

GlueX Simulation on the Open Science Grid

lessons learned from the Data Challenge
December, 2012

Richard Jones, University of Connecticut

Purpose

- Test the current simulation and reconstruction tools
 1. bggen – pythia-based background Monte Carlo
 2. hdgeant – geant3-based physics simulation, base detector
 3. mcsmeas – efficiency and resolution models
 4. hd-ana – reconstruction of tracks, neutrals
 5. REST plugin – summary of reconstruction results
- Develop the ability to manage production and data storage at rates approaching GlueX demands
- Produce a large sample of background simulation data

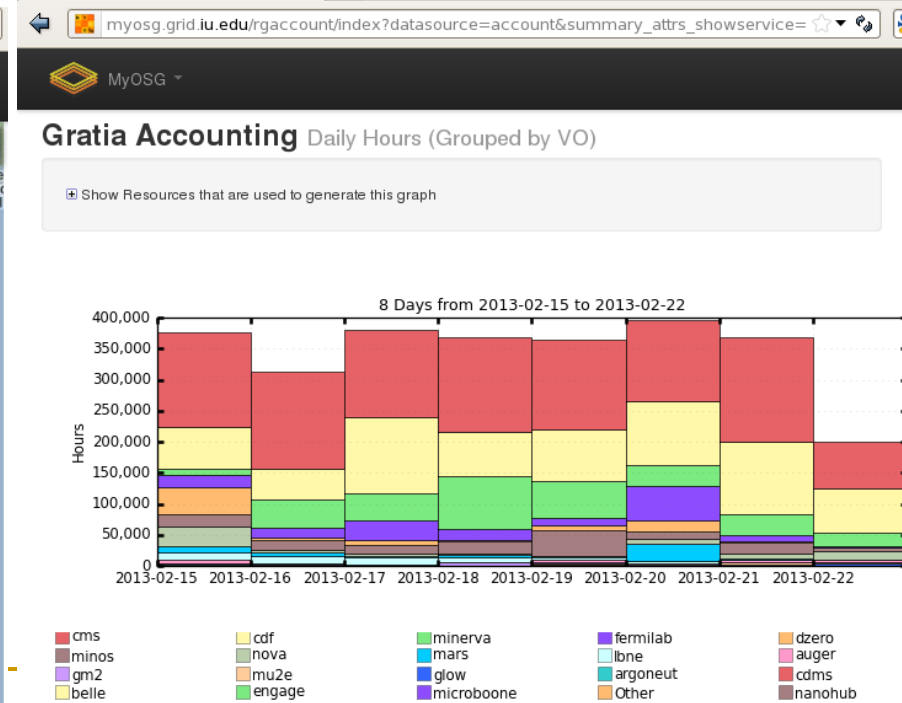
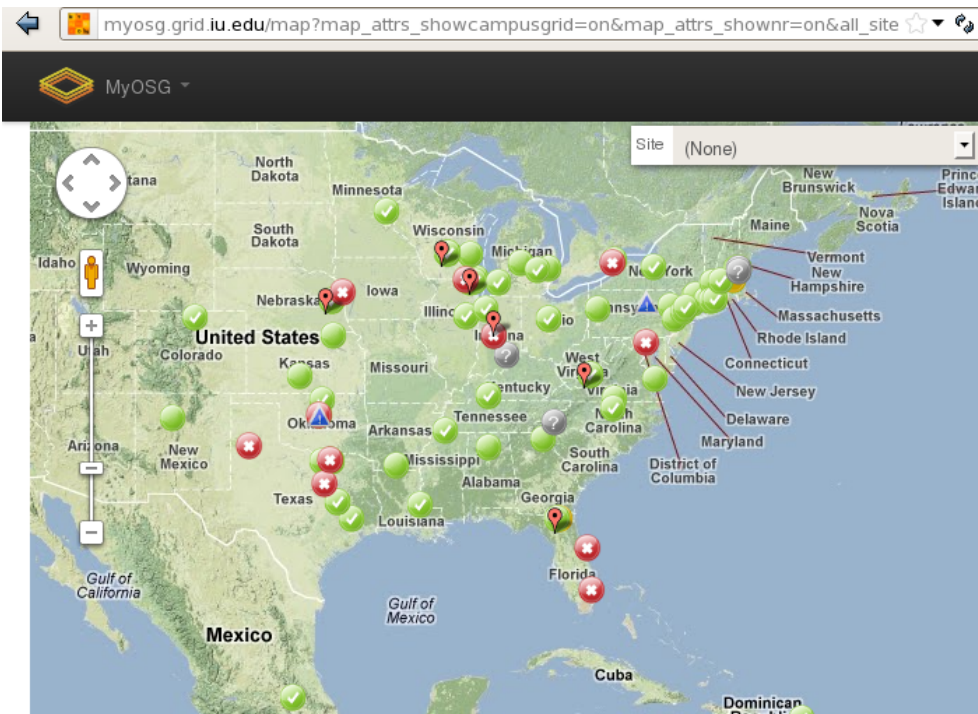
*startup running at 10^7 tags/s, 2000 events/s to tape
goal: 10 billion events, **60 days** at startup intensity*

GlueX Context

- steady-state cpu goal (from SW readiness review June, 2012)
 - 9000 Intel cores (2012) - includes only offline needs
 - not all cores are equal: 1 Intel core == 2.x AMD core
- plan combines lab and member university resources to achieve this goal
- GlueX is pursuing grid technology to enable aggregation of distributed resources for GlueX production
- GlueX exists as a Virtual Organization on the Open Science Grid since 2009 – result of Physics Information Frontier grant PHY9876044.

OSG Context

- Open Science Grid – founded 2004
- primary driver supporting LHC experiments in N/S America
- over 75,000 cores, running a distribution of Linux
- sites at 72 institutions including 42 universities, 90 sites (US, Brazil)
- centrally managed and operated by full-time staff (GOC @ I.U.)



GlueX Data Challenge 1.1

- total of 5,561,650,000 events *successfully* generated
 - 4,240,600,000 on the OSG
 - 959,950,000 at Jefferson Lab
 - 361,100,000 at CMU
- completed over a period of 14 days in Dec., 2012
- output data saved in REST format
 - Reconstructed Event Summary Type (no hits information)
 - approx. 2.2 kB/event, including MC generator event info
 - hadronic interaction in every event (pythia 8.4 – 9.0 GeV)
 - no em beam background or hadronic pile-up included
 - 111236 files stored, 50k events each
 - typical run time 8 hours / job on Intel i7

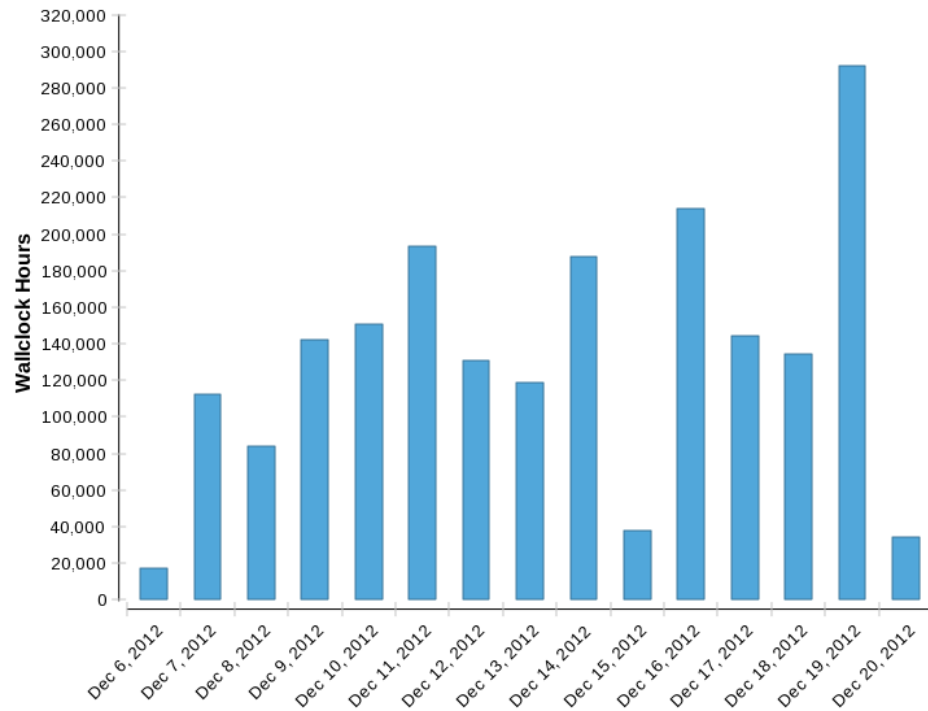
Problems encountered in OSG production

1. GlueX software environment staging
 - 20 packages to install (counting all of sim-recon as 1)
 - production spread over 8 sites (fnal.gov, cornell.edu, purdue.edu, ucllnl.org, ucsd.edu, unesp.br, org.br, uconn.edu)
 2. freeze-ups in hd-ana
 - occurred any time an event took >30s to process
 - dependent on other things happening at the site
 - tended to occur in clusters, many jobs at once
 3. memory hogging in hd-ana (feeds into 2)
 4. segfaults in hdgeant
 - artifact from one node at UConn – bad SDRAM chip
 5. irreproducibility in mcsmear
-

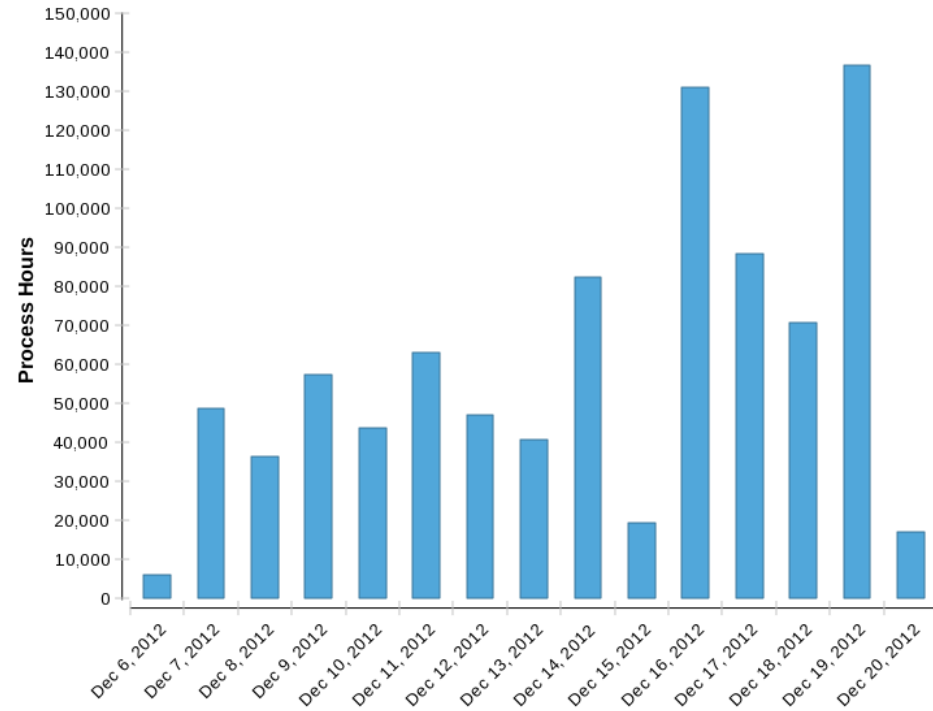
Achievements

- cpu availability was very high (>10,000 cores peak)
- production efficiency was not great (40 – 60%)
- part of inefficiency is due to pre-emption (opportunistic)
- understanding sources of inefficiency is reason why we stopped @5B events

Daily Usage by VO (Wallclock Hours)

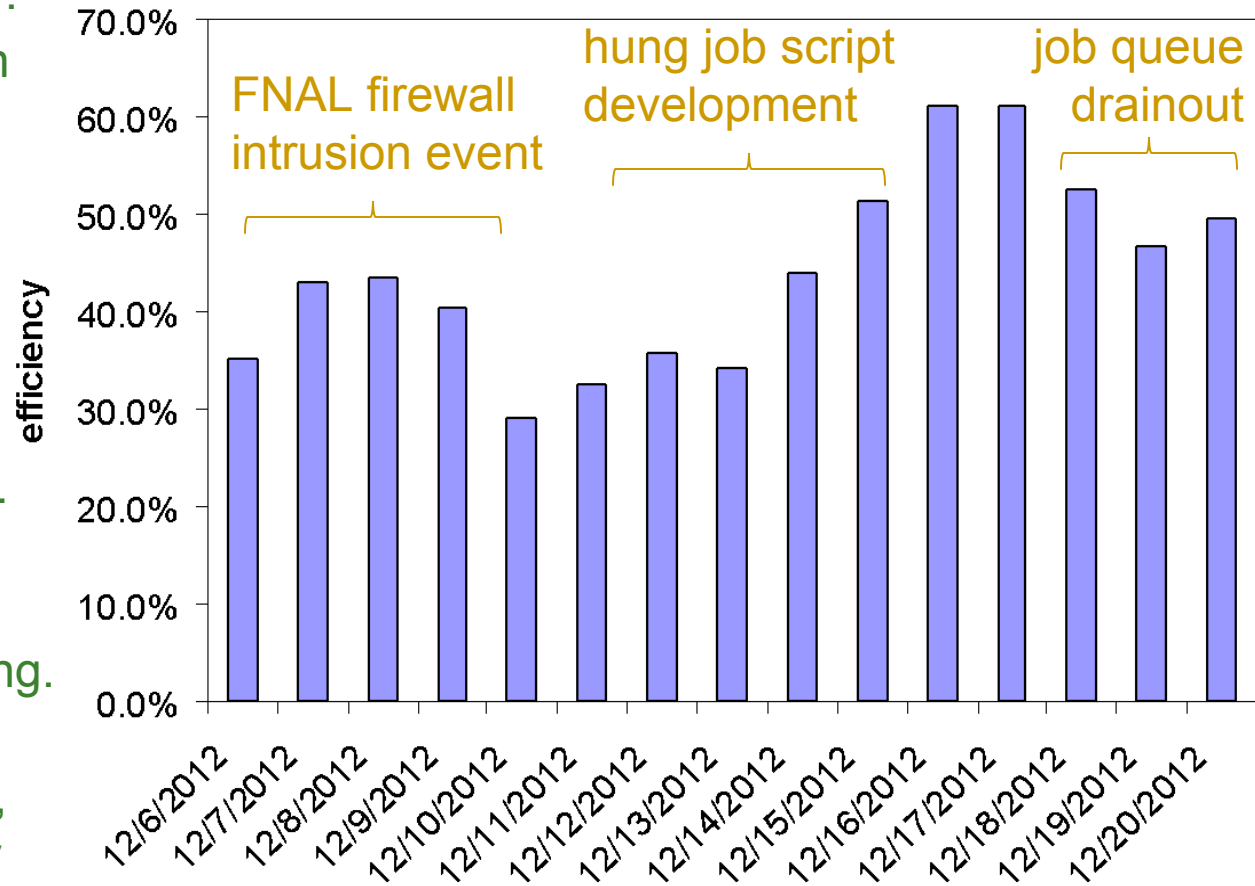


Daily Usage by VO (Process Hours)



Production inefficiency

- 10% jobs would hang in hd_ana, up to 24hr.
- 24hr is 300% inflation of normal job time
- Ejected jobs would get requeued for later execution.
- Some fraction of these would hang 2nd, 3rd time around...
- Ad-hoc scripts were written to prune jobs that were stuck looping.
- Other known factors (store output to SRM, thrashing on memory hogs...) not quantified.



Path for growth

- Congratulations to Gluex from OSG production managers
 - R. Jones asked to present to OSG Council, Sept. 2012
 - Council members inquired about GlueX computing plan
 - Response: total scale (9000 cores x 5 years approved)
 - Q: How much might be carried out on OSG?
 - A: Up to $5000 \times 300 \times 24 \text{ hrs / yr} = 36\text{M hr/yr}$
 - Follow-up: By when? What is your schedule for ramping up resources?
 - Response: by 2117, so far there is no detailed roadmap.
-
- Step 1: move existing resources into the grid framework
 - Step 2: carry out new data challenges to test effectiveness
 - Step 3: devise a plan for growing resources to the required level
-

Access and support for Gluex users

- Support for resource consumers (10 users registered)
 - howto get a grid certificate [Getting a Grid Certificate](#)
 - howto access data from DC
 - howto test your code on osg [HOWTO get your jobs to run on the Grid](#)
 - howto run your skims on osg
- Support for resource providers (UConn, IU, CMU, ...?)
 - NOT a commitment to 100% occupation by OSG jobs
 - OSG site framework assumes that the local admin retains full control over resource utilization (eg. supports priority of local users)
 - UConn site running for 2 years, new site at IU being set up
 - MIT members have shared use of local CMS grid infrastructure
 - Potential interest to configure CMU site as a Gluex grid site

Case for further challenges

- Existing data set is still only 30 days @ low intensity.
- Existing simulation is missing features: em background, noise hits in BCal, hadronic pile-up.
- Most obvious bugs in framework have been identified in dc1.1, should verify solutions and look for new sub-leading effects.
- New simulation based on G4 is expected by Fall, will enable better estimates of material effects, hadronic backgrounds.
- As new sites are added, demonstrating ramp-up of capability to do GlueX simulations on the grid.