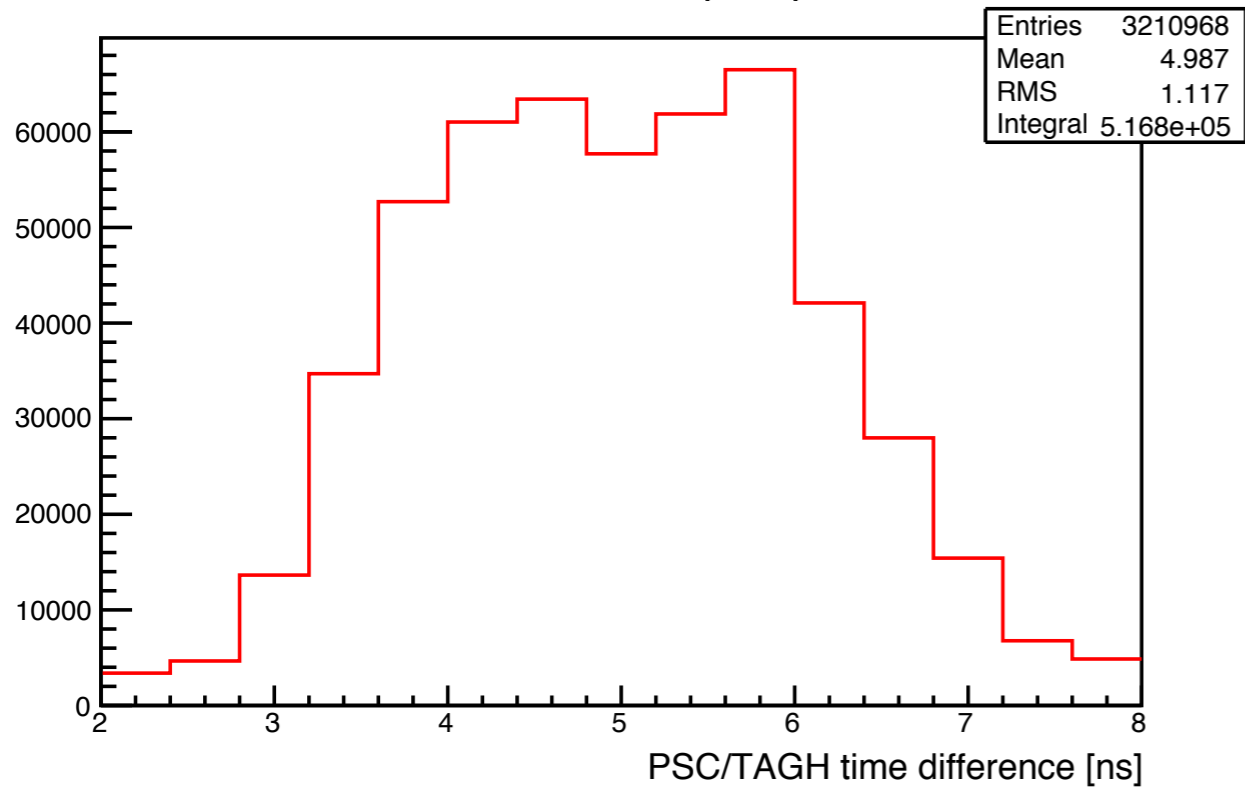
PSC/TAGH time difference vs. energy difference



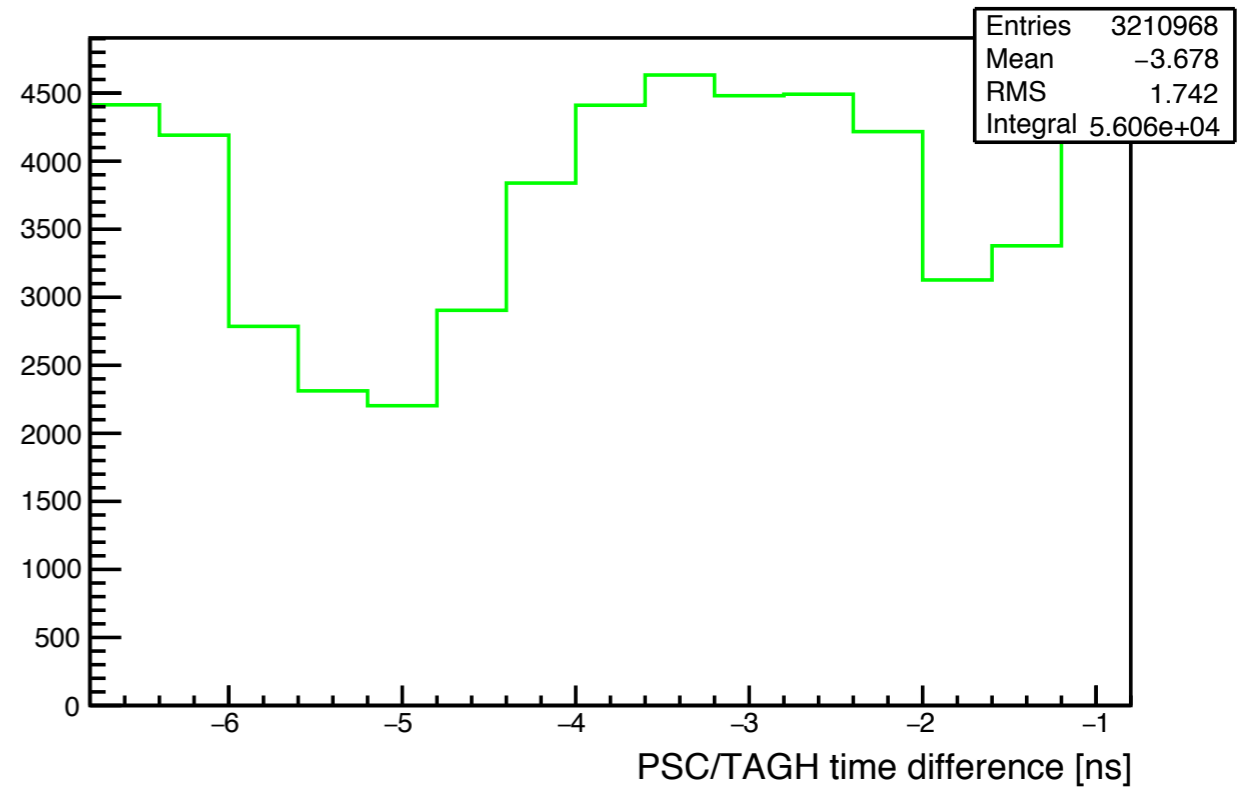
PSC/TAGH time difference vs. PS pair energy



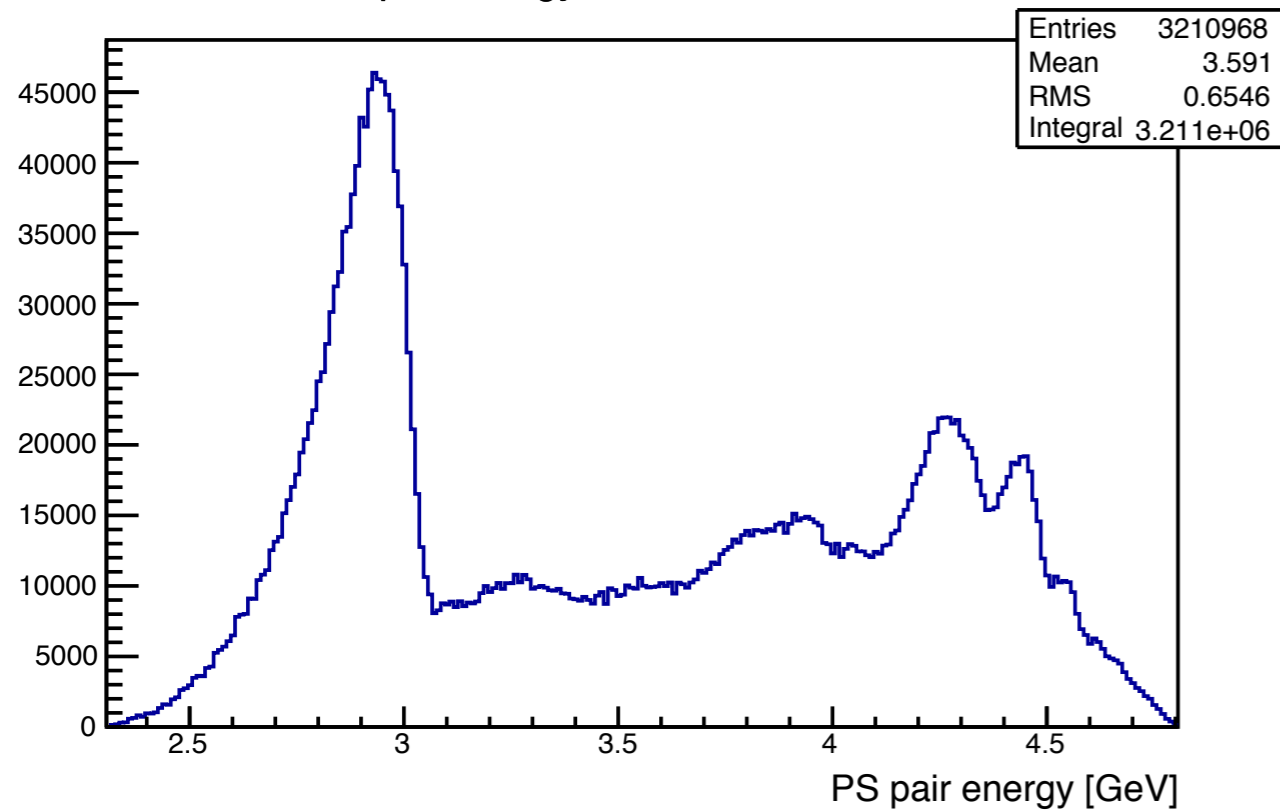
PSC/TAGH time difference, prompt candidates



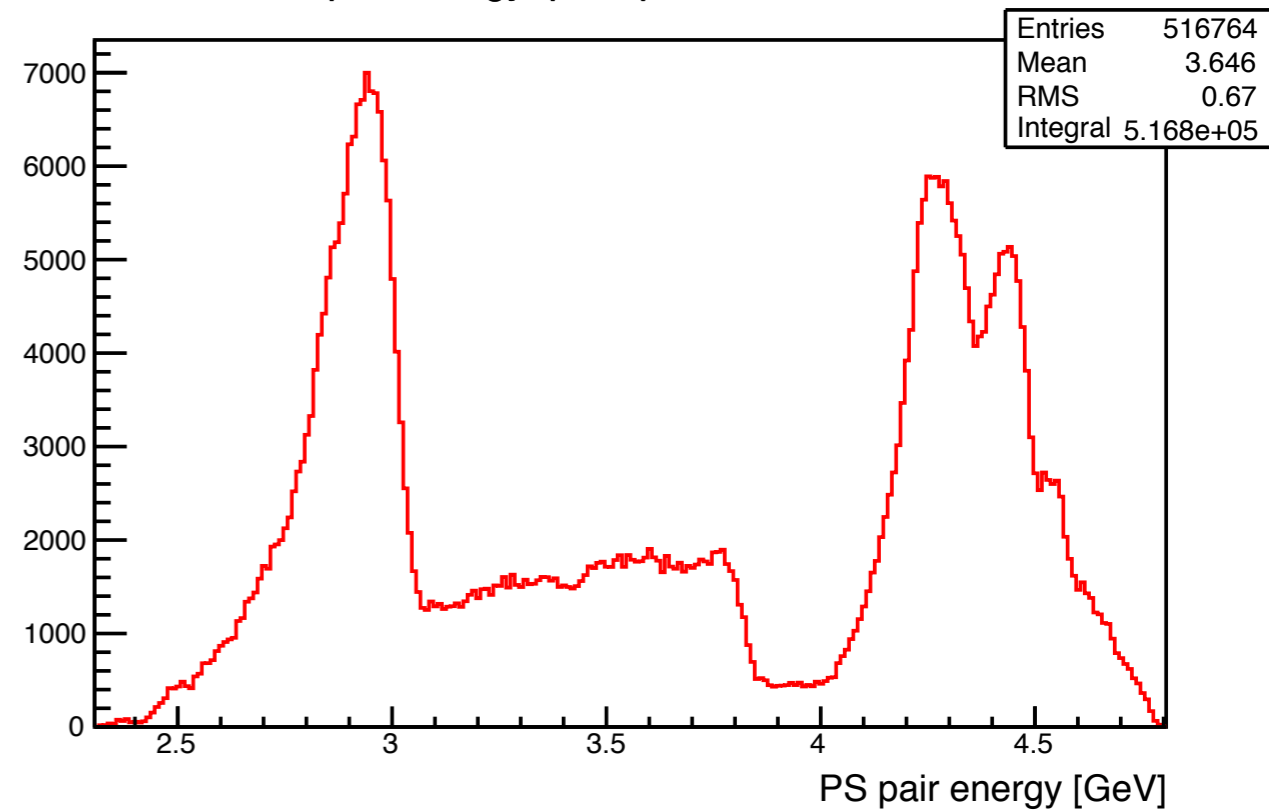
PSC/TAGH time difference, side-band candidates



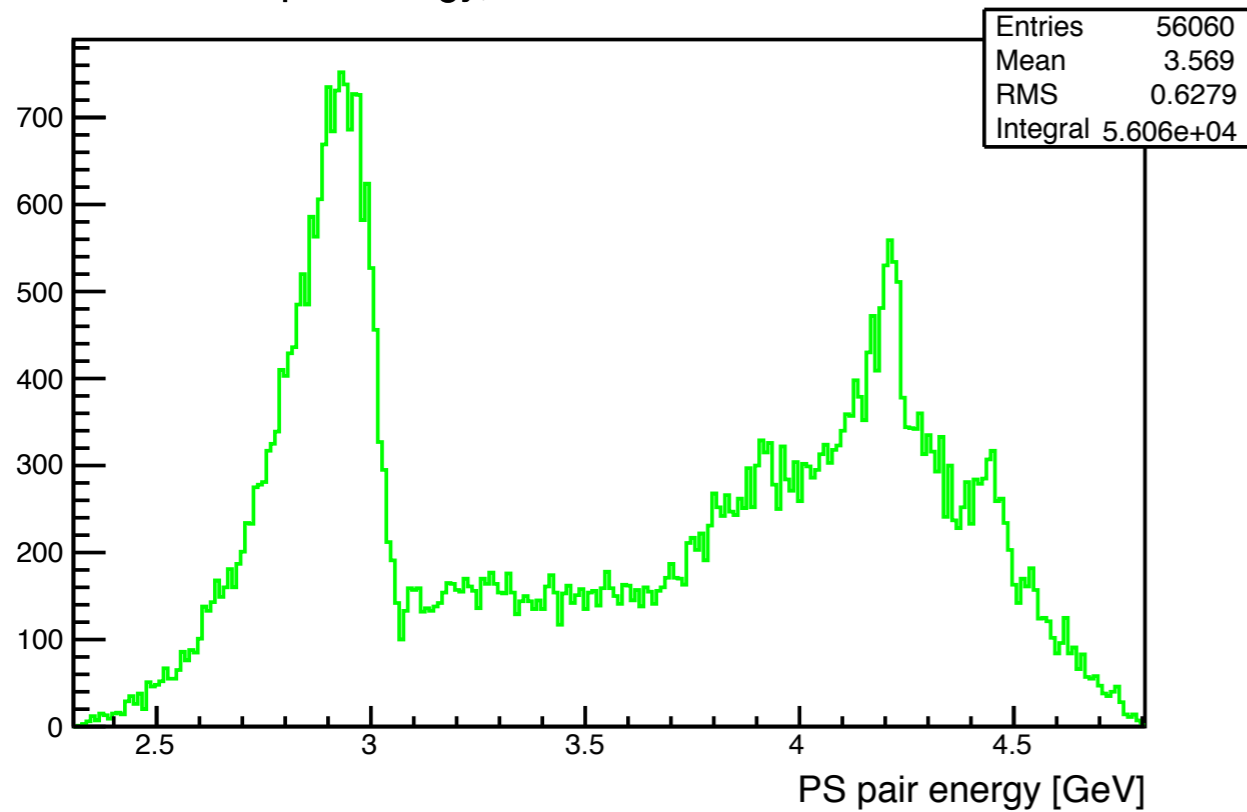
PS pair energy, all TAGH candidates



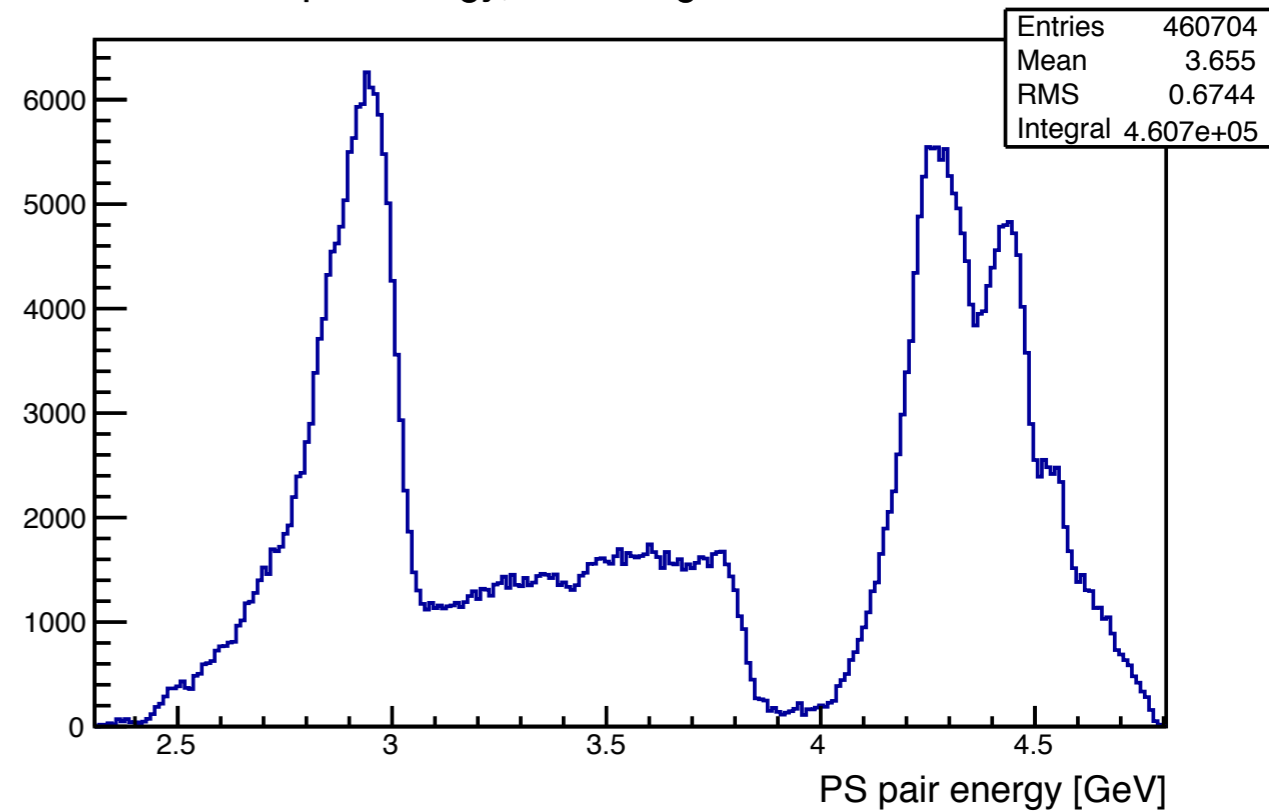
PS pair energy, prompt TAGH candidates



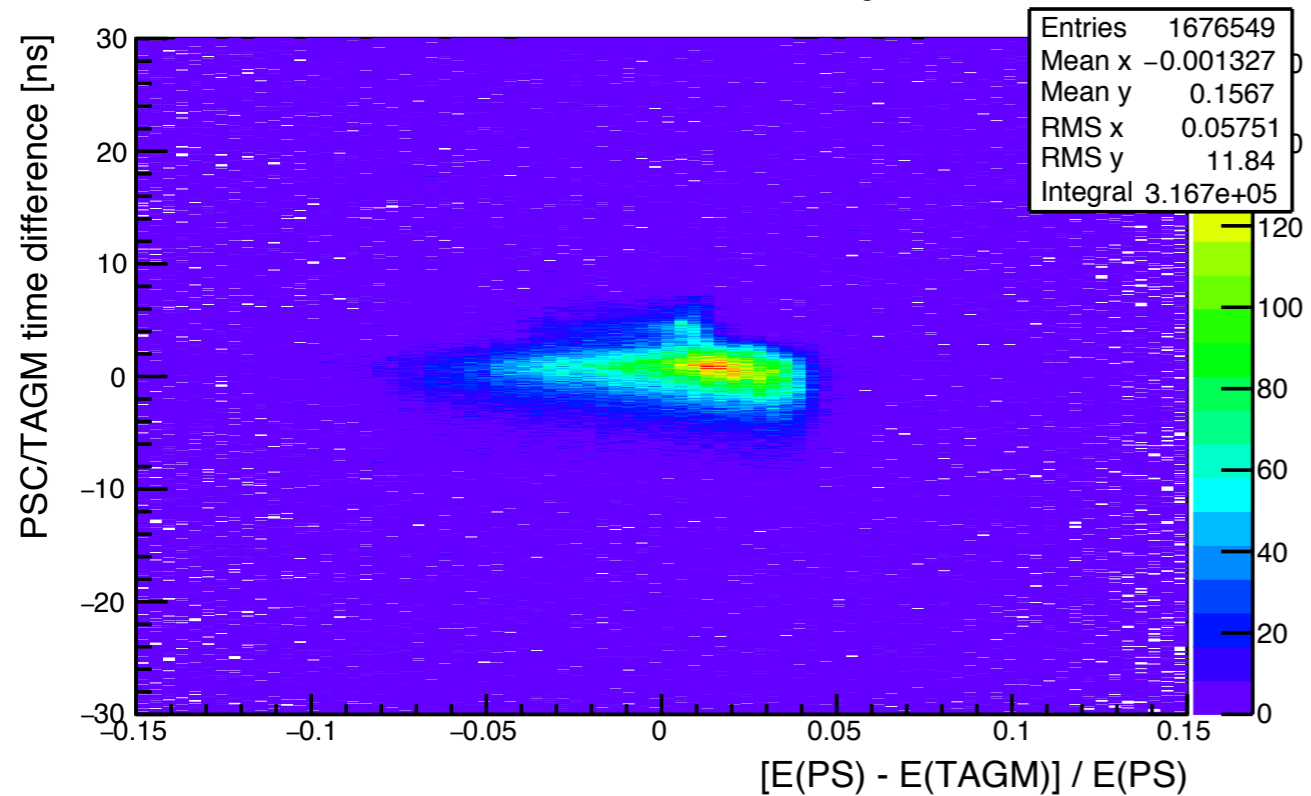
PS pair energy, side-band TAGH candidates



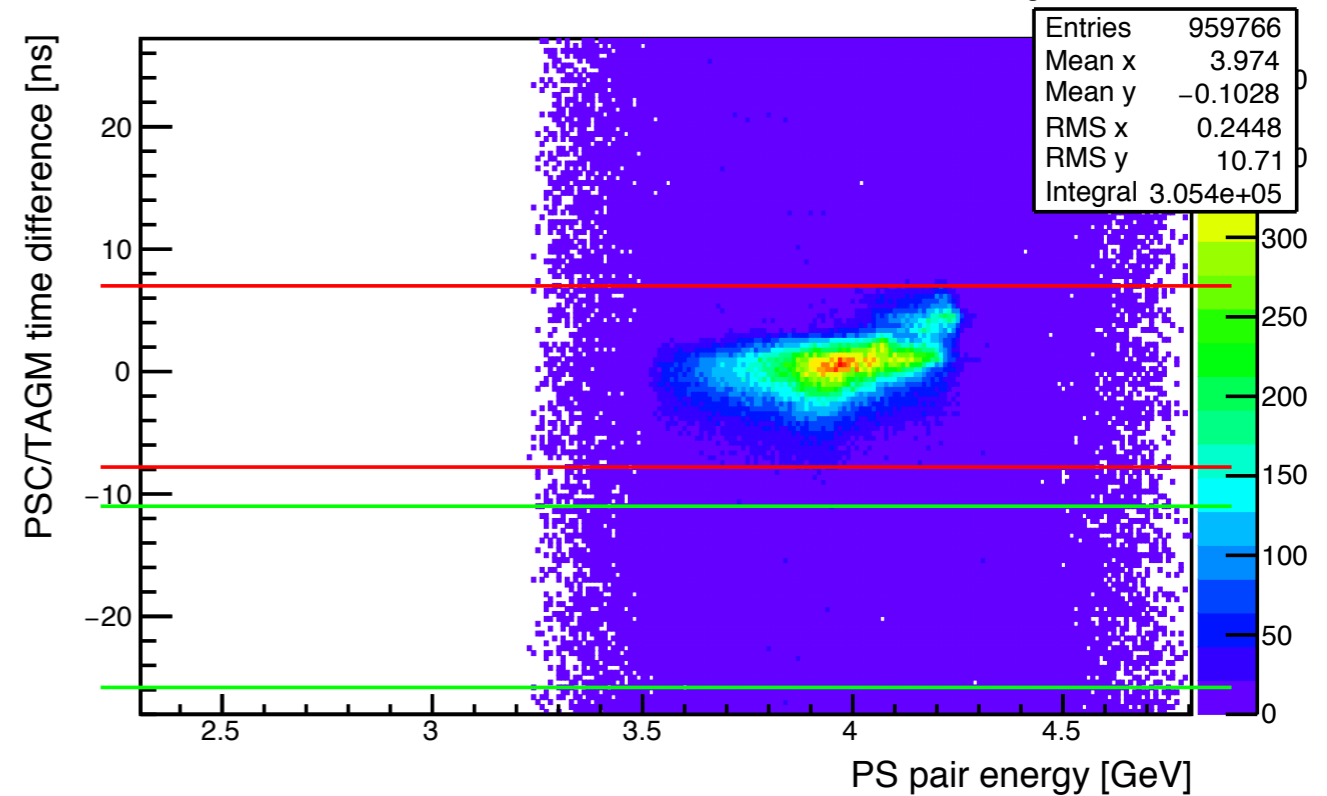
PS pair energy, remaining TAGH candidates



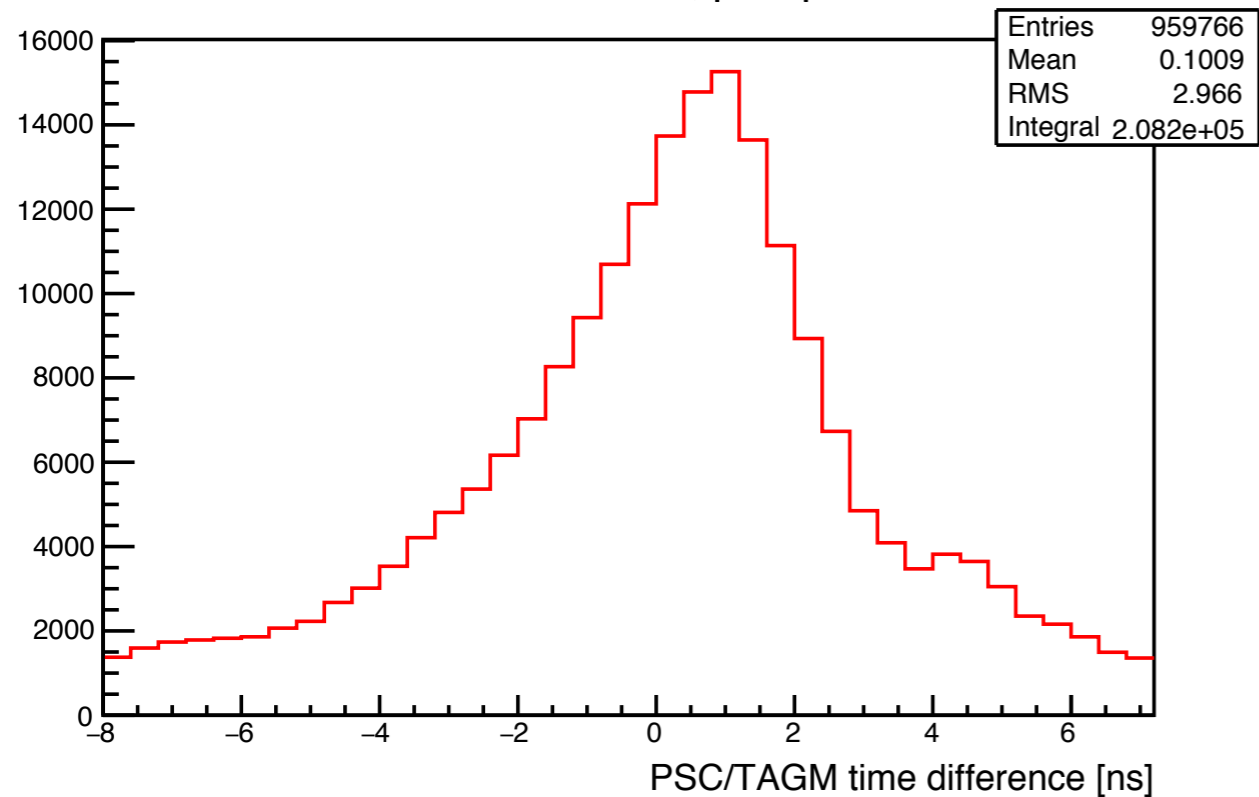
PSC/TAGM time difference vs. energy difference



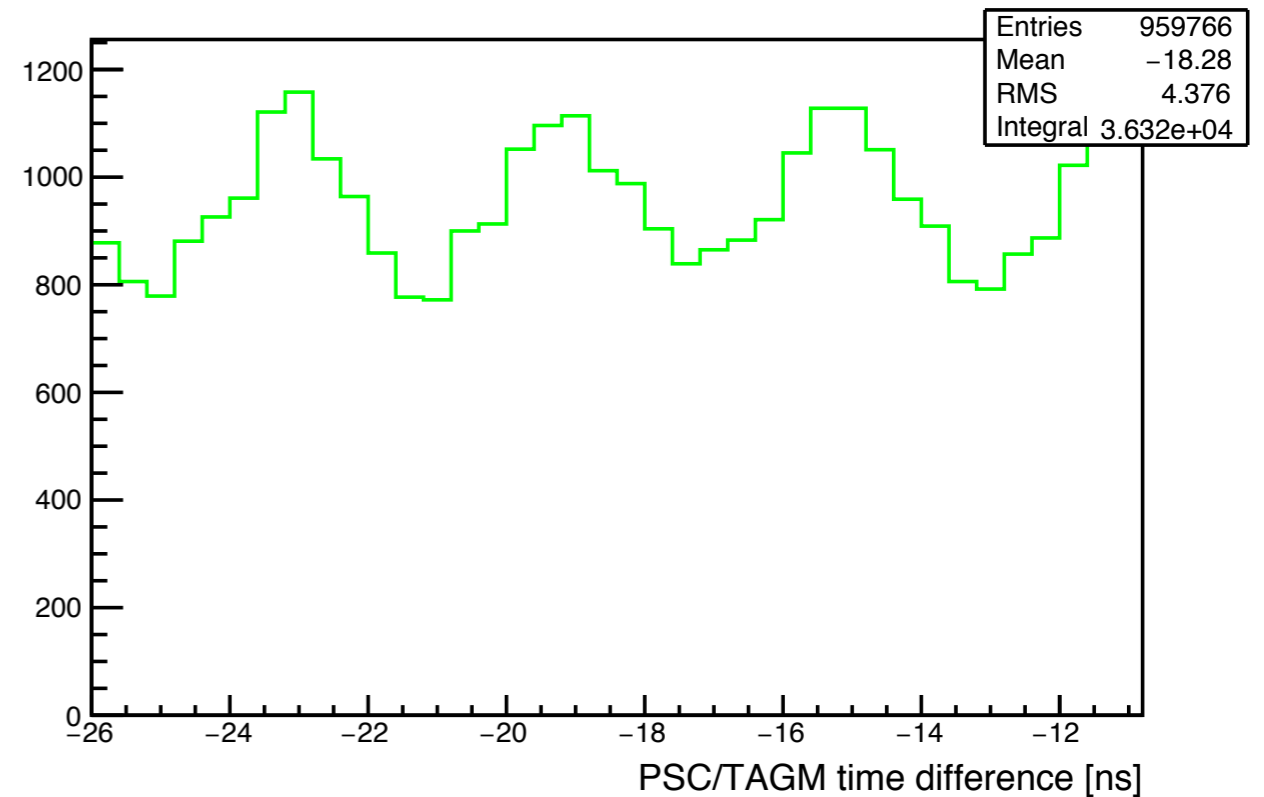
PSC/TAGM time difference vs. PS pair energy



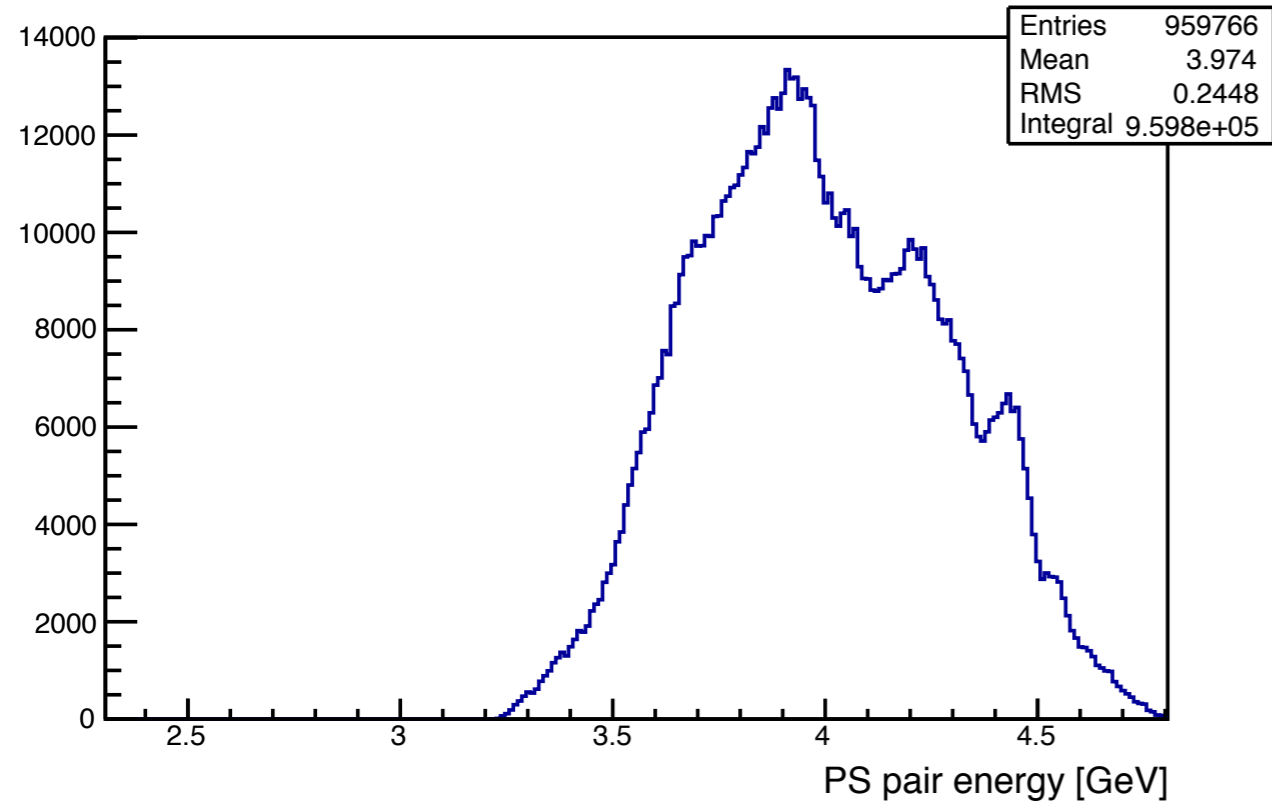
PSC/TAGM time difference, prompt candidates



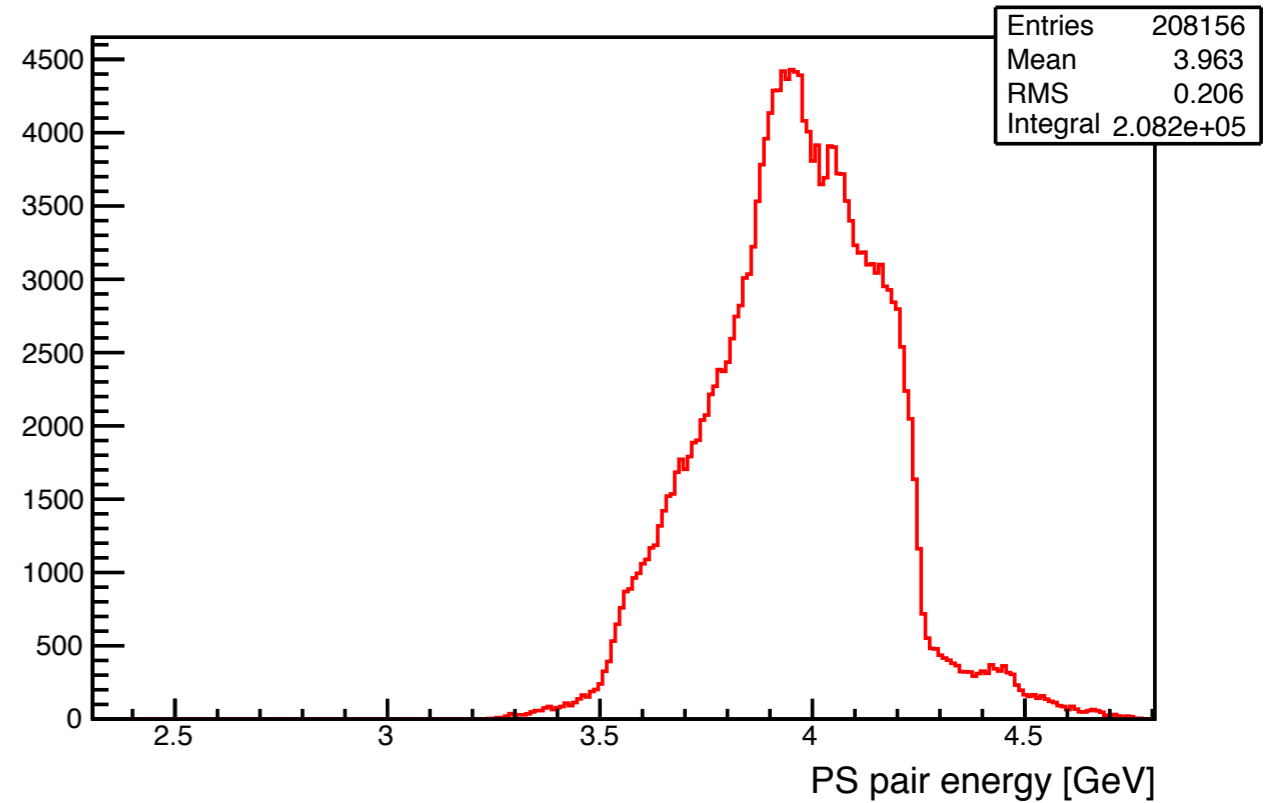
PSC/TAGM time difference, side-band candidates



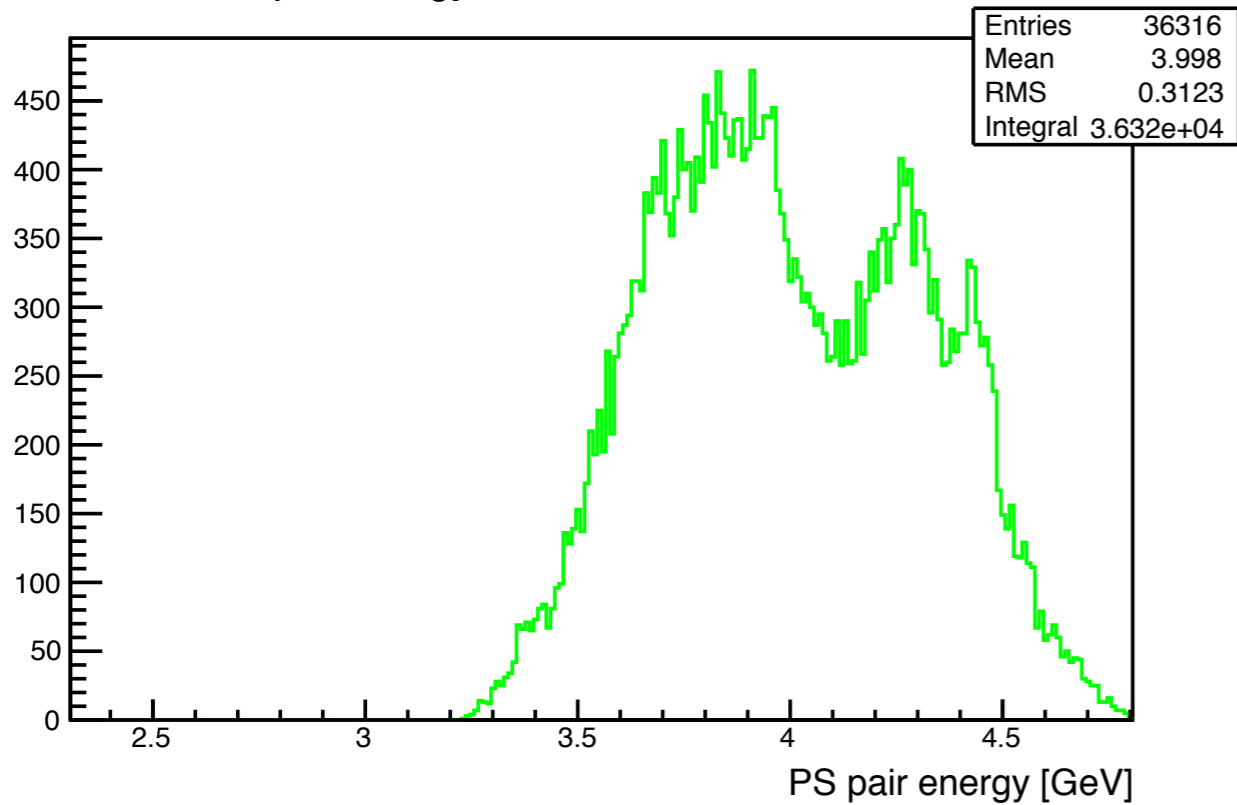
PS pair energy, all TAGM candidates



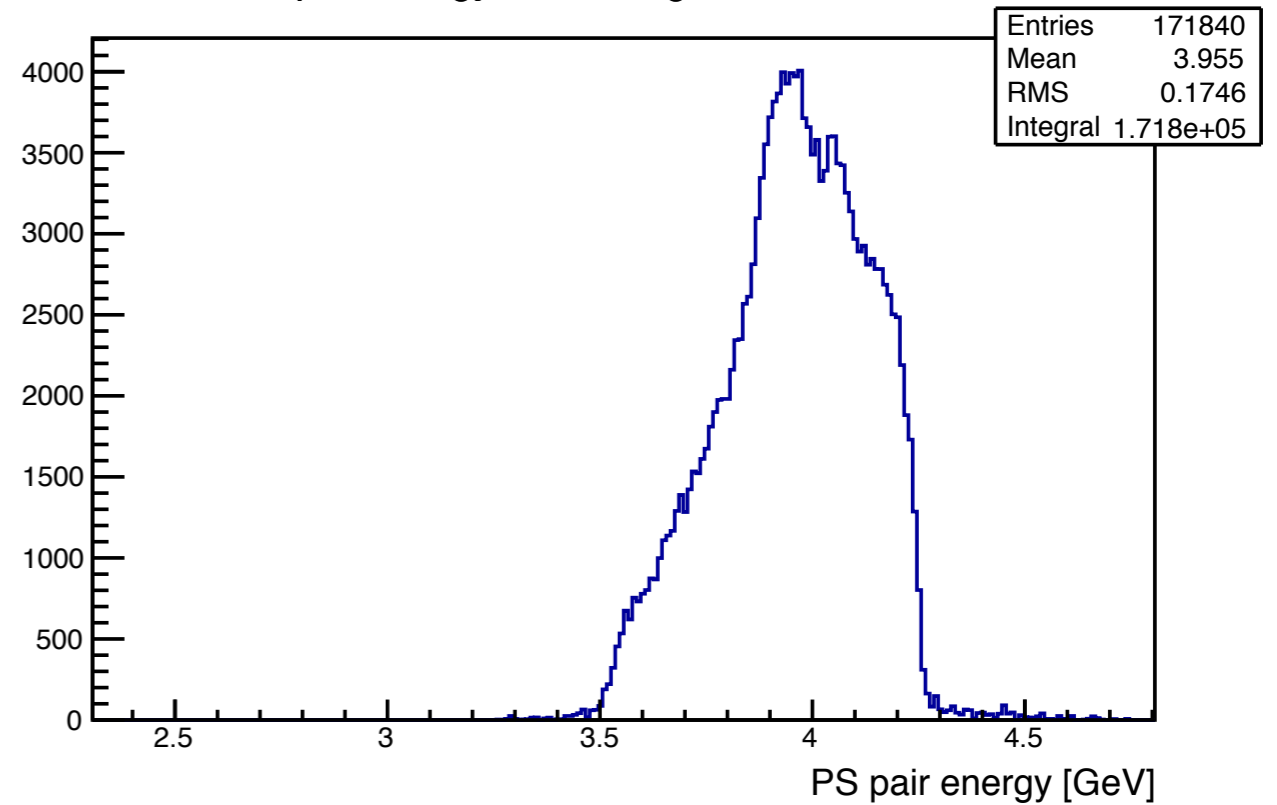
PS pair energy, prompt TAGM candidates



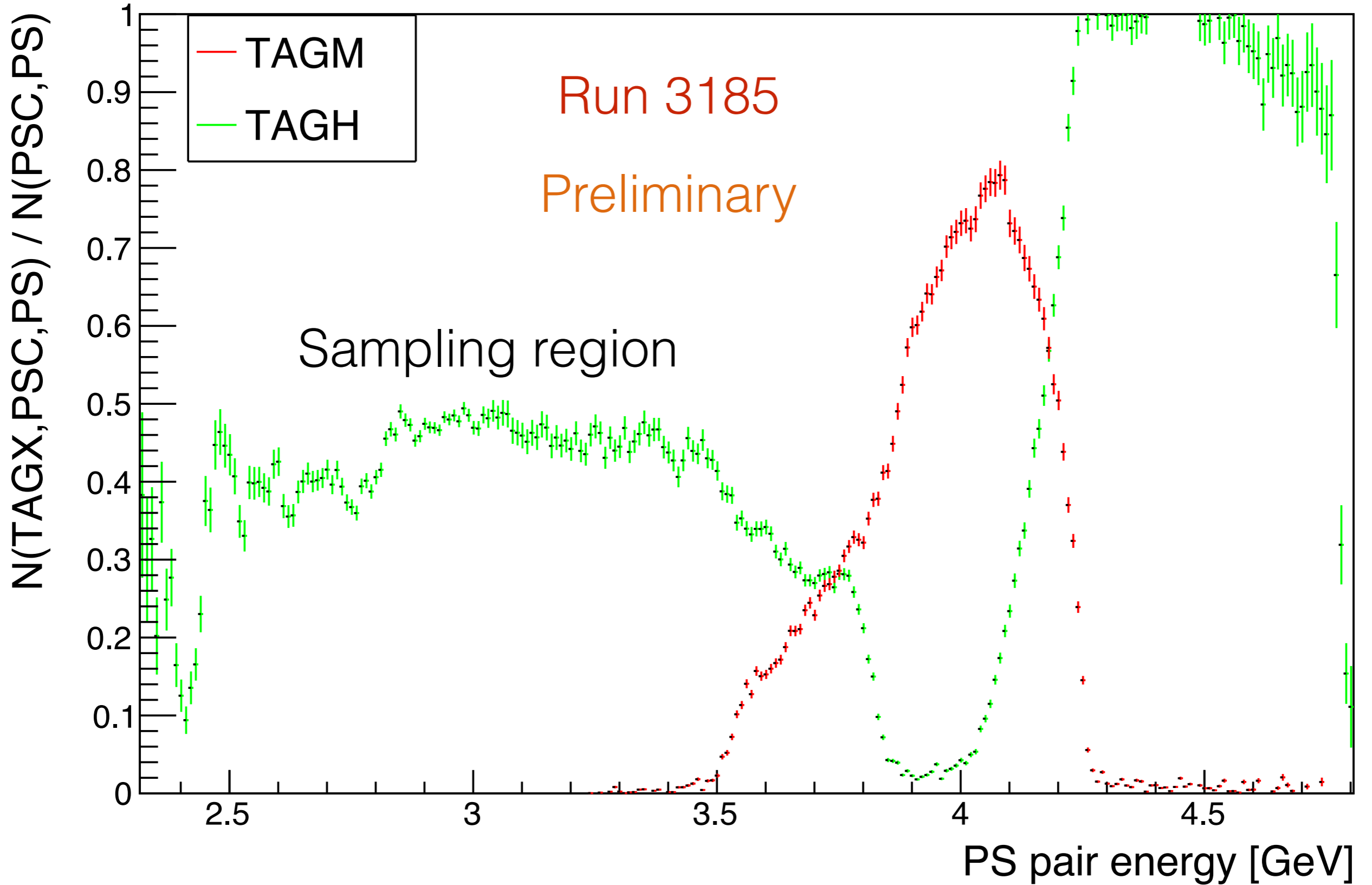
PS pair energy, side-band TAGM candidates



PS pair energy, remaining TAGM candidates



Tagging Efficiency

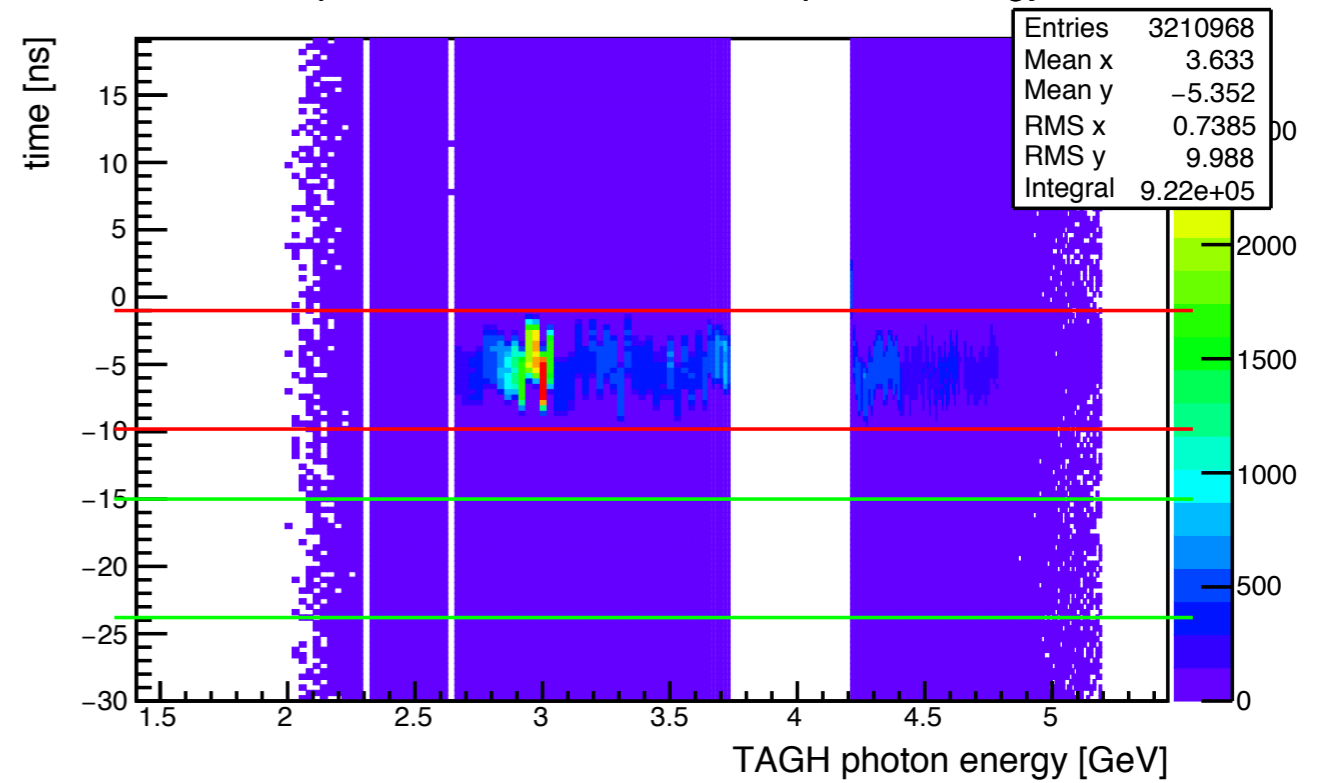


Summary/Outlook

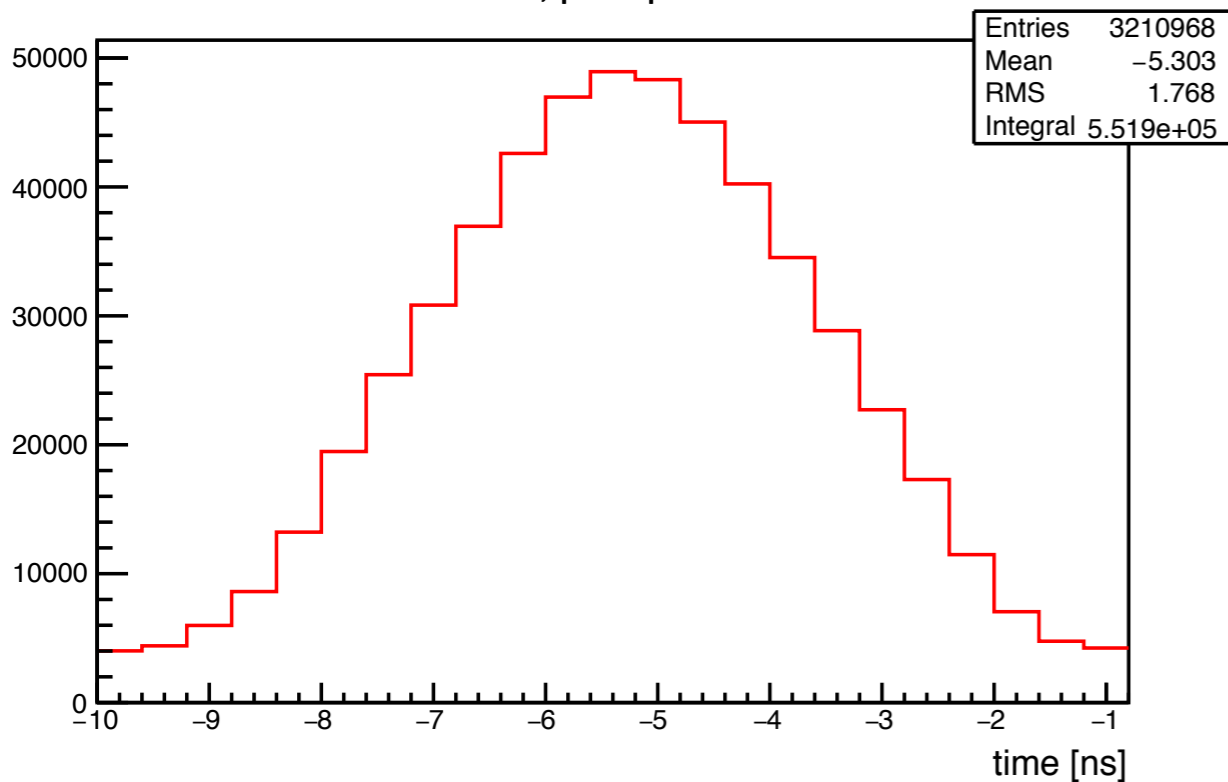
- Overall good performance from TAGH this Spring
- Progress on PS/tagger timing calibrations, the new PS data will be very useful to advance these
- High-rate runs will be studied in more detail
- Preliminary tagging efficiencies appear to be at least in rough agreement with expectations

- Run 3185, diamond
- Select prompt and side-band candidates

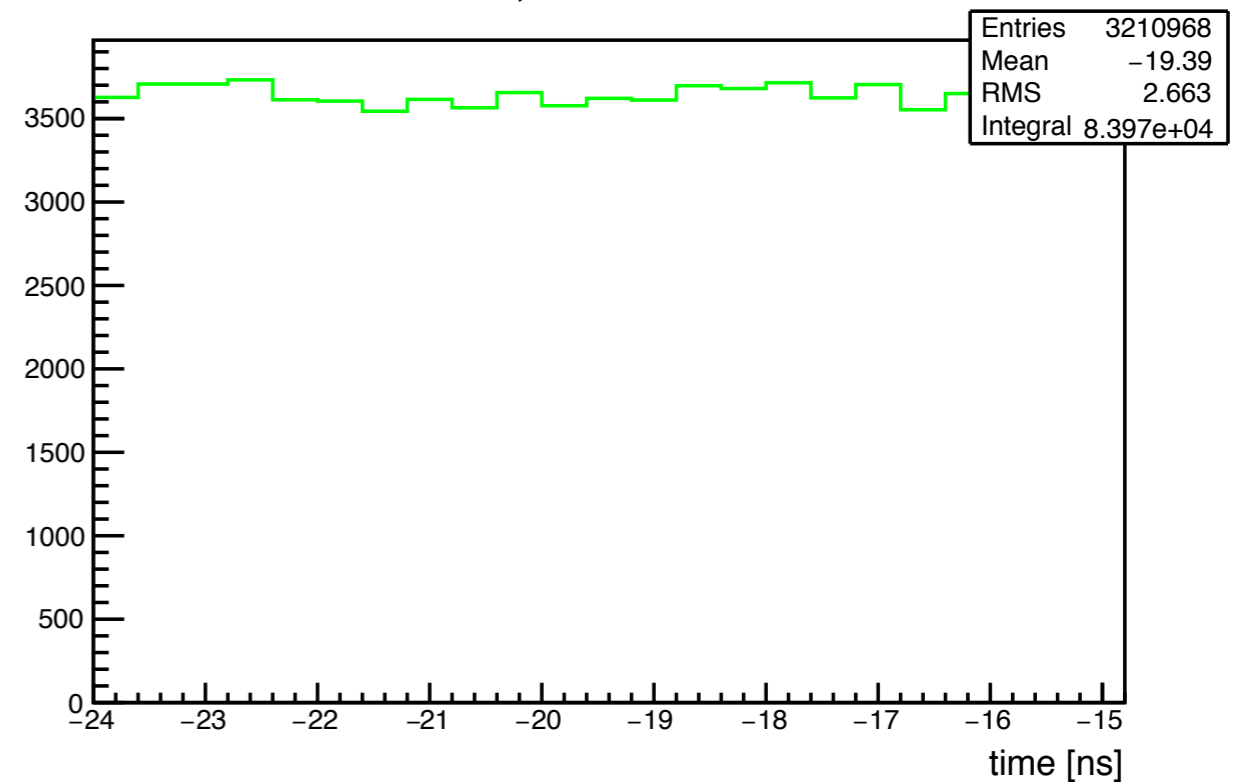
PS pair - TAGH: TAGH time vs. photon energy



TAGH time, prompt candidates

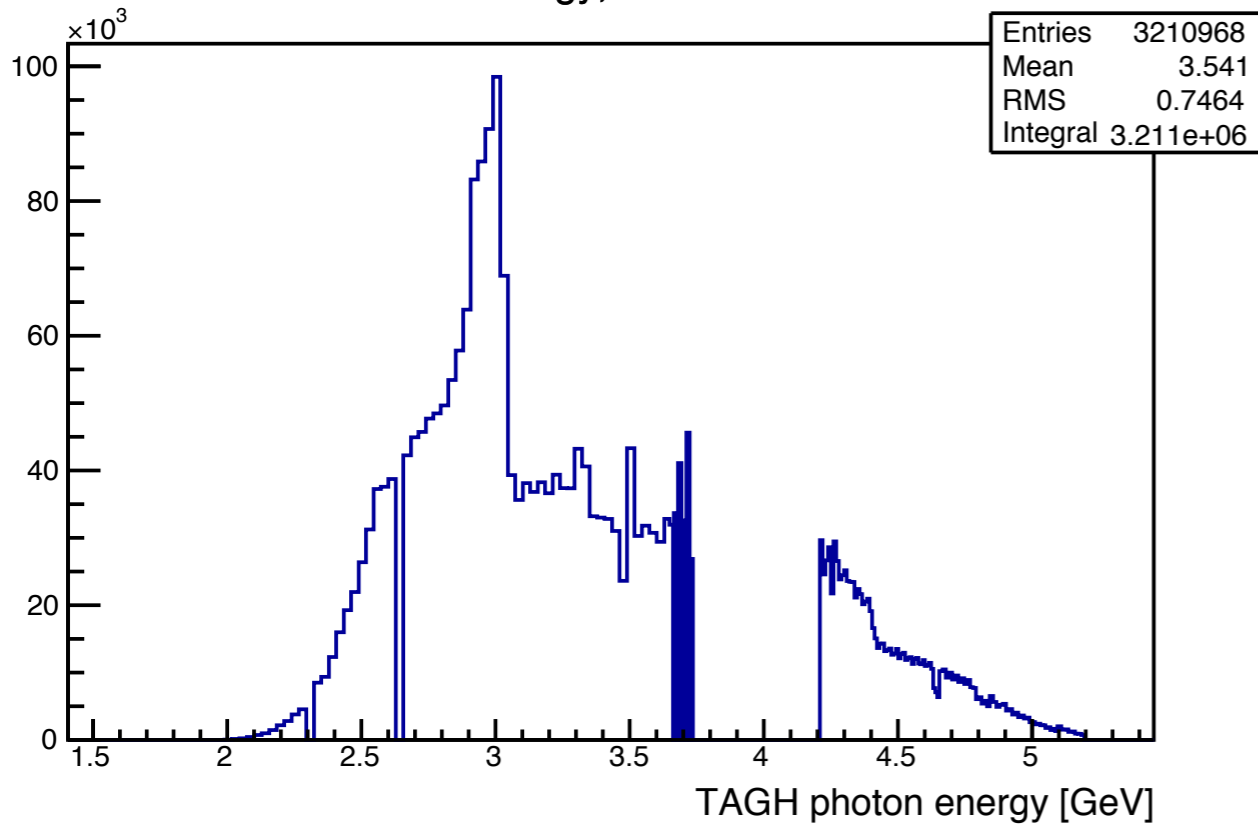


TAGH time, side-band candidates

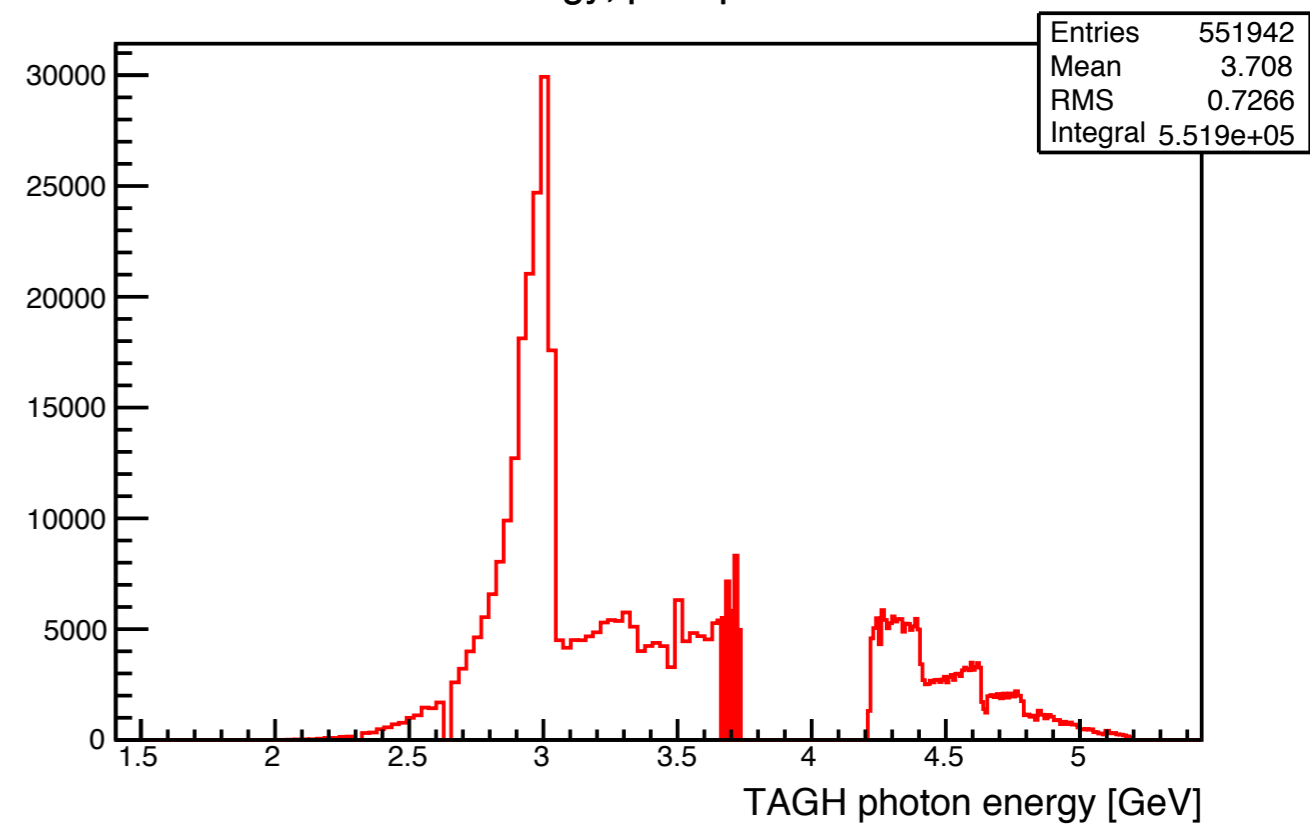


Run 3185

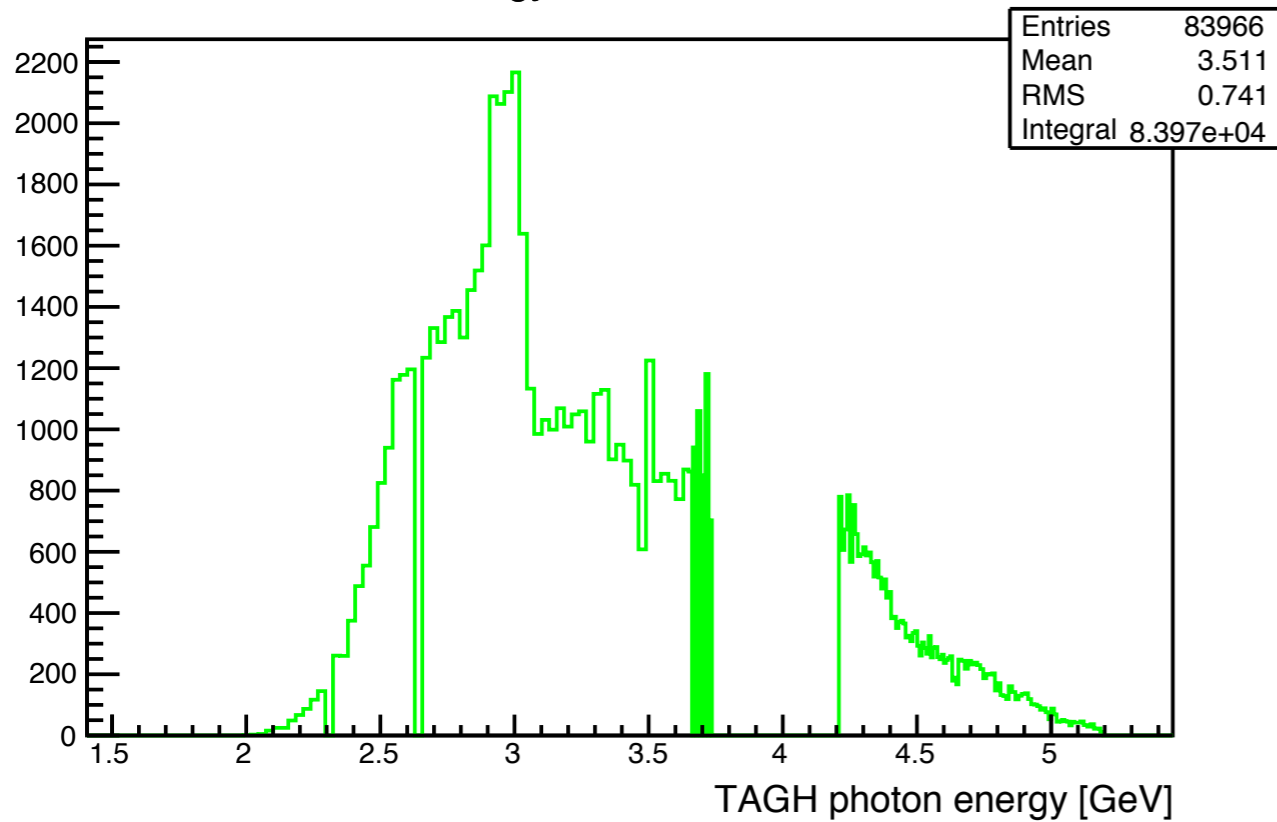
TAGH energy, all candidates



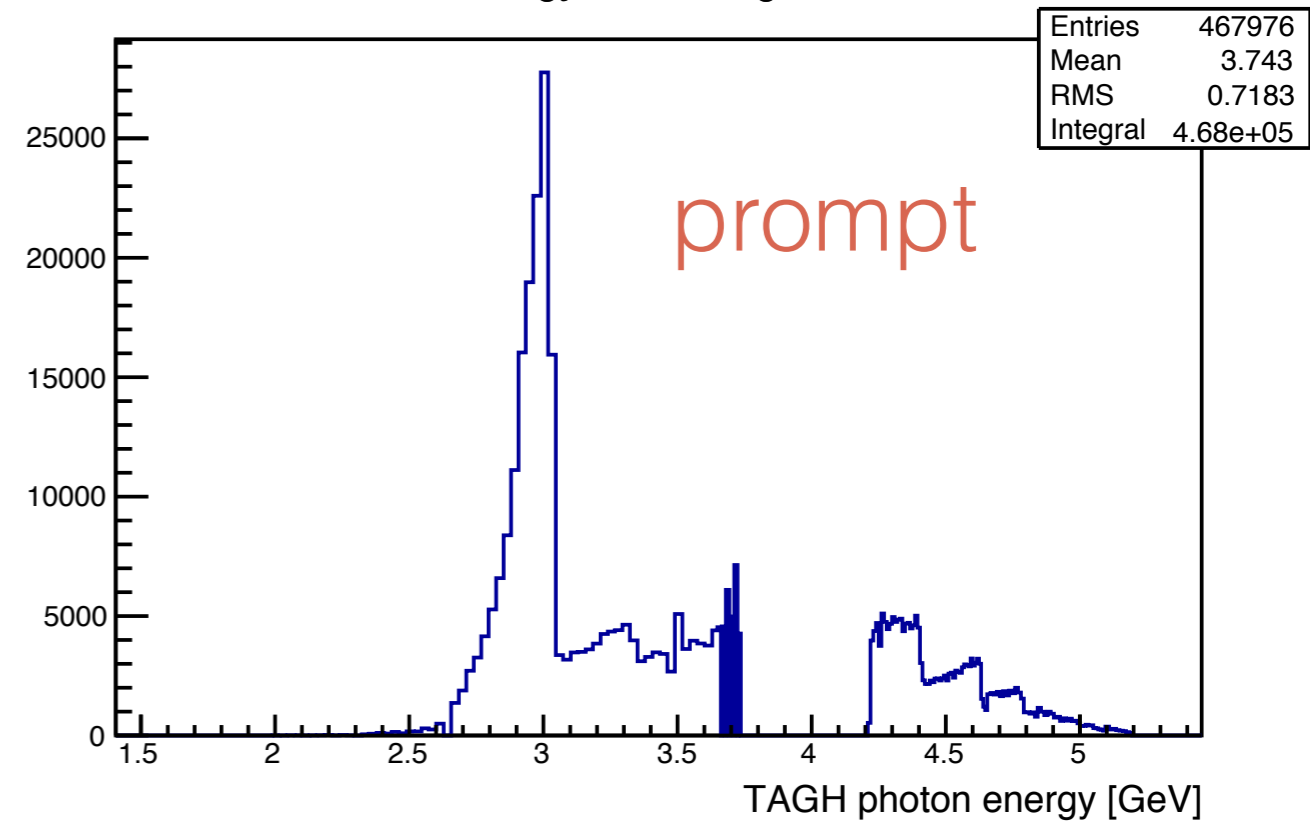
TAGH energy, prompt candidates



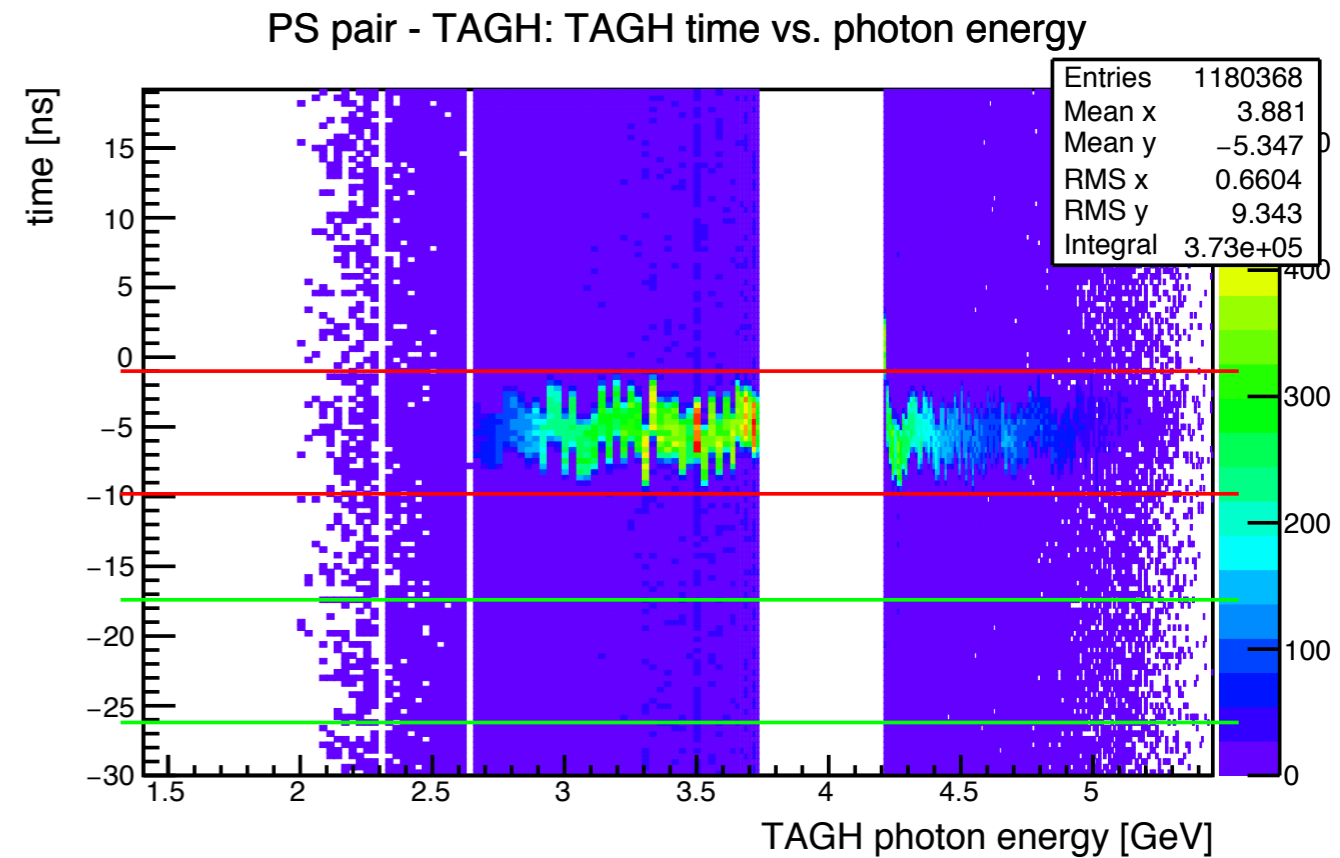
TAGH energy, side-band candidates



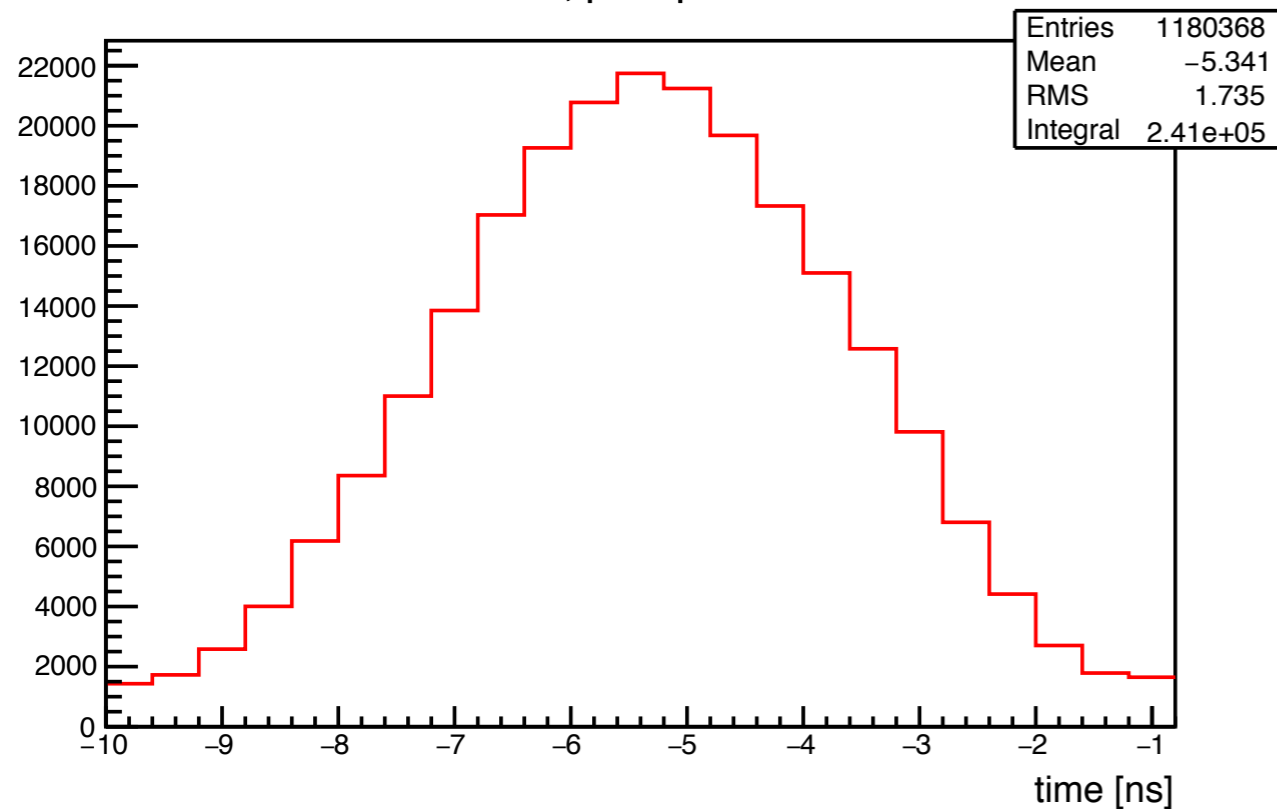
TAGH energy, remaining candidates



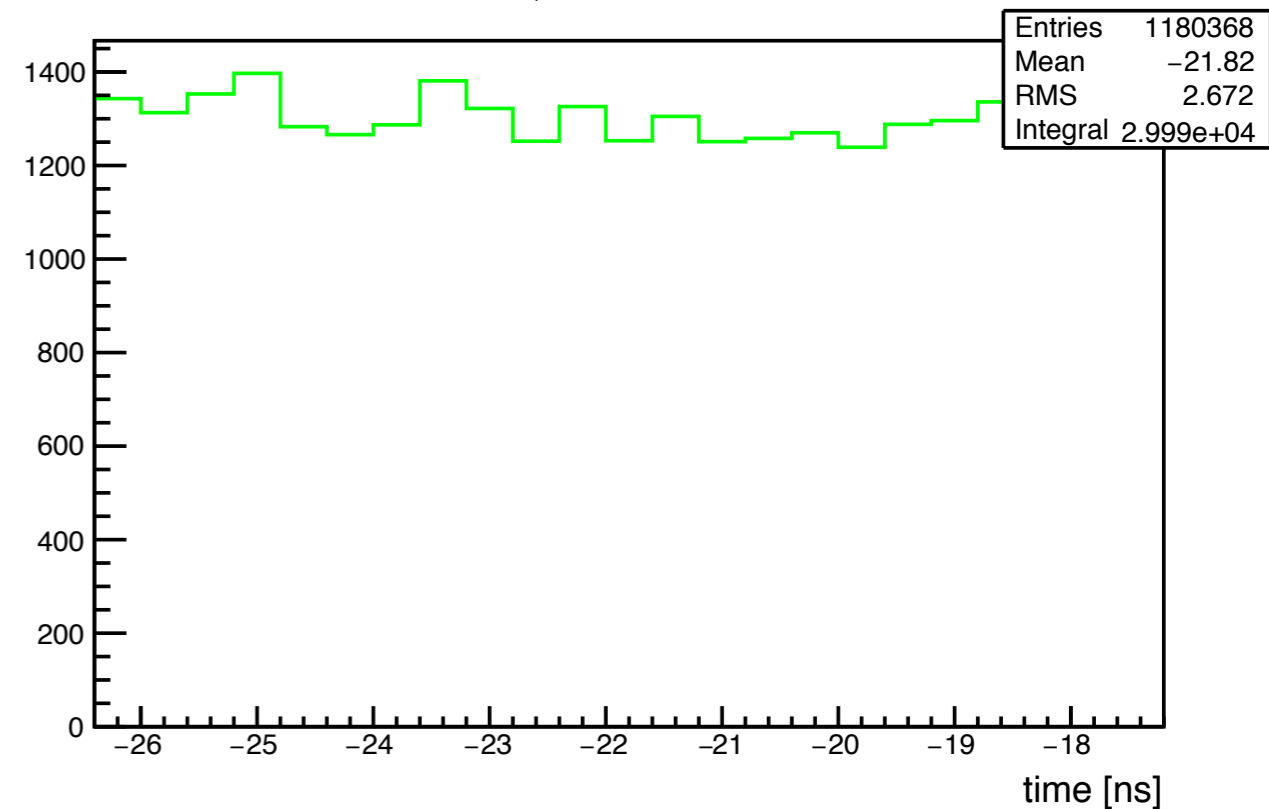
- Run 3179, **amorphous**
- Select **prompt** and **side-band** candidates



TAGH time, prompt candidates

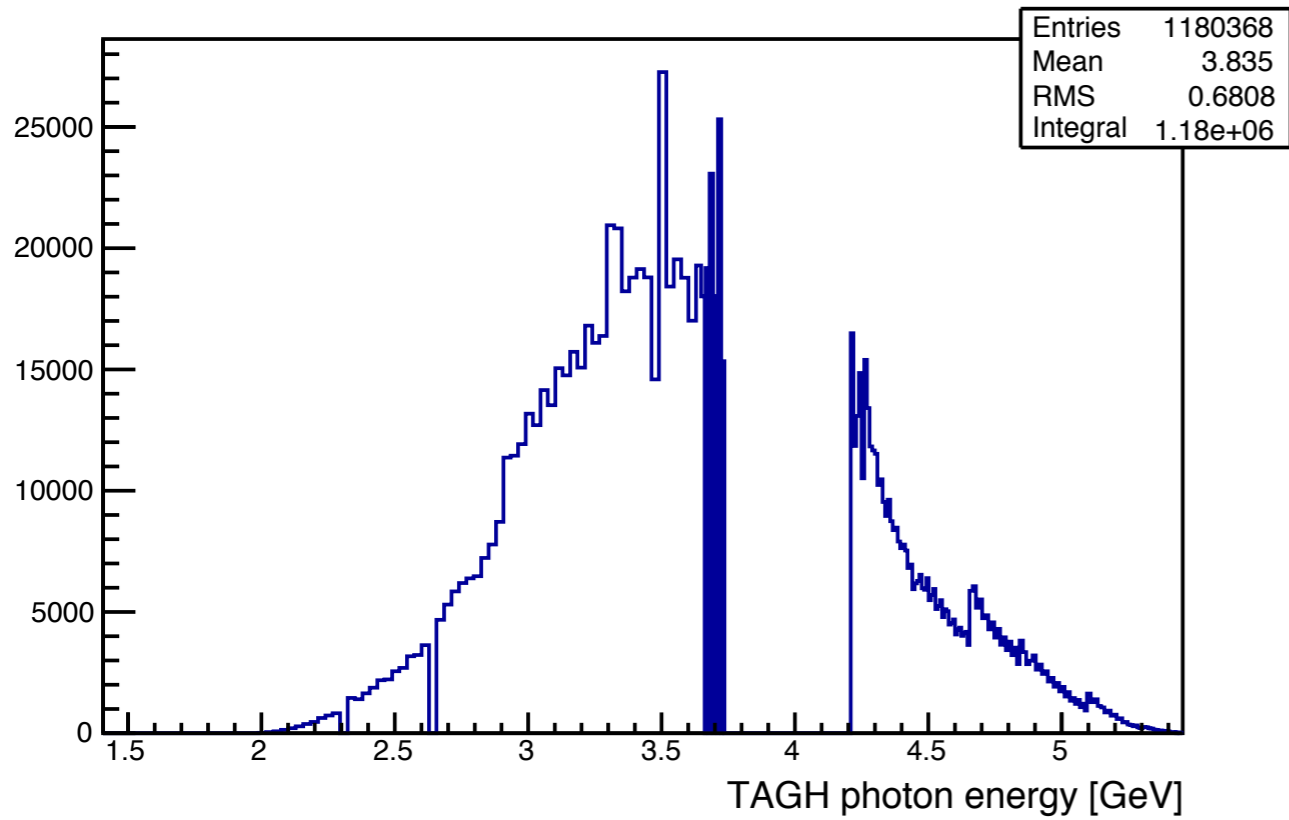


TAGH time, side-band candidates

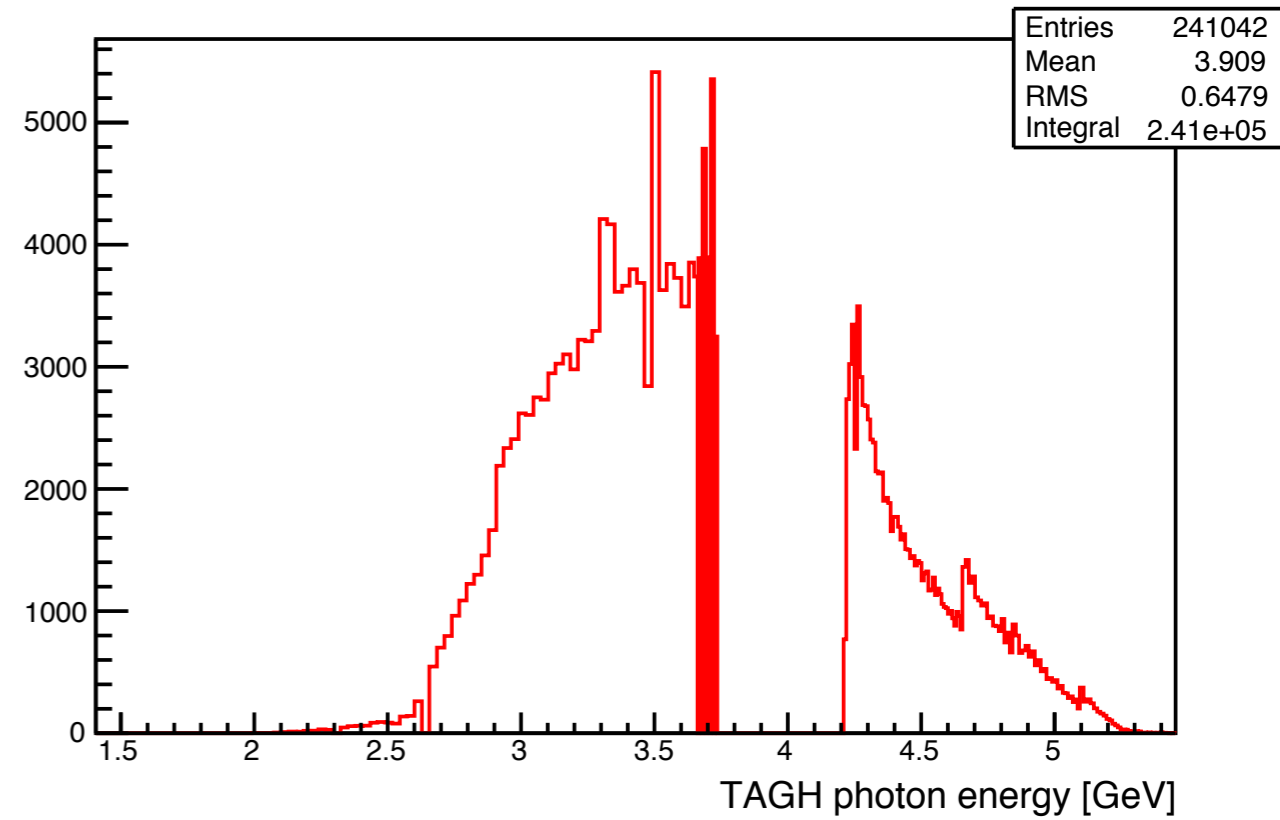


Run 3179

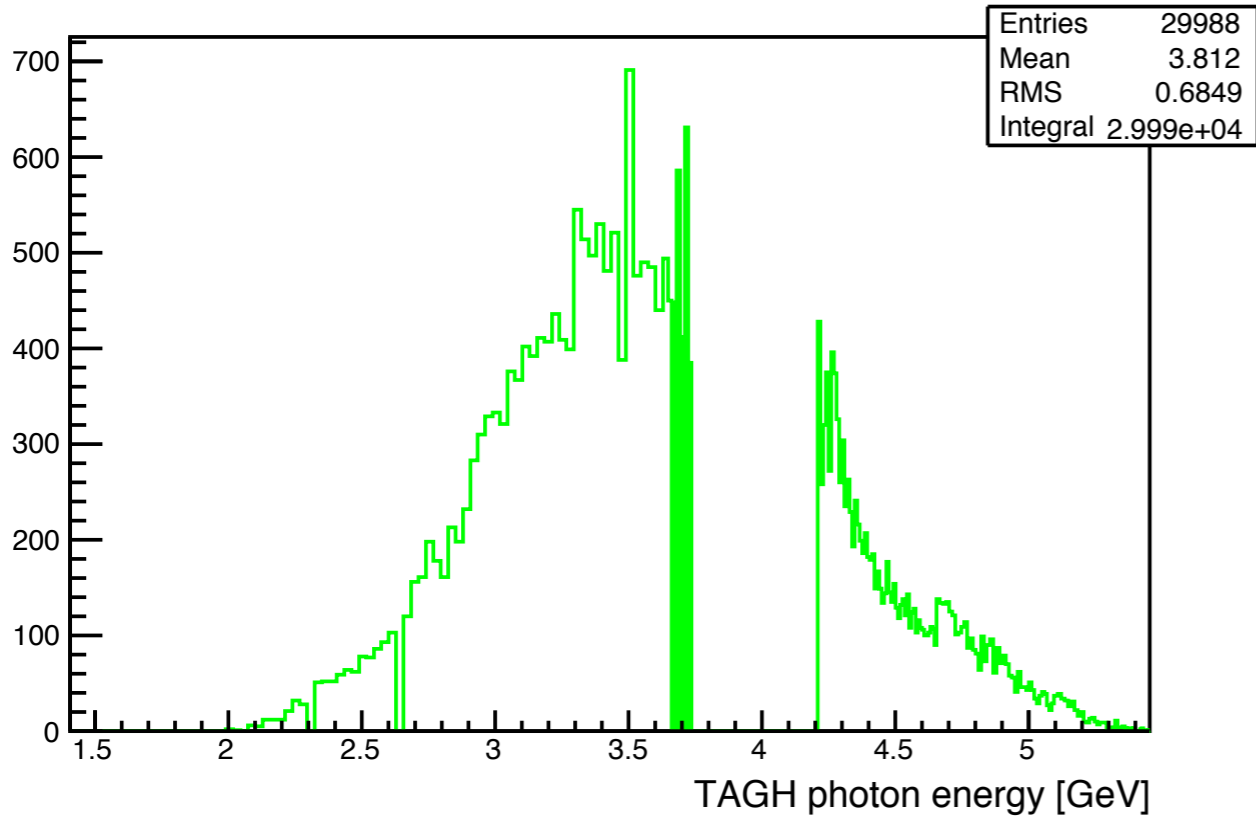
TAGH energy, all candidates



TAGH energy, prompt candidates



TAGH energy, side-band candidates



TAGH energy, remaining candidates

